

SECTION 33 10 00
WATER UTILITIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies materials and procedures for construction of underground water distribution for domestic and/or fire supply systems outside the building that are complete and ready for operation. This includes piping, structures, appurtenances and all other incidentals.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. Excavation, Trench Widths, Pipe Bedding, Backfill, Shoring, Sheeting, Bracing: Section 31 20 00, EARTH MOVING.
- B. Concrete: Section 03 30 53, (SHORT FORM) CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE.
- C. Submittals: Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
- D. Erosion and Sediment Control: Section 01 57 19, TEMPORARY ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Water distribution system: Pipelines and appurtenances which are part of the distribution system outside the building for potable water and fire supply.
- B. Water service line: Pipeline from main line to 5 feet outside of building.

1.4 ABBREVIATIONS

- A. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- B. DI: Ductile iron pipe.
- C. WOG: Water, Oil and Gas.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Ensure that valves are dry and internally protected against rust and corrosion. Protect valves against damage to threaded ends and flange faces.
- B. Use a sling to handle valves and fire hydrants if size requires handling by crane or lift. Rig valves to avoid damage to exposed parts. Do not use handwheels or stems as lifting or rigging points.

- C. Deliver piping with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe-end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- D. Protect stored piping from moisture and dirt by elevating above grade. Protect flanges, fittings, and specialties from moisture and dirt.
- E. Store plastic piping protected from direct sunlight and support to prevent sagging and bending.
- F. Cleanliness of Piping and Equipment Systems:
 - 1. Care shall be exercised in the storage and handling of equipment and piping material to be incorporated in the work. Debris arising from cutting, threading and welding of piping shall be removed.
 - 2. Piping systems shall be flushed, blown or pigged as necessary to deliver clean systems.

1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate water service lines with building contractor.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Products Criteria:
 - 1. When two or more units of the same type or class of materials or equipment are required, these units shall be products of one manufacturer.
 - 2. A nameplate bearing manufacturer's name or trademark, including model number, shall be securely affixed in a conspicuous place on equipment. In addition, the model number shall be either cast integrally with equipment, stamped, or otherwise permanently marked on each item of equipment.
- B. Materials and equipment shall be the standard products of a manufacturer regularly engaged in the manufacture of the products for at least three years. Digital electronic devices, software and systems such as controls, instruments or computer work stations shall be the current generation of technology and basic design that has a proven satisfactory service record of at least three years.
- C. Provide certification of factory hydrostatic testing of not less than 500 psi (3.5 MPa) in accordance with AWWA C151. Piping materials shall bear the label, stamp or other markings of the specified testing agency.
- D. Where installation procedures or any part thereof are required to be in accordance with the recommendations of the manufacturer of the material being installed, printed copies of these recommendations shall be

furnished to the Contracting Officer's Representative prior to installation.

E. Applicable codes:

1. Plumbing Systems: IPC, International Plumbing Code.
2. Electrical components, devices and accessories shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and marked for intended use.
3. Fire-service main products shall be listed in the FM Global "Approval Guide" or Underwriters Laboratories (UL) "Fire Protection Equipment Directory".

1.8 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referenced in the text by the basic designation only.

B. American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME):

B31.....Code for Pressure Piping Standards

C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

C651-05.....Disinfecting Water Mains

C858-10e1.....Underground Precast Utility Structures

D2239-03.....Polyethylene (PE) Plastic Pipe (SIDR-PR) Based
on Controlled Inside Diameter

F1267-07.....Metal, Expanded, Steel

D. American Water Works Association (AWWA):

C502-05.....Dry-Barrel Fire Hydrants

C503-05.....Wet-Barrel Fire Hydrants

C504-10.....Rubber-Seated Butterfly Valves

C508-09.....Swing-Check Valves for Waterworks Service, 2-
In. Through 24-In. (50-mm Through 600-mm) NPS

C509-09.....Resilient-Seated Gate Valves for Water Supply
Service

C550-05.....Protective Interior Coatings for Valves and
Hydrants
C606-11.....Grooved and Shouldered Joints
C651-05.....Disinfecting Water Mains
C800-05.....Underground Service Line Valves and Fittings
C906-07.....Polyethylene (PE) Pressure Pipe and Fittings, 4
In. (100 mm) Through 64 In. (1,600 mm), for
Water Distribution and Transmission
M44-2nd Ed.....Distribution Valves: Selection, Installation,
Field Testing and Maintenance

E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

NFPA 24-2010 Ed.....Installation of Private Fire Service Mains and
Their Appurtenances
NFPA 1963-2009 Ed.....Fire Hose Connections

F. NSF International (NSF):

NSF/ANSI 14 (2013).....Plastics Piping System Components and Related
Materials
NSF/ANSI 61-2012.....Drinking Water System Components - Health
Effects
NSF/ANSI 372-2011.....Drinking Water System Components - Lead Content

G. Underwriters' Laboratories (UL):

246.....Hydrants for Fire-Protection Service
262.....Gate Valves for Fire-Protection Service
312.....Check Valves for Fire-Protection Service
405.....Fire Department Connection Devices
789.....Indicator Posts for Fire-Protection Service
1091.....Butterfly Valves for Fire-Protection Service

1.9 WARRANTY

A. The Contractor shall remedy any defect due to faulty material or
workmanship and pay for any damage to other work resulting therefrom

within a period of one year from final acceptance. Further, the Contractor will furnish all manufacturers' and supplier's written guarantees and warranties covering materials and equipment furnished under this Contract.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Material or equipment containing a weighted average of greater than 0.25 percent lead shall not be used in any potable water system intended for human consumption, and shall be certified in accordance with NSF/ANSI 61 or NSF 372.
- B. Plastic pipe, fittings, and solvent cement shall meet NSF/ANSI 14 and shall be NSF listed for the service intended.

2.2 FACTORY-ASSEMBLED PRODUCTS

- A. Standardization of components shall be maximized to reduce spare part requirements. The contractor shall guarantee performance of assemblies of components, and shall repair or replace elements of the assemblies as required to deliver specified performance of the complete assembly.

2.3 SAFETY GUARDS

- A. All equipment shall have moving parts protected to prevent personal injury. Pump shafts and couplings shall be fully guarded by a sheet steel guard, covering coupling and shaft but not bearings. Material shall be minimum 16-gauge sheet steel; ends shall be braked and drilled and attached to pump base with minimum of four 1/4 inch (6 mm) bolts. Reinforce guard as necessary to prevent side play forcing guard onto couplings.

2.4 LIFTING ATTACHMENTS

- A. Equipment shall be provided with suitable lifting attachments to enable equipment to be lifted in its normal position. Lifting attachments shall withstand any handling conditions that might be encountered, without bending or distortion of shape, such as rapid lowering and braking of load.

2.5 DUCTILE IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS (NOT USED)

2.6 POLYVINYL CHLORIDE PIPE AND FITTINGS (NOT USED)

2.7 PE PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. PE, ASTM Pipe: ASTM D2239, SDR No. 5.3, 7, or 9; with PE compound number required to give pressure rating not less than 60 psi (1100 kPa).

1. Insert Fittings for PE Pipe: ASTM D2609, made of PA, PP, or PVC with serrated male insert ends matching inside of pipe. Include bands or crimp rings.
 2. Molded PE Fittings: ASTM D3350, PE resin, socket- or butt-fusion type, made to match PE pipe dimensions and class.
- B. PE, AWWA Pipe: AWWA C906, DR No. 7.3, 9, or 9.3; with PE compound number required to give pressure rating not less than 160 psi (1100 kPa).
1. PE, AWWA Fittings: AWWA C906, socket- or butt-fusion type, with DR number matching pipe and PE compound number required to give pressure rating not less than 160 psi (1100 kPa).
- C. PE, Fire-Service Pipe: ASTM F714, AWWA C906, or equivalent for PE water pipe; FMG approved, with minimum thickness equivalent to FMG Class 150 and Class 200.
1. Molded PE Fittings: ASTM D3350, PE resin, socket-or butt-fusion type, made to match PE pipe dimensions and class.

2.8 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS (NOT USED)

2.9 VALVES

- A. Gate Valves: AWWA C509, Non-rising Stem, Resilient Seat, 200 psi (1380 kPa).
1. Valves 3 inches (75 mm) and larger: Resilient seat valve with gray- or ductile iron body and bonnet; cast iron or bronze double-disc gate; bronze gate rings; non-rising bronze stem and stem nut.
 2. Interior and exterior coating: AWWA C550, thermo-setting or fusion epoxy.
 3. Underground valve nut: Furnish valves with 2 inch (50 mm) nut for socket wrench operation.
 4. Aboveground and pit operation: Furnish valves with hand wheels.
 5. End connections shall match main line pipe.
- B. Gate Valve Accessories and Specialties
1. Tapping-Sleeve Assembly: ANSI MSS SP-60; sleeve and valve to be compatible with the drilling matching.
 - a. Tapping Sleeve: Ductile Iron Stainless-Steel, two-piece bolted sleeve. Sleeve to match the size and type of pipe material being tapped.
 - b. Valve shall include one raised face flange mating tapping-sleeve flange.
 2. Valve Boxes: AWWA M44 with top section, adjustable extension of length required for depth of burial of valve, plug with lettering

"WATER," and bottom section with base that fits over valve and with a barrel.

3. Operating Wrenches: Steel, tee-handle with one pointed end, stem of length to operate deepest buried valve, and socket matching valve operating nut. (Provide two wrenches for Project.)
4. Indicator Posts: UL 789, FMG approved, vertical-type, cast iron body with operating wrench, extension rod, and adjustable cast iron barrel of length required for depth of burial of valve.

C. Swing Check Valves:

1. Valves 2 inches (25 mm) or larger: AWWA 508, resilient seat valve with iron body and bonnet, pressure rating of 200 psi (1380 kPa).
2. Coating: AWWA C550, fusion epoxy coated.

D. Butterfly Valves

1. Rubber-Seated Butterfly Valve: AWWA C504.
 - a. Provide rubber seated butterfly valve ductile iron body wafer or flanged minimum pressure of 150 psi (1035 kPa).
2. UL Butterfly Valve: UL 1091 and FMG approved.
 - a. Provide metal on resilient material seating butterfly valves that are UL 1091 and FMG approved, ductile iron body wafer or flanged minimum pressure of 175 psi (1207 kPa).

E. Plug Valves: ANSI MSS SP-108, resilient-seated eccentric plug valve, minimum pressure of 175 psi (1207 kPa).

F. Corporation Valves and Curb Valves

1. Curb Valves: AWWA C800, bronze body, ground-key plug or ball, wide tee head, with inlet and outlet matching service piping material, minimum pressure of 200 psi (1375 kPa).
2. Service Boxes for Curb Valves: AWWA M44, cast iron telescoping top section; plug shall include lettering "WATER"; bottom section with base that fits over curb valve.
3. Shutoff Rods: Steel, tee-handle with one pointed end. Stem length shall extend 2 feet (600 mm) above top of valve box for operation of deepest buried valve, with slotted end matching curb valve.

G. Post-Indicator: NFPA 24 and be fully compatible with the valve and supervisory switches.

2.10 WATER METER BOXES (NOT USED)

~~2.11~~ CONCRETE VAULTS (NOT USED)

2.12 PROTECTIVE ENCLOSURES (NOT USED)

2.13 FLUSHING HYDRANTS (NOT USED)

2.14 FIRE HYDRANTS (NOT USED)

2.15 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS (NOT USED)

2.16 ALARM DEVICES (NOT USED)

2.17 DISINFECTION CHLORINE (NOT USED)

2.18 WARNING TAPE

A. Warning tape shall be standard, 4 mil. Polyethylene, 3 inch (76 mm) wide tape, detectable type, blue with black letters and imprinted with "CAUTION BURIED WATER LINE BELOW".

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING APPLICATIONS

A. Use pipe, fittings, and joining methods for piping systems according to the following applications.

1. Transition couplings and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping pressure rating may be used, unless otherwise indicated.

2. Do not use flanges or unions for underground piping.

B. Underground water-service piping shall be the following:

1. PE, ASTM pipe; molded PE fittings; and heat-fusion joints.

~~C.~~ Underground water-service piping NPS 4 to NPS 8 (DN 100 to DN 200) shall be the following:

1. joints.

2. PE, AWWA pipe; PE, AWWA fittings; and heat-fusion joints.

D. Underground Fire-Service-Main Piping NPS 4 to NPS 12 (DN 100 to DN 300) shall be the following:

1. PE, Class 150, fire-service pipe; molded PE fittings; and heat-fusion joints.

3.2 VALVE APPLICATIONS

A. Use mechanical-joint-end valves for NPS 3 (DN 80) and larger underground installation. Use threaded- or flanged-end valves for installation in vaults. Use UL/FMG, non-rising-stem gate valves for installation with indicator posts. Use corporation valves and curb valves with ends compatible with piping, for NPS 2 (DN 50) and smaller installation.

B. Drawings indicate valve types to be used. Where specific valve types are not indicated, the following requirements apply:

1. Underground Valves, NPS 3 (DN 80) and Larger: AWWA, cast iron, non-rising-stem, metal seated gate valves with valve box.
2. Underground Valves, NPS 4 (DN 100) and Larger, for Indicator Posts: UL/FMG, cast iron, non-rising-stem gate valves with indicator post.

3.3 DUCTILE IRON PIPE (NOT USED)

3.4 PVC PIPE (NOT USED)

3.5 COPPER PIPE (NOT USED)

3.6 ANCHORAGE INSTALLATION

- A. Install water-distribution piping with restrained joints. Anchorages and restrained-joint types that may be used include: concrete thrust blocks, locking mechanical joints, set-screw mechanical retainer glands, bolted flanged joints, ~~heat~~-fused joints, pipe clamps and tie rods.
- B. Install anchorages for tees, plugs and caps, bends, crosses, valves, and hydrant branches. Include anchorages for the following piping systems:
1. Gasketed-Joint, Ductile Iron, Water-Service Piping: According to AWWA C600.
 2. Gasketed-Joint, PVC Water-Service Piping: According to AWWA M23.
 3. Fire-Service-Main Piping: According to NFPA 24.
- C. Apply full coat of asphalt or other acceptable corrosion-resistant material to surfaces of installed ferrous anchorage devices.

3.7 VALVE INSTALLATION

- A. AWWA Valves: Install each underground valve with stem pointing up and with valve box.
- B. UL/FMG, Valves: Install each underground valve and valves in vaults with stem pointing up and with vertical cast iron indicator post.
- C. MSS Valves: Install as component of connected piping system.
- D. Corporation Valves and Curb Valves: Install each underground curb valve with head pointed up and with service box.
- E. Raise or lower existing valve and curb stop boxes and fire hydrants to finish grade in areas being graded.

3.8 DETECTOR-CHECK VALVE INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.9 WATER METER INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.10 ROUGHING-IN FOR WATER METERS (NOT USED)

3.11 WATER METER BOX INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.12 VACUUM BREAKER ASSEMBLY INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.13 BACKFLOW PREVENTER INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.14 CONCRETE VAULT INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.15 PROTECTIVE ENCLOSURE INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.16 FLUSHING HYDRANT INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.17 FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION INSTALLATION (NOT USED)

3.18 FIRE HYDRANT INSTALLATION

- A. Install each fire hydrant with separate gate valve in supply pipe, anchor with restrained joints or thrust blocks, and support in upright position.
- B. Install Wet-Barrel Fire Hydrants with valve below frost line. Provide for drainage.

3.19 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties. Install water service lines to a point of connection within approximately 5 feet (1500 mm) outside of building(s) to which service is to be connected and make connections thereto. If building services have not been installed provide temporary caps and mark for future connection.

3.20 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Conduct piping tests before joints are covered and after concrete thrust blocks have hardened sufficiently. Fill pipeline 24 hours before testing and apply test pressure to stabilize system. Use only potable water.
- B. Prior to final acceptance, provide a video record of all piping from the building to the municipal connection to show the lines are free from obstructions, properly sloped and joined.
- C. Perform hydrostatic tests at not less than one-and-one-half times working pressure for two hours.
 - 1. Increase pressure in 50-psi (350-kPa) increments and inspect each joint between increments. Hold at test pressure for 1 hour; decrease to 0 psi (0 kPa). Slowly increase again to test pressure and hold for 1 more hour. Maximum allowable leakage is 2 quarts (1.89 L) per hour

per 100 joints. Remake leaking joints with new materials and repeat test until leakage is within allowed limits.

D. Prepare reports of testing activities.

3.21 IDENTIFICATION

A. Install continuous underground warning tape 12 inches (300 mm) directly over piping.

3.22 CLEANING

A. Purge new water-distribution piping systems and parts of existing systems that have been altered, extended, or repaired before use.

B. Use purging and disinfecting procedure prescribed by local utility provider or other authorities having jurisdiction or, if method is not prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction, use procedure described in AWWA C651 or do as follows:

1. Fill the water system with a water/chlorine solution containing at least 50 ppm of chlorine; isolate and allow to stand for 24 hours.
2. Drain the system of the previous solution and refill with water/chlorine solution containing at least 200 ppm of chlorine; isolate and allow system to stand for 3 hours.
3. After standing time, flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine remains in water coming from system.
4. Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction. Repeat procedure if biological examination shows evidence of contamination.

C. Prepare reports of purging and disinfecting activities.

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