TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS Volume 1 of 1

Department of Veterans Affairs Louis Stokes Cleveland VA Medical Center WADE PARK

10701 East Boulevard Cleveland, OH 44106

REPLACE MAIN STREET FLOOR TILE Project No. 541-17-210

PREPARED BY:

Perspectus Architecture

13212 Shaker Square, Suite 204 Cleveland, Ohio 44120 P (216) 752-1800 F (216) 752-3833 Project Director: Tim Huffman



William C. Ayars, License #7259 Expiration Date 12/31/2015

FINAL CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS SUBMISSION

ISSUE DATE: August 14, 2015

DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS SPECIFICATIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTSSection 00 01 10

| | | PAGES |
|-------------|---|-------|
| | DIVISION 0 - SPECIAL SECTIONS | |
| 00 01 10 | Table of Contents | 1-3 |
| 00 01 15 | Drawing Index | 1 |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 1 - GENERAL REQUIREMENTS | |
| 01 00 00 | General Requirements (TOC: 1) | 1-21 |
| | OSHA Requirements and Safety And Health Regulations | 1-7 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Attachment 2 | 1-4 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Attachment 3 | 1 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Attachment 4 | 1-2 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Attachment 5 | 1 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Attachment 6 | 1-2 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities Enclosure 1 - Infection Control During Construction | 1-7 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Enclosure 1 - Infection Control During Construction - Attachment 1 | 1-6 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Enclosure 1 - Infection Control During Construction - Attachment 2 | 1-2 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Enclosure 1 - Infection Control During Construction - Attachment 3 | 1-2 |
| | Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Enclosure 1 - Infection Control During Construction - Attachment 4 | 1-2 |
| 01 23 00 | Alternates | 1 |
| 01 32 16.15 | Project Schedule | |
| 01 33 23 | Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples | |
| 01 35 26 | Safety Requirements | 1-27 |
| | Site Specific Accident Prevention Plan - Sample | 1-33 |
| 01 42 19 | Reference Standards | 1-7 |
| 01 74 19 | Construction Waste Management | 1-7 |
| | DIVISION 2 - EXISTING CONDITIONS | |
| 02 41 00 | Demolition | 1-3 |

| | DIVISION 3 - CONCRETE | |
|----------|--|-----|
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 4 - MASONRY | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 5 - METALS | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 6 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPOSITES | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 7 - THERMAL AND MOISTURE PROTECTION | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 8 - OPENINGS | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 9 - FINISHES | |
| 09 66 13 | Terrazzo Flooring | 1-8 |
| 09 68 00 | Carpeting | 1-5 |
| 09 75 20 | Quartz Surfaces | 1-5 |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 10 - SPECIALTIES | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 11 - EQUIPMENT | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 12 - FURNISHINGS | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 13 - SPECIAL CONSTRUCTION | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 14- CONVEYING EQUIPEMENT | |
| | Not used | |
| | | |
| | DIVISION 21- FIRE SUPPRESSION | |
| | Not used | |
| l | | |

| DIVISION 22 - PLUMBING | |
|--|--|
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 23 - HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR CONDITIONING | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 26 - ELECTRICAL | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 27 - COMMUNICATIONS | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 28 - ELECTRONIC SAFETY AND SECURITY | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 31 - EARTHWORK | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 32 - EXTERIOR IMPROVEMENTS | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 33 - UTILITIES | |
| Not used | |
| | |
| DIVISION 34 - TRANSPORTATION | |
| Not used | |

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 00 01 15 DRAWING INDEX

The drawings listed below accompanying this specification form a part of the contract.

| DRAWING NO. | TITLE |
|-------------|---|
| | GENERAL |
| 1-X1 | COVER SHEET |
| 1-X2 | KEY PLANS |
| | |
| | ARCHITECTURAL |
| 1-00.1 | SYMBOLS, ABBREVIATIONS, & MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS |
| 1-01.1 | PARTIAL BASEMENT FLOOR INTERIM LIFE SAFETY PLANS - |
| | PHASES 2 & 5 |
| 1-01.2 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR INTERIM LIFE SAFETY PLAN - PHASE 1 |
| 1-01.3 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR INTERIM LIFE SAFETY PLAN – PHASE 3 |
| 1-01.4 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR INTERIM LIFE SAFETY PLAN - PHASE 4 |
| 1-01.5 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR INTERIM LIFE SAFETY PLAN – PHASE 6 |
| 1-02.1 | PHASING PLAN - BASEMENT - PHASES 2 & 5 |
| 1-02.2 | PHASING PLAN - FIRST FLOOR - PHASES 1 & 3 |
| 1-02.3 | PHASING PLAN - FIRST FLOOR - PHASE 4 |
| 1-02.4 | PHASING PLAN - FIRST FLOOR - PHASE 6 |
| 1-03.1 | PARTIAL BASMENT FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLANS - PHASES 2 & 5 |
| 1-03.2 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLANS - PHASES 1 & 3 |
| 1-03.3 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLAN - PHASE 4 |
| 1-03.4 | PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR - DEMOLITION PLAN - PHASE 6 |
| | |
| | INTERIOR FINISHES |
| 1-IF-1.1 | FINISH MATERIAL LEGEND & PARTIAL BASEMENT FLOOR FINISH |

PLAN

1-IF-1.2 PARTIAL FIRST FLOOR FINISH PLANS

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1.1 SAFE | TTY REQUIREMENTS | 2 |
|----------|---|------|
| 1.2 GENH | CRAL INTENTION | 2 |
| 1.3 STA: | CEMENT OF BID ITEMS | 3 |
| 1.4 SPE0 | CIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONTRACTOR | 3 |
| 1.5 CONS | STRUCTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS | 4 |
| 1.6 OPE | RATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS | 6 |
| 1.7 ALTH | ERATIONS | . 10 |
| 1.8 DISH | POSAL AND RETENTION | . 11 |
| 1.9 REST | CORATION | . 13 |
| 1.10 LAY | OUT OF WORK | . 14 |
| 1.11 AS- | -BUILT DRAWINGS | . 14 |
| 1.12 USH | C OF ROADWAYS | . 15 |
| | PORARY USE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT | |
| | PORARY USE OF EXISTING ELEVATORS | |
| 1.15 TEN | PORARY TOILETS | . 17 |
| 1.16 AVA | AILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES | . 17 |
| 1.17 NEW | V TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT | . 18 |
| 1.18 TES | STS | . 18 |
| 1.19 INS | STRUCTIONS | . 19 |
| 1.20 GOV | VERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY | . 21 |
| 1.21 REI | LOCATED EQUIPMENT AND ITEMS | . 22 |

ATTACHMENTS

| OSHA Red | quir | rements | and Safety and Health Regulations | |
|----------|------|---------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - Att | achment 2 |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - Att | achment 3 |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - Att | achment 4 |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - Att | achment 5 |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - Att | achment 6 |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities Enclo | osure 1 - Infection |
| Conti | rol | During | Construction | |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - End | closure 1 - Infection |
| Conti | rol | During | Construction - Attachment 1 | |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - End | closure 1 - Infection |
| Conti | rol | During | Construction – Attachment 2 | |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - End | closure 1 - Infection |
| Conti | rol | During | Construction – Attachment 3 | |
| Safety a | and | Health | During Construction Activities - End | closure 1 - Infection |
| Conti | rol | During | Construction - Attachment 4 | |

SECTION 01 00 00 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

1.1 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

Refer to section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS for safety and infection control requirements.

1.2 GENERAL INTENTION

- A. Project Description: This is a multi-phased project that replaces approximately 7,000 SF of existing floor tile with new terrazzo flooring.
 - Contractor shall completely prepare site for building operations, including demolition and removal of existing flooring, and furnish labor and materials and perform work for the <u>Replace Main Street</u> <u>Floor Tile</u> project as required by drawings and specifications.
- B. Visits to the site by Bidders will be in accordance with FAR clause "52.236-27 Site Visits."
- C. Offices of Perspectus Architecture and Fredrick, Fredrick and Heller Engineers, as Architect-Engineers, will render certain technical services during construction. Such services shall be considered as advisory to the Government and shall not be construed as expressing or implying a contractual act of the Government without affirmations by Contracting Officer or his duly authorized representative.
- D. Before placement and installation of work subject to tests by testing laboratory retained and paid for by the Contractor, the Contractor shall notify the COR in sufficient time to enable testing laboratory personnel to be present at the site in time for proper taking and testing of specimens and field inspection. Such prior notice shall be not less than three work days unless otherwise designated by the COR.
- E. All employees of general contractor and subcontractors shall comply with VA security management program and obtain permission of the VA police, be identified by project and employer, and restricted from unauthorized access.
 - Contractor shall designate a full time superintendent dedicated solely to this project and who will be on site for the duration of the project.
- F. Prior to commencing work, general contractor shall provide proof that a OSHA certified "competent person" (CP) (29 CFR 1926.20(b)(2) will

maintain a presence at the work site whenever the general or subcontractors are present.

- General Contractor shall designate a full time superintendent dedicated solely to the project and who will be on site for the duration of the project.
- G. Training:
 - All employees of general contractor or subcontractors shall have the following required hours of OSHA certified Construction Safety course and /or other relevant competency training, as determined by VA CP with input from the ICRA team.
 - a. Superintendent: 30 hours
 - b. All other Workers: 10 hours
 - Submit training records of all such employees for approval before the start of work.

1.3 STATEMENT OF BID ITEMS

- A. <u>BID ITEM I (Base Bid)</u> Replace Main Street Floor Tile: Contractor to provide all labor, equipment and materials necessary to complete the work as described on the documents. Work includes, but is not limited to demolition of existing floor tile, and preparing substrate for and installing new terrazzo flooring. Traffic patterns as indicated on the Drawings shall be maintained during each phase. All work is to be completed within 185 calendar days from the receipt of the Notice to Proceed.
 - Pre-Construction Phase Submit for review in accordance with project specifications, the Accident Prevention Plan, the Activity Hazard Analyses, shop drawings, product data, samples and any other submittals as may be required to complete the work. The preconstruction phase shall have a duration of 60 calendar days.
 - Construction Phase Provide on site construction activities to complete all work. The construction phase shall have a duration of 125 calendar days.
- B. <u>BID ITEM II (Base Bid Deduct Alternate 1)</u> Bid shall include all work described in Bid Item I, except for the following scope modifications:
 - Delete all work associated with the removal of the existing floor tile and the installation of the replacement terrazzo flooring in the Basement.

FINAL CD SUBMISSION

August 14, 2015

 The construction phase shall have a duration of 110 calendar days (for a total project duration of 170 days from the receipt of the Notice to Proceed).

1.4 SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONTRACTOR

A. AFTER AWARD OF CONTRACT, zero (0) sets of specifications and drawings will be furnished.

1.5 CONSTRUCTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS

- A. Security Plan:
 - The security plan defines both physical and administrative security procedures that will remain effective for the entire duration of the project.
 - The General Contractor is responsible for assuring that all subcontractors working on the project and their employees also comply with these regulations.
- B. Security Procedures:
 - General Contractor's employees shall not enter the project site without appropriate badge. They may also be subject to inspection of their personal effects when entering or leaving the project site.
 - 2. For working outside the "regular hours" as defined in the contract, the General Contractor shall give 3 days' notice to the Contracting Officer so that security arrangements can be provided for the employees. This notice is separate from any notices required for utility shutdown described later in this section.
 - 3. No photography of VA premises is allowed without written permission of the Contracting Officer.
 - 4. VA reserves the right to close down or shut down the project site and order General Contractor's employees off the premises in the event of a national emergency. The General Contractor may return to the site only with the written approval of the Contracting Officer.
- C. Key Control:
 - The General Contractor shall provide duplicate keys and lock combinations to the COR for the purpose of security inspections of every area of project including tool boxes and parked machines and take any emergency action.
 - 2. The General Contractor shall turn over all permanent lock cylinders to the VA locksmith for permanent installation.
 - 3. All construction doors/access doors must use VA key system and remain locked at all times from the corridor/exterior side.

- D. Document Control:
 - Before starting any work, the General Contractor/Sub Contractors shall submit an electronic security memorandum describing the approach to following goals and maintaining confidentiality of "sensitive information".
 - The General Contractor is responsible for safekeeping of all drawings, project manual and other project information. This information shall be shared only with those with a specific need to accomplish the project.
 - 3. Certain documents, sketches, videos or photographs and drawings may be marked "Law Enforcement Sensitive" or "Sensitive Unclassified". Secure such information in separate containers and limit the access to only those who will need it for the project. Return the information to the Contracting Officer upon request.
 - These security documents shall not be removed or transmitted from the project site without the written approval of Contracting Officer.
 - 5. All paper waste or electronic media such as CD's and diskettes shall be shredded and destroyed in a manner acceptable to the VA.
 - 6. Notify Contracting Officer and Site Security Officer immediately when there is a loss or compromise of "sensitive information".
 - All electronic information shall be stored in specified location following VA standards and procedures using an Engineering Document Management Software (EDMS).
 - a. Security, access and maintenance of all project drawings, both scanned and electronic shall be performed and tracked through the EDMS system.
 - b. "Sensitive information" including drawings and other documents may be attached to e-mail provided all VA encryption procedures are followed.
- E. Motor Vehicle Restrictions
 - Vehicle authorization request shall be required for any vehicle entering the site and such request shall be submitted 24 hours before the date and time of access. Access shall be restricted to picking up and dropping off materials and supplies.
 - No parking is available at Medical Center for contractors and Contractor commuter vehicles shall be parked off-site.

1.6 OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS

- A. The Contractor shall confine all operations (including storage of materials) on Government premises to areas authorized or approved by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall hold and save the Government, its officers and agents, free and harmless from liability of any nature occasioned by the Contractor's performance.
- B. Temporary buildings (e.g., storage sheds, shops, offices) and utilities may be erected by the Contractor only with the approval of the Contracting Officer and shall be built with labor and materials furnished by the Contractor without expense to the Government. The temporary buildings and utilities shall remain the property of the Contractor and shall be removed by the Contractor at its expense upon completion of the work. With the written consent of the Contracting Officer, the buildings and utilities may be abandoned and need not be removed.
- C. The Contractor shall, under regulations prescribed by the Contracting Officer, use only established roadways, or use temporary roadways constructed by the Contractor when and as authorized by the Contracting Officer. When materials are transported in prosecuting the work, vehicles shall not be loaded beyond the loading capacity recommended by the manufacturer of the vehicle or prescribed by any Federal, State, or local law or regulation. When it is necessary to cross curbs or sidewalks, the Contractor shall protect them from damage. The Contractor shall repair or pay for the repair of any damaged curbs, sidewalks, or roads.
- D. Working space and space available for storing materials shall be as determined by the COR.
- E. Workmen are subject to rules of Medical Center applicable to their conduct.
- F. Execute work so as to interfere as little as possible with normal functioning of Medical Center as a whole, including operations of utility services, fire protection systems and any existing equipment, and with work being done by others. Use of equipment and tools that transmit vibrations and noises through the building structure, are not permitted in buildings that are occupied, during construction, jointly by patients or medical personnel, and Contractor's personnel, except as permitted by COR where required by limited working space.
 1. Do not store materials and equipment in other than assigned areas.

- Schedule delivery of materials and equipment to immediate construction working areas within buildings in use by Department of Veterans Affairs in quantities sufficient that do not impede with Medical Center activities. Provide unobstructed access to Medical Center areas required to remain in operation.
- 3. Where access by Medical Center personnel to vacated portions of buildings is not required, storage of Contractor's materials and equipment will be permitted subject to fire and safety requirements and review and approval by COR.
- 4. All noise generating operations which are disruptive to Hospital operations as determined by the COR, including but not limited to cutting of ceilings, walls and floor coring, drilling etc., shall be scheduled during weekends or between 6:00 PM and 7:00 AM on weekdays, unless otherwise determined by COR. Include all premium time charges in Bid.
- G. Phasing:
 - 1. The work for this project is intended to be accomplished in multiple phases as described by the Drawings. If the Contractor elects to create additional phases, Contractor shall furnish the COR with a schedule of approximate phasing dates on which the Contractor intends to accomplish work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. In addition, Contractor shall notify the COR two weeks in advance for final approval of the proposed date of starting work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. Arrange such dates to ensure accomplishment of this work in successive phases mutually agreeable to COR and Contractor. Final inspection of each phase before moving to the next phase will be required through the Contracting Officer and COR.
 - 2. The Medical Center must maintain its operation 24 hours a day 7 days a week. Therefore, any interruption in service must be scheduled and coordinated with the COR to ensure that no lapses in operation occur. It is the CONTRACTOR'S responsibility to develop a work plan and schedule detailing, at a minimum, the procedures to be employed, the equipment and materials to be used, the interim life safety measure to be used during the work, and a schedule defining the duration of the work with milestone subtasks.
 - 3. To insure proper execution of each phase, Contractor shall furnish the COR with a schedule of approximate phasing dates on which the

Contractor intends to accomplish work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. In addition, Contractor shall notify the COR two weeks in advance of the proposed date of starting work in each specific area of site, building or portion thereof. Arrange such phasing dates to insure accomplishment of this work in successive phases mutually agreeable to COR and Contractor.

- H. When a section of the building is turned over to Contractor, Contractor shall accept entire responsibility therefore.
 - Contractor shall maintain a minimum temperature of 4 degrees C (40 degrees F) at all times, except as otherwise specified.
 - 2. Contractor shall maintain in operating condition existing fire protection and alarm equipment. In connection with fire alarm equipment, Contractor shall make arrangements for pre-inspection of site with Fire Department or Company (Department of Veterans Affairs or municipal) whichever will be required to respond to an alarm from Contractor's employee or watchman.
 - 3. Contractor shall take all measures and provide all material necessary for protecting existing equipment and property in affected areas of construction against dust and debris, so that equipment and affected areas to be used in the Medical Centers operations will not be hindered. Contractor shall permit access to Department of Veterans Affairs personnel and patients through other construction areas which serve as routes of access to such affected areas and equipment. These routes whether access or egress shall be isolated from the construction area by temporary partitions and have walking surfaces, lighting etc to facilitate patient and staff access. Coordinate alteration work in areas occupied by Department of Veterans Affairs so that Medical Center operations will continue during the construction period.
- I. Utilities Services: Maintain existing utility services for Medical Center at all times. Provide temporary facilities, labor, materials, equipment, connections, and utilities to assure uninterrupted services. Where necessary to cut existing water, steam, gases, sewer or air pipes, or conduits, wires, cables, etc. of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone), they shall be cut and capped at suitable places where shown; or, in absence of such indication, where directed by COR.

- 1. No utility service such as water, gas, medical gases, steam, sewers or electricity, or fire protection systems and communications systems may be interrupted without prior approval of COR. Electrical work shall be accomplished with all affected circuits or equipment de-energized. When an electrical outage cannot be accomplished, work on any energized circuits or equipment shall not commence without the Medical Center Director's prior knowledge and written approval.
- 2. Contractor shall submit a request to interrupt any such services to COR, in writing, three (3) work/business days in advance of a minor shut down and two (2) weeks in advance of a major interruption. Request shall state reason, date, exact time of, and approximate duration of such interruption.
- 3. Contractor will be advised (in writing) of approval of request, or of which other date and/or time such interruption will cause least inconvenience to operations of Medical Center. Interruption time approved by Medical Center may occur at other than Contractor's normal working hours.
- 4. Major interruptions of any system, including crane and dock usage, must be requested, in writing, at least 14 calendar days prior to the desired time and shall be performed as directed by the COR.
- 5. In case of a contract construction emergency, service will be interrupted on approval of COR. Such approval will be confirmed in writing as soon as practical.
- 6. All utility service shutdowns such as water, gas, medical gasses, steam, sewers, electricity, or fire protection shall occur during off-hours or weekends at no additional cost to the Government.
- J. Abandoned Lines: All service lines such as wires, cables, conduits, ducts, pipes and the like, and their hangers or supports, which are to be abandoned but are not required to be entirely removed, shall be sealed, capped or plugged 6" beyond the project boundary line. The lines shall not be capped in finished areas, but shall be removed and sealed, capped or plugged in ceilings, within furred spaces, in unfinished areas, or within walls or partitions; so that they are completely behind the finished surfaces.
- K. To minimize interference of construction activities with flow of Medical Center traffic, comply with the following:

- Keep roads, walks and entrances to grounds, to parking and to occupied areas of buildings clear of construction materials, debris and standing construction equipment and vehicles.
- 2. Method and scheduling of required cutting, altering and removal of existing roads, walks and entrances must be approved by the COR.
- L. Coordinate the work for this contract with other construction operations as directed by COR. This includes the scheduling of traffic and the use of roadways, as specified in Article, USE OF ROADWAYS.

1.7 ALTERATIONS

- A. Survey: Before any work is started, the Contractor shall make a thorough survey with the COR of areas of buildings in which alterations occur and areas which are anticipated routes of access, and furnish a report, signed by both, to the Contracting Officer. This report shall list by rooms and spaces:
 - Existing condition and types of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls and other surfaces not required to be altered throughout affected areas of building.
 - Existence and conditions of items such as plumbing fixtures and accessories, electrical fixtures, equipment, venetian blinds, shades, etc., required by drawings to be either reused or relocated, or both.
 - 3. Any discrepancies between drawings and existing conditions at site.
 - Designated areas for working space, materials storage and routes of access to areas within buildings where alterations occur and which have been agreed upon by Contractor and COR.
- B. Any items required by drawings to be either reused or relocated or both, found during this survey to be nonexistent, or in opinion of COR, to be in such condition that their use is impossible or impractical, shall be furnished and/or replaced by Contractor with new items in accordance with specifications which will be furnished by Government. Provided the contract work is changed by reason of this subparagraph B, the contract will be modified accordingly, under provisions of clause entitled "DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS" (FAR 52.236-2) and "CHANGES" (FAR 52.243-4 and VAAR 852.236-88).
- C. Re-Survey: Thirty days before expected partial or final inspection date, the Contractor and COR together shall make a thorough re-survey of the areas of buildings involved. They shall furnish a report on conditions then existing, of resilient flooring, doors, windows, walls

and other surfaces as compared with conditions of same as noted in first condition survey report:

- Re-survey report shall also list any damage caused by Contractor to such flooring and other surfaces, despite protection measures; and, will form basis for determining extent of repair work required of Contractor to restore damage caused by Contractor's workmen in executing work of this contract.
- D. Protection: Provide the following protective measures:
 - Wherever existing roof surfaces are disturbed they shall be protected against water infiltration. In case of leaks, they shall be repaired immediately upon discovery.
 - Temporary protection against damage for portions of existing structures and grounds where work is to be done, materials handled and equipment moved and/or relocated.
 - 3. Protection of interior of existing structures at all times, from damage, dust and weather inclemency. Wherever work is performed, floor surfaces that are to remain in place shall be adequately protected prior to starting work, and this protection shall be maintained intact until all work in the area is completed.

1.8 ABOVE-CEILING WORK REQUIREMENTS

- A. For all work in public/staff areas that includes removal of ceiling tiles:
 - 1. Use a pre-fabricated mobile containment unit to control dust.
 - Use an air scrubber to maintain negative pressure and remove airborne dust particles inside the mobile containment unit.
- B. Before starting work, obtain an Above Ceiling Work Permit (ACWP) from the COR (attached).
- C. The ACWP must be requested at least five business days in advance of the requested start date of the work. A floor plan identifying the work location must be included in the ACWP request submitted to the VA COR. If an ACWP is not obtained in advance, then the VA will stop work.
- D. Clear the work area of patients, staff, and visitors. Cover desks, chairs, floors, or other surfaces that may be subject to falling debris or dust.
- E. Only one ceiling tile shall be removed at a time. If more than one ceiling tile is removed, a fire watch shall be posted.
- F. When work is complete each day, replace the ceiling tile, remove the mobile containment unit/dust covers, and perform a cleanup of the area

before allowing the area to be reoccupied. If work will exceed one day, penetrations make in smoke walls or rated fire walls shall be temporarily sealed with fire retardant material, such as mineral wool. Ceiling tiles shall be replaced before leaving for the day.

G. Upon completion of the work, request the VA COR to perform a follow-up inspection of the work, so that the ACWP can be closed out.

1.9 DISPOSAL AND RETENTION

- A. Materials and equipment accruing from work removed and from demolition of buildings or structures, or parts thereof, shall be disposed of as follows:
 - Reserved items which are to remain property of the Government are identified by attached tags or noted on drawings or in specifications as items to be stored. Items that remain property of the Government shall be removed or dislodged from present locations in such a manner as to prevent damage which would be detrimental to re-installation and reuse. Store such items where directed by COR.
 - 2. Items not reserved shall become property of the Contractor and be removed by Contractor from Medical Center.
 - 3. Items of portable equipment and furnishings located in rooms and spaces in which work is to be done under this contract shall remain the property of the Government. When rooms and spaces are vacated by the Department of Veterans Affairs during the alteration period, such items which are NOT required by drawings and specifications to be either relocated or reused will be removed by the Government in advance of work to avoid interfering with Contractor's operation.
 - 4. PCB Transformers and Capacitors: The Contractor shall be responsible for disposal of the Polychlorinated Biphenyl (PCB) transformers and capacitors. The transformers and capacitors shall be taken out of service and handled in accordance with the procedures of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Department of Transportation (DOT) as outlined in Code of Federal Regulation (CFR), Titled 40 and 49 respectively. The EPA's Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) Compliance Program Policy Nos. 6-PCB-6 and 6-PCB-7 also apply. Upon removal of PCB transformers and capacitors for disposal, the "originator" copy of the Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest (EPA Form 8700-22), along with the Uniform Hazardous Waste

FINAL CD SUBMISSION

August 14, 2015

the Contracting Officer who will annotate the contract file and transmit the Manifest to the COR.

- a. Copies of the following listed CFR titles may be obtained from the Government Printing Office:
 - 40 CFR 261.....Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste
 - 40 CFR 262..... Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste
 - 40 CFR 263..... Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste
 - 40 CFR 761.....PCB Manufacturing, Processing, Distribution in Commerce, and use Prohibitions
 - 49 CFR 172.....Hazardous Material tables and Hazardous Material Communications Regulations
 - 49 CFR 173.....Shippers General Requirements for Shipments and Packaging
 - 49 CRR 173.....Subpart A General
 - 49 CFR 173.....Subpart B Preparation of Hazardous Material for Transportation
 - 49 CFR 173.....Subpart J Other Regulated Material; Definitions and Preparation

TSCA.....Compliance Program Policy Nos. 6-PCB-6 and 6-PCB-7

1.10 RESTORATION

- A. Remove, cut, alter, replace, patch and repair existing work as necessary to install new work. Except as otherwise shown or specified, do not cut, alter or remove any structural work, and do not disturb any ducts, plumbing, steam, gas, or electric work without approval of the COR. Existing work to be altered or extended and that is found to be defective in any way, shall be reported to the COR before it is disturbed. Materials and workmanship used in restoring work, shall conform in type and quality to that of original existing construction, except as otherwise shown or specified.
- B. Upon completion of contract, deliver work complete and undamaged. Existing work (walls, ceilings, partitions, floors, mechanical and electrical work, lawns, paving, roads, walks, etc.) disturbed or removed as a result of performing required new work, shall be patched, repaired, reinstalled, or replaced with new work, and refinished and left in as good condition as existed before commencing work.

- C. At Contractor's own expense, Contractor shall immediately restore to service and repair any damage caused by Contractor's workmen to existing piping and conduits, wires, cables, etc., of utility services or of fire protection systems and communications systems (including telephone) which are indicated on drawings and which are not scheduled for discontinuance or abandonment.
- D. Expense of repairs to such utilities and systems not shown on drawings or locations of which are unknown will be covered by adjustment to contract time and price in accordance with Bid Solicitation GENERAL CONDITIONS.

1.11 LAYOUT OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall lay out the work indicated on the drawings, and shall be responsible for all measurements in connection with the layout. The Contractor shall furnish, at Contractor's own expense, all templates, platforms, equipment, tools, materials, and labor required to lay out any part of the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for executing the work to the lines and grades that may be established or indicated by the Contracting Officer. The Contractor shall also be responsible for maintaining and preserving all marks established by the Contracting Officer until authorized to remove them. If such marks are destroyed by the Contractor or through Contractor's negligence before their removal is authorized, the Contracting Officer may replace them and deduct the expense of the replacement from any amounts due or to become due to the Contractor.
- B. Establish and plainly mark lines for each partition and such other lines that are reasonably necessary to properly assure that location, orientation, and elevations established are in accordance with lines and elevations shown on contract drawings.

1.12 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS

- A. The contractor shall maintain two full size sets of as-built drawings which will be kept current during construction of the project, to include all contract changes, modifications and clarifications.
- B. All variations shall be shown in the same general detail as used in the contract drawings. To ensure compliance, as-built drawings shall be made available for the Architect's or COR's review, as often as requested.
- C. Contractor shall submit two approved completed sets of as-built drawings within 14 calendar days after the acceptance of the project by

the COR, in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.

D. Paragraphs A, B, & C shall also apply to all shop drawings.

1.13 USE OF ROADWAYS

A. For hauling, use only established public roads and roads on Medical Center property and, when authorized by the COR, such temporary roads which are necessary in the performance of contract work. Temporary roads shall be constructed by the Contractor at Contractor's expense. When necessary to cross curbing, sidewalks, or similar construction, they must be protected by well-constructed bridges and at the conclusion of construction, contractor shall restore these areas to their original condition.

1.14 TEMPORARY USE OF MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

- A. Use of new installed mechanical and electrical equipment to provide heat, ventilation, plumbing, light and power will be permitted subject to compliance with the following provisions:
 - Permission to use each unit or system must be given by COR. If the equipment is not installed and maintained in accordance with the following provisions, the COR will withdraw permission for use of the equipment.
 - 2. Electrical installations used by the equipment shall be completed in accordance with the drawings and specifications to prevent damage to the equipment and the electrical systems, i.e. transformers, relays, circuit breakers, fuses, conductors, motor controllers and their overload elements shall be properly sized, coordinated and adjusted. Installation of temporary electrical equipment or devices shall be in accordance with NFPA 70, National Electrical Code, (2014 Edition), Article 590, Temporary Installations. Voltage supplied to each item of equipment shall be verified to be correct and it shall be determined that motors are not overloaded. The electrical equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned before using it and again immediately before final inspection including vacuum cleaning and wiping clean interior and exterior surfaces.
 - Units shall be properly lubricated, balanced, and aligned.
 Vibrations must be eliminated.
 - Automatic temperature control systems for preheat coils shall function properly and all safety controls shall function to prevent coil freeze-up damage.

- 5. The air filtering system utilized shall be that which is designed for the system when complete, and all filter elements shall be replaced at completion of construction and prior to testing and balancing of system.
- 6. All components of heat production and distribution system, metering equipment, condensate returns, and other auxiliary facilities used in temporary service shall be cleaned prior to use; maintained to prevent corrosion internally and externally during use; and cleaned, maintained and inspected prior to acceptance by the Government.
- B. Prior to final inspection, the equipment or parts used which show wear and tear beyond normal, shall be replaced with identical replacements, at no additional cost to the Government.
- C. This paragraph shall not reduce the requirements of the mechanical and electrical specifications sections.
- D. Any damage to the equipment or excessive wear due to prolonged use will be repaired or replaced by the contractor at the contractor's expense.
- 1.15 TEMPORARY USE OF EXISTING ELEVATORS
 - A. Use of existing elevators for handling building materials and Contractor's personnel will be permitted subject to following provisions:
 - Contractor makes all arrangements with the COR for use of elevators. The COR will ascertain that elevators are in proper condition. Contractor may use elevators for daily use for personnel only between the hours of 7:00 am and 6:00 pm and for special nonrecurring time intervals when permission is granted. Personnel for operating elevators will not be provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs.
 - Contractor to develop a proposed elevator usage plan for review and approval by COR.
 - 3. Contractor covers and provides maximum protection of following elevator components:
 - a. Entrance jambs, heads soffits and threshold plates.
 - b. Entrance columns, canopy, return panels and inside surfaces of car enclosure walls.
 - c. Finish flooring.
 - If brake lining of elevators are excessively worn or damaged during temporary use, they shall be removed and replaced by new brake lining.

- 5. All parts of main controller, starter, relay panel, selector, etc., worn or damaged during temporary use shall be removed and replaced with new parts, if recommended by elevator inspector after elevator is released by Contractor.
- Place elevator in condition equal, less normal wear, to that existing at time it was placed in service of Contractor as approved by Contracting Officer.

1.16 TEMPORARY TOILETS

A. Contractor may have for use of Contractor's workmen, such toilet accommodations as may be assigned to Contractor by the COR. Contractor shall keep such places clean and be responsible for any damage done thereto by Contractor's workmen. Failure to maintain satisfactory condition in toilets will deprive Contractor of the privilege to use such toilets.

1.17 AVAILABILITY AND USE OF UTILITY SERVICES

- A. The Government shall make all reasonably required amounts of utilities available to the Contractor from existing outlets and supplies, as specified in the contract. The amount to be paid by the Contractor for chargeable electrical services shall be the prevailing rates charged to the Government. The Contractor shall carefully conserve any utilities furnished without charge.
- B. The Contractor, at Contractor's expense and in a workmanlike manner satisfactory to the Contracting Officer, shall install and maintain all necessary temporary connections and distribution lines, and all meters required to measure the amount of electricity used for the purpose of determining charges. Before final acceptance of the work by the Government, the Contractor shall remove all the temporary connections, distribution lines, meters, and associated paraphernalia and repair or restore the infrastructure as required.
- C. Heat: Furnish temporary heat necessary to prevent injury to work and materials through dampness and cold. Use of open salamanders or any temporary heating devices which may be fire hazards or may smoke and damage finished work, as determined by the COR, will not be permitted. Maintain minimum temperatures as specified for various materials.
- D. Electricity (for Construction and Testing): Furnish all temporary electric services.
 - Obtain electricity by connecting to the Medical Center electrical distribution system. The Contractor shall meter and pay for

electricity required for electric cranes and hoisting devices, electrical welding devices and any electrical heating devices providing temporary heat. Electricity for all other uses is available at no cost to the Contractor.

- E. Water (for Construction and Testing): Furnish temporary water service.
 - Obtain water by connecting to the Medical Center water distribution system. Provide reduced pressure backflow preventer at each connection. Water is available at no cost to the Contractor.
 - Maintain connections, pipe, fittings and fixtures and conserve water-use so none is wasted. Failure to stop leakage or other wastes will be cause for revocation (at COR's discretion) of use of water from Medical Center's system.
- F. Steam: Furnish steam system for testing required in various sections of specifications.
 - Obtain steam for testing by connecting to the Medical Center steam distribution system. Steam is available at no cost to the Contractor.
 - Maintain connections, pipe, fittings and fixtures and conserve steam-use so none is wasted. Failure to stop leakage or other waste will be cause for revocation (at COR's discretion), of use of steam from the Medical Center's system.

1.18 NEW TELEPHONE EQUIPMENT

The contractor shall coordinate with the work of installation of telephone equipment by others if required. This work shall be completed before the building is turned over to VA.

1.19 TESTS

- A. Pre-test mechanical and electrical equipment and systems and make corrections required for proper operation of such systems before requesting final tests. Final test will not be conducted unless pre-tested.
- B. Conduct final tests required in various sections of specifications in presence of an authorized representative of the Contracting Officer. Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, instruments, and forms, to conduct and record such tests.
- C. Mechanical and electrical systems shall be balanced, controlled and coordinated. A system is defined as the entire complex which must be coordinated to work together during normal operation to produce results for which the system is designed. For example, air conditioning supply

air is only one part of entire system which provides comfort conditions for a building. Other related components are return air, exhaust air, steam, chilled water, refrigerant, hot water, controls and electricity, etc. Another example of a complex which involves several components of different disciplines is a boiler installation. Efficient and acceptable boiler operation depends upon the coordination and proper operation of fuel, combustion air, controls, steam, feedwater, condensate and other related components.

- D. All related components as defined above shall be functioning when any system component is tested. Tests shall be completed within a reasonably short period of time during which operating and environmental conditions remain reasonably constant.
- E. Individual test result of any component, where required, will only be accepted when submitted with the test results of related components and of the entire system.

1.20 INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Contractor shall furnish Maintenance and Operating manuals (hard copies and electronic) and verbal instructions when required by the various sections of the specifications and as hereinafter specified.
- B. Manuals: Maintenance and operating manuals (one hard copy each and one electronic copy each) for each separate piece of equipment shall be delivered to the COR coincidental with the delivery of the equipment to the job site. Manuals shall be complete, detailed quides for the maintenance and operation of equipment. They shall include complete information necessary for starting, adjusting, maintaining in continuous operation for long periods of time and dismantling and reassembling of the complete units and sub-assembly components. Manuals shall include an index covering all component parts clearly cross-referenced to diagrams and illustrations. Illustrations shall include "exploded" views showing and identifying each separate item. Emphasis shall be placed on the use of special tools and instruments. The function of each piece of equipment, component, accessory and control shall be clearly and thoroughly explained. All necessary precautions for the operation of the equipment and the reason for each precaution shall be clearly set forth. Manuals must reference the exact model, style and size of the piece of equipment and system being furnished. Manuals referencing equipment similar to but of a different model, style, and size than that furnished will not be accepted.

- C. Instructions: Contractor shall provide qualified, factory-trained manufacturers' representatives to give detailed instructions to assigned Department of Veterans Affairs personnel in the operation and complete maintenance for each piece of equipment. All such training will be at the job site. These requirements are more specifically detailed in the various technical sections. Instructions for different items of equipment that are component parts of a complete system, shall be given in an integrated, progressive manner. All instructors for every piece of component equipment in a system shall be available until instructions for all items included in the system have been completed. This is to assure proper instruction in the operation of inter-related systems. All instruction periods shall be at such times as scheduled by the COR and shall be considered concluded only when the COR is satisfied in regard to complete and thorough coverage. The Department of Veterans Affairs reserves the right to request the removal of, and substitution for, any instructor who, in the opinion of the COR, does not demonstrate sufficient qualifications in accordance with requirements for instructors above.
- D. Concurrent with the AS-BUILT DRAWINGS, Contractor shall additionally submit complete Maintenance and Operating Manuals as follows:
 - Submit one hard copy each and one electronic copy within 14 calendar days after the acceptance of the project by the COR, in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
 - 2. Binders: Heavy-duty, three-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to hold 8-1/2by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) paper; with clear plastic sleeve on spine to hold label describing contents and with pockets inside covers to hold folded oversize sheets.
 - a. If two or more binders are necessary to accommodate data of a system, organize data in each binder into groupings by subsystem and related components. Cross-reference other binders if necessary to provide essential information for proper operation or maintenance of equipment or system.
 - b. Identify each binder on front and spine, with printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter of contents. Indicate volume number for multiplevolume sets.

- 3. Dividers: Heavy-paper dividers with plastic-covered tabs for each section of the manual. Mark each tab to indicate contents. Include typed list of products and major components of equipment included in the section on each divider, cross-referenced to Specification Section number and title of Project Manual.
- Protective Plastic Sleeves: Transparent plastic sleeves designed to enclose diagnostic software storage media for computerized electronic equipment.
- 5. Supplementary Text: Prepared on 8-1/2-by-11-inch (215-by-280-mm) white bond paper.

1.21 GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED PROPERTY

- A. The Government shall deliver to the Contractor, the Government-furnished property shown on the drawings. (Reference FAR 52.249)
- B. Equipment furnished by Government to be installed by Contractor will be furnished to Contractor at the Medical Center.
- C. Storage space for equipment will be provided by the Government and the Contractor shall be prepared to unload and store such equipment therein upon its receipt at the Medical Center.
- D. Notify Contracting Officer in writing, 60 days in advance, of date on which Contractor will be prepared to receive equipment furnished by Government. Arrangements will then be made by the Government for delivery of equipment.
 - Immediately upon delivery of equipment, Contractor shall arrange for a joint inspection thereof with a representative of the Government. At such time the Contractor shall acknowledge receipt of equipment described, make notations, and immediately furnish the Government representative with a written statement as to its condition or shortages.
 - 2. Contractor thereafter is responsible for such equipment until such time as acceptance of contract work is made by the Government.
- E. Equipment furnished by the Government will be delivered in a partially assembled (knock down) condition in accordance with existing standard commercial practices, complete with all fittings, fastenings, and appliances necessary for connections to respective services installed under contract. All fittings and appliances (i.e., couplings, ells, tees, nipples, piping, conduits, cables, and the like) necessary to make the connection between the Government furnished equipment item and

FINAL CD SUBMISSION

August 14, 2015

the utility stub-up shall be furnished and installed by the contractor at no additional cost to the Government.

- F. Completely assemble and install the Government furnished equipment in place ready for proper operation in accordance with specifications and drawings.
- G. Furnish supervision of installation of equipment at construction site by qualified factory trained technicians regularly employed by the equipment manufacturer.

1.22 RELOCATED EQUIPMENT AND ITEMS

- A. Contractor shall disconnect, dismantle as necessary, remove and reinstall in new location, all existing items indicated to be relocated by Contractor.
- B. Perform relocation of such equipment or items at such times and in such a manner as directed by the COR.
- C. Suitably cap existing service lines, such as steam, condensate return, water, drain, gas, air, vacuum and/or electrical, whenever such lines are disconnected from equipment to be relocated. Remove abandoned lines in finished areas and cap as specified herein before under paragraph "Abandoned Lines".
- D. Provide all mechanical and electrical service connections, fittings, fastenings and any other materials necessary for assembly and installation of relocated equipment; and leave such equipment in proper operating condition.
- E. All service lines such as noted above for relocated equipment shall be in place at point of relocation ready for use before any existing equipment is disconnected. Make relocated existing equipment ready for operation or use immediately after reinstallation.

- - - E N D - - -

OSHA Requirements and Safety and Health Regulations

PART 1 - OSHA Requirements

1.1 General

- A. Contractors are required to comply with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. This will include the safety and health standard found in Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) 1910 and 1926. Copies of those standards can be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C., 20420.
- B. In addition, Contractor will be required to comply with other applicable Medical Center policies and safety regulations. These policies and regulations will be presented to the Contractor at the pre-construction meeting. Each of the Contractor's employees will be required to read the statement of policies and regulations, and sign an acknowledgment that such policies and regulations are understood. Signed acknowledgment will be returned to the Contract Officer Technical Representative.
- C. Contractors involved with the removal, alteration or disturbance of asbestos-type insulation or materials or lead paint will be required to comply strictly with the regulations found in CFR 1910.1001 and the appropriate Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) lead regulations regarding disposal of asbestos or lead paint. Assistance in identifying asbestos or lead can be requested from the Medical Center's Industrial Hygienist and the COR.
- D. Contractors entering locations of asbestos contamination or lead paint residue (i.e., pipe, basements, walls, windows) shall be responsible for providing respiratory protection to their employees and ensuring respirators are worn in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) [CFR 1910.1001(g)]. Asbestos-or lead paint-contaminated areas shall be defined on project drawings. The minimum equipment requirements will be a half-mask air-purifying respirator equipped with high efficiency filters and disposable coveralls, or as determined by air monitoring results.
- E. Contractor, along with other submittals and at least two weeks prior to bringing any materials on-site, must submit a complete list of chemicals the Contractor will use and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) for all hazardous materials as defined in OSHA 1910.1200(d), Hazard Determination. Contracting Officer shall have final approval of all materials brought on site.
- F. The Contractor will be held solely responsible for the safety and health of their employees. The contractor will also be held responsible for protecting the health and safety of the VA Community (patients, staff, and visitors) from the unwanted effects of construction. VA staff will monitor the Contractor's performance in complying with all safety and health aspects of the project. Severe or constant violations may result in an immediate work stoppage or request for a Compliance Officer from the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.
- G. During all phases of demolition, construction and alterations, Contractors are required to understand and strictly follow National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241, Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration and Demolition Operations. The Medical Center's Safety and Occupational Health Specialist or Industrial Hygienist will closely monitor the work area for compliance. Appropriate action will be taken for non-compliance.

PART 2 - Specific VA Medical Center Fire and Safety Policies, Procedures and Regulations

2.1 Introduction.

- A. The safety and fire protection of patients, employees, members of the public and government is one of continuous concern to this Medical Center.
- B. Contractors, their supervisors and employees are required to comply with Medical Center policies to ensure the occupational safety and health of all. Failure to comply may result in work stoppage.
- C. While working at this Medical Center, contractors are responsible for the occupational safety and health of their employees. Contractors are required to comply with the applicable OSHA standards found in 29 CFR 1910 for general industry and 29 CFR 1926 for construction. Failure to comply with these standards may result in work stoppage and a request to the Area Director of OSHA for a Compliance Officer to inspect your work site.
- D. Contractors are to comply with the requirements found in the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 241, Building Construction and Demolition Operation, and NFPA 51B, Fire Prevention in Use of Cutting and Welding Processes.
- E. Questions regarding occupational safety and health issues can be addressed to the Medical Center Safety and Occupational Health Specialist (ext. 4172) or Industrial Hygienist (ext. 4628).
 - F. Smoking is not permitted in any interior areas of the Medical Center, including all interior stairwells, tunnels, construction and/or service/maintenance sites. Compliance with this policy by your direct and subcontracted labor force is required.

2.2 Hazard Communication

- A. Contractors shall comply with OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1926.59, Hazard Communication.
- B. Contractors shall submit to the VA Safety Officer, copies of MSDS covering all hazardous materials to which the Contractor and VA employees are exposed.
- C. Contractors shall inform the Safety Officer of the hazards to which VA personnel and patients may be exposed.
- D. Contractors shall have a written Hazard Communication Program available at the construction site, which details how the Contractor will comply with 29 CFR 1926.59.

2.3 Fires

A. All fires must be reported. In the event of a fire in your work area, use the nearest pull box station, and also notify Medical Center staff in the immediate area. Emergency notification can also be accomplished by dialing ext. 2222.

B. Be sure to give the exact location from where you are calling and the nature of the emergency. If a Contractor experiences a fire that was rapidly extinguished by your staff, you still must notify the Construction Safety Officer (ext. 4172) within an hour of the event so that an investigation of the fire can be accomplished.

2.4 Fire Alarms, Smoke Detection and Sprinkler System

If the nature of your work requires the deactivation of the fire alarm, smoke detection or sprinkler system, you must notify the Safety Office. Notification must be made well in advance so that ample time can be allowed to deactivate the system and provide alternative measures for fire protection. Under no circumstance is a Contractor allowed to deactivate any of the fire protection systems in this Medical Center.

2.5 Smoke Detectors

False alarms will not be tolerated. You are required to be familiar with the location of the smoke detectors in your work area. When performing cutting, burning or welding or any other operations that may cause smoke or dust, you must take steps to temporarily cover smoke detectors in order to prevent false alarms. Failure to take the appropriate action

will result in the Contracting Officer assessing actual costs for government response for each false alarm that is preventable. Prior to covering the smoke detectors, the Contractor will notify the Safety Officer, who will also be notified when the covers are removed.

2.6 Hot Work Permit

- A. Hot work is defined as operations including, but not limited to, cutting, welding, thermal welding, brazing, soldering, grinding, thermal spraying, thawing pipes or any similar situation. If such work is required, whenever possible the Contractor must notify the COR no less than one day in advance of such work. The Competent Hot Work Supervisor (CHWS) will inspect the work area and issue a Hot Work Permit, authorizing the performance of such work.
- B. All hot work will be performed in compliance with the Engineering Service Policy 138-047 regarding Hot Work Permits and NFPA 241, Safeguarding Construction, Alternation and Demolition Operations; and NFPA 51B, Fire Prevention in Use of Cutting and Welding Processes; and applicable OSHA standard. A hot work permit will only be issued to individuals familiar with these regulations.
- C. A Hot Work Permit will be issued only for the period necessary to perform such work. In the event the time necessary will exceed one day, a Hot Work Permit may be issued for the period needed; however, the CHWS will inspect the area daily. Hot Work Permit will apply only to the location identified on the permit. If additional areas involve hot work, then additional permits must be requested.
- D. Contractors will not be allowed to perform hot work processes without the appropriate permit.
- E. Any work involving the Medical Center's fire protection system will require advance notification. Under no circumstance will the Contractor or employee attempt to alter or tamper with the existing fire protection system.

F. Thirty minutes following completion of the hot work, the Fire Watch will perform an inspection of the area to confirm that sparks or drops of hot metal are not present.

2.7 Temporary Enclosures

Only non-combustible materials will be used to construct temporary enclosures or barriers at this Medical Center. Plastic materials and fabrics used to construct dust barriers must conform to NFPA 701, Standard Methods of Fire Tests for Flame-Resistant Textiles and Films.

2.8 Flammable Liquids

All flammable liquids will be kept in approved safety containers. Only the amount necessary for your immediate work will be allowed in the building. Flammable liquids must be removed from the building at the end of each day.

2.9 Compressed Gas Cylinders

Compressed gas shall be secured in an upright position at all times. A suitable cylinder cart will be used to transport compressed gas cylinders. Only those compressed gas cylinders necessary for immediate work will be allowed in occupied buildings. All other compressed gas cylinders will be stored outside of buildings in a designated area. Contractors will comply with applicable standards compressed gas cylinders found in 29 CFR 1910 and 1926 (OSHA).

2.10 Internal Combustion Engine-Powered Equipment

Equipment powered by an internal combustion engine (such as saws, compressors, generators, etc.) will not be used in an occupied building. Special consideration may be given for unoccupied buildings only if the OSHA and NFPA requirements have been met.

2.11 **Powder-Activated Tools**

The operator of powder-activated tools must be trained and certified to use them. Powder-activated tools will be kept secured at all times. When not in use, the tools will be locked up. When in use, the operator will have the tool under his immediate control.

2.12 Tools

- A. Under no circumstances will equipment, tools and other items of work to be left unattended for any reason. All tools, equipment and items of work must be under the immediate control of your employee.
- B. If for some reason a work area must be left unattended, then tools and other equipment must be placed in an appropriate box or container and locked. All tool boxes, containers or any other device used for the storage of tools and equipment will be provided with a latch and padlock, and will be kept locked at all times, except for putting in and removing tools.
- C. All doors to work areas will be closed and locked when rooms are left unattended. Failure to comply with this policy will be considered a violation of VA Regulations 1.218(b), Failure to comply with signs of a directive and restrictive nature posted for safety purposes, and subject

to a \$50.00 fine. Subsequent similar violations may result in both imposition of such a fine as well as the Contracting Officer taking

action under the contract's Accident Prevention Clause [Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 52.236-13] to suspend all contract work until violations may be satisfactorily resolved, or under FAR 52.236-5, Material and Workmanship Clause, to remove from the worksite any personnel deemed by the Contracting Officer to be careless to the point of jeopardizing the welfare of facility patients or staff.

- D. You must report any tools or equipment that are missing to the VA Police Department.
- E. Tools and equipment found unattended will be confiscated and removed from the work area.

2.13 Ladders

Ladders must not be left unattended in an upright position. Ladders must be attended at all times or taken down, and chained securely to a stationary object.

2.14 Scaffolds

All scaffolds will be attended at all times. When not in use, an effective barricade (fence) will be erected around the scaffold to prevent use by unauthorized personnel (Reference OSHA 1926, Subpart L).

2.15 Excavations

The contractor shall comply with OSHA 1926, Subpart P. An OSHA Competent Person must be on site during the excavation. The contractor shall coordinate with the COR and utility companies prior to the excavation to identify underground utilities tanks, etc. All excavations left unattended will be provided with a barricade suitable to prevent entry by unauthorized persons.

2.16 Storage

You must make prior arrangements with the COR for the storage of building materials. Storage will not be allowed to accumulate in the Medical Center buildings.

2.17 Trash and Debris

You must remove all trash and debris from the work area on a daily basis. Trash and debris will not be allowed to accumulate inside or outside of the buildings. You are responsible for making arrangements for removal of trash from the Medical Center facility.

2.18 Protection of Floors

It may be necessary at times to take steps to protect floors from dirt, debris, paint, etc. A tarp or other protective covering may be used. However, you must maintain a certain amount of floor space for the safe passage of pedestrian traffic. Common sense must be used in this matter.

2.19 Signs

Signs must be placed at the entrance to work areas warning people of your work. Signs must be suitable for the condition of the work. Small pieces of paper with printing or writing are not acceptable. The VA Medical Center (VAMC) Safety Officer or COR can be consulted in this matter.

2.20 Accidents and Injuries

Contractors must report all accidents and injuries involving their employees.

2.21 Infection Control

Contractors must control the generation of dust and the contamination of patient care surfaces, supplies and equipment. During demolition phases of the construction:

- A. The construction area shall be under negative pressure, ensuring there is an appreciable flow of clean air from the VA-occupied portion of the facility into the construction area. The airflow shall be sufficiently strong enough to draw in the plastic door flaps commonly located at the construction entrance or at the specific site within the construction area.
- B. Construction debris being transported through the VA-occupied portion of the facility shall be covered and/or whetted.
- C. Construction employees shall remove dust-laden clothing before entering the VA-occupied portion of the facility.
- D. Carpet/sticky mats shall be placed at all construction entrances, and be satisfactorily maintained so as to minimize the tracking of dust into the VA-occupied portion of the facility.
- E. Dry sweeping of dust and debris is not to be performed.

(Control measures B - E above must be practiced during the construction phase.)

2.22 Confined Space Entry

- A. Contractor will be informed that the workplace contains permit-required confined space, and that permit-space entry is allowed only through compliance with a permit space program meeting the requirements of 29 CFR 1910.146 and 1926.21(b)(6).
- B. Contractor will be apprised of the elements including the hazards identified and the Medical Center's (last employer) experience with the space that makes the space in question a permit space.
- C. Contractor will be apprised of any precautions or procedures that the Medical Center has implemented for the protection of employees in or near permit space where Contractor personnel will be working.
- D. Medical Center and Contractor will coordinate entry operations when both Medical Center personnel and Contractor personnel will be working in or near permit spaces as required by 29 CFR 1910.146(d)(ii) and 1926.21(b)(6).

- E. Contractor will obtain any available information regarding permit space hazards and entry operation from the Medical Center.
- F. At the conclusion of the entry operations, the Medical Center and Contractor will discuss any hazards confronted or created in permit spaces.
- G. The Contractor is responsible for complying with 29 CFR 1910.246(d) through (g) and 1926.21(b)(6). The Medical Center, does not provide rescue and emergency services required by 29 CFR 1910.246(k) and 1926.21(b)(6).

2.23 Contractor Parking and Material Delivery

There is no Contractor parking on Medical Center property unless the contract drawings show a designated staging area that is under the Contractor's control. Contractor's delivery of building materials tools, etc., must be pre-arranged with the Project Manager. FINAL CD SUBMISSION

August 14, 2015

Pre Construction Risk Assessment (PCRA)

Project:

Project/Contract #:

This form may be used for projects or activities to determine if a Site Specific Safety Plan (SSSP) is necessary. If the contractor or vendor is <u>not</u> working independently (VAMC Supervisor is present and in control of the contractor) and the job is short duration (less than five working days) and the hazard analysis does not include any high risk activities, then Occupational Health and Safety may allow work without submitting a SSSP.

| Ac | tivity | Yes | High Risk |
|----|--|-----|-----------------------------|
| | Respiratory protection is required for the work being conducted List specifics: (activity being preformed, PPE Being used, Training, Fit testing). | | |
| 2. | Hearing protection is required for the work being conducted List specifics: (Type of noise; impact, constant, start up). | | |
| 3. | Other personal protective equipment is required for the work being conducted, what activity? | | |
| 4. | Are there overhead hazards associated with the activity being conducted? Wires, power, communication, grounding, location(s), signage. List specifics: | | Yes |
| 5. | Work is being conducted in a confined space. Permit required? Training? List specifics: Tanks, sewer, tunnels, Rescue Team notification. | | PRCS Only |
| 6. | Ladders will be necessary for the work being conducted. | | |
| 7. | Scaffolding will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: | | Greater than six feet |
| 8. | Other work platforms will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: Rails, toe boards, netting | | Greater than six feet |
| 9. | Fall protection is required for the work being conducted. List specifics: | | Yes |

FINAL CD SUBMISSION

August 14, 2015

| 10. ASBESTOS Abatement Exposure to asbestos may be associated with the work being conducted. List specifics: Renovation, Demolition, Emergency Response 29 CFR 1910.1001. | | Yes unless approved by the Asbestos Manager |
|--|-----|--|
| Activity | Yes | High Risk |
| 11. Hazardous materials will be used. MSDSs will be provided for known substances List specifics: 29 CFR 1910.1200. | | |
| 12. Hot work (Cutting, Welding, Brazing, etc). Use of VAMC Cleveland Hot Work Policy (ECP 138-047) is required. | | |
| 13. Additional ventilation will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: Reason for need of ventilation, confined space, foul odor, excessive heat. | | |
| 14. Operation and maintenance of electric power generation, control, transformation, transmission, and distribution lines and equipment are necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: | | Yes |
| 15. Work will be conducted on energized equipment. Use of VAMC Cleveland Working on Energized Equipment policy (138-034) is required. List specifics: list voltages in area, emergency procedures. | | |
| 16. Other electrical work will be conducted. List specifics: | | Yes |
| 17. Lock Out/Tag Out will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: | | |
| 18. Cranes, derricks, or slings will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: | | Yes |
| 19. Excavating will be necessary for work being conducted. List site specifics: | | |
| | | Yes |

| Ac | tivity | Yes | High Risk |
|-----|--|-----|--------------|
| 20. | Excavating or earthmoving equipment will be used. List specifics: | | |
| 21. | Industrial trucks will be used. List specifics: | | |
| 22. | Other motorized vehicles will be used. List specifics: | | |
| 23. | Concrete and masonry construction operations will be necessary for work being conducted. List specifics: % of recycled components | | |
| 24. | Steel erection activities will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: New Steel % of recycled material, | | |
| 25. | Alteration, conversion, or improvement of existing electric transmission and distribution lines and equipment will be necessary for the work being conducted. List specifics: | | Yes |
| 26. | Hand and portable powered tools or other hand-held equipment will be used. | | |
| 27. | Compressed gas or compressed air equipment is necessary for work being conducted. | | |
| 28. | List all other hazardous activities that will be conducted or potentially hazardous equipment that will be used including vibration hazards. | | |

| Activity | Yes | High Risk |
|---|-----|------------------------------------|
| 29. Infection Control Risks identified. Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA) required- refer to Enclosure (1). | | Yes unless approved by IC |
| Life Safety Risks identified. Interim Life Safety Risk Assessment Form -Attachment (4) - must be completed and submitted. | | |
| Emergency Procedures Identified. Fire, severe weather, utility failure, etc. | | |
| 32. Demolition will be necessary for the work being conducted. | | Yes |
| 33. New Construction: Minimum% of total project waste shall be diverted from landfill. Recycled aggregate, Concrete, Steel. | | |
| 34. Interior Remodeling: Minimum _% of total project waste shall be diverted from landfill. a) Ceiling tile b) Steel c) Carpet | | |

| Submitted by (Contracto | or) | Date: | |
|-------------------------|--------|-------|--|
| Reviewed by (COR) | | Date: | |
| Reviewed by (CSM) _ | | Date: | |
| SSSP Required | Yes No | | |

Construction Safety Poster – Cleveland VA Project:

Project #:

VAMC Emergency Number – 2222

Infection Control Category:

Fire Extinguisher Locations:

Fire Alarm Location:

Safe Area of Refuge Location:

Evacuation Assembly Location:

MSDS Location:

| COR: | |
|------|--|
| | |

Phone: _____

Interim Life Safety Risk Assessment Form

| Project: | Date: |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| Location: | |
| Estimated completion Date | Actual Completion Date |

Life Safety Risk Assessment

| Guidelines: | Yes/ No | Comments | ILSM |
|--|------------|----------|------|
| 1. Will exit egress routes from occupied areas remain unchanged? | | | |
| 2. Will exit stairs remain unobstructed and fire separated? | | | |
| 3. Will fire and smoke compartments remain intact and unchanged? | | | |
| 4. Will fire alarm detection systems remain functional and unimpaired? | | | |
| 5. Will fire suppression systems remain function and unimpaired? | | | |
| 6. Will construction area be separated by noncombustible smoke tight partitions? | | | |
| 7. Will emergency access by fire department remain unobstructed? | | | |
| 8. Will normal distances to exits be maintained? | | | |
| 9. Will all hazardous areas be protected? | | | |

Interim Life Safety Measures (ISLM)

- A. Ensure Egress
- B. Emergency Forces Access
- C. Fire Department Notification
- D. Ensuring Operational Life Safety Systems
- E. Temporary Construction
- F. Additional Fire Fighting Equipment
- G. Control Combustible Loading

- H. Conduct 2 Fire Drills Per Shift in All Areas
- I. Conduct 2 Fire Drills Per Shift in Local Area
- J. Increase Hazard Surveillance
- K. Compartmentation Training of Personnel
- L. Conduct Organizational Training on Life Safety
- M. Conduct Additional Training on Incident Response
- N. Institute a Fire Watch

August 14, 2015

Life Safety Narrative:

Assessment Performed By:_____

Contracting Officer Technical Representative

Assessment Reviewed By:_____

VAMC Cleveland Occupational Health and Safety

Contractor Safety and Security Orientation

In order to promote safety in construction activities at VAMC Cleveland, all contract employees will receive orientation to communicate facility-specific safety concerns. This document provides examples of discussion points used to give contractors the necessary sitespecific safety and procedural information. Refer to the Infection Control During Construction program for Infection Control Orientation discussion points.

| Specific Items on the Hazardous Work Activity Checklist (Attachment 2) |
|--|
| Stop Work Authority |
| Confined Space Entry Requirements |
| Obtaining and Updating Hot Work Permits |
| Interim Life Safety Measures (Attachment 4) |
| Job Site Security |
| Contractor ID Badge Requirements |
| Contractor Key Requirements |
| Contractor Parking Requirements |
| Process for Working Before or After Normal Hours |
| VA Daily Log |
| Request for Information |
| Other Not Previously Mentioned |
| |

Check all that apply:

August 14, 2015

Job Safety Check Sheet

| Proj | ect ID: | _ COR: | Date | : | | | | | | |
|-------------------------|--|------------------------|------------|---|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|--|
| Loca | ation: | | | | | | | | | |
| A. Perso | nal Protective Equipment: | | No. | | G | rad | e | | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
| 1. Ha | ard hats in use by all personnel. | | A1 | 1 | 2 | 3 4 | 1 : | 5 1 | N/A | I. |
| 2. Ey | ye protection in use by all personnel. | | A2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 1 | N/A | |
| | earing protection (engineering controls, gh noise areas, rotation of employees). | double protection for | A3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 1 | N/A | |
| 4. Pr | oper footgear and protective clothing. | | A4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 1 | N/A | |
| 5. Fa | Ill protection in use. | | A5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 1 | N/A | |
| | espirators/face masks in good condition nedical evaluation and fit test). | and used as required | A6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| B. Tools | and Equipment: | | No. | | G | rad | e | | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
| 1. To | ools and equipment in good condition. | | B 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | * |
| 2. Al | ll equipment properly guarded. | | B2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| cc | ectrical equipment connected properly, ondition; GFCI; automatic magnetic cut ols. | | B3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 1 | N/A | |
| 4. Ai | ir/sandblast hoses in good condition and | l properly wired. | B4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| 5. Co | ompressors equipped with automatic sh | ut-off. | B5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| | adders in good condition; tied back; extending. | ended 3 ft. beyond | B6 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| C. Scaffo Permitted) | lding: o Suspended o Tubular o Othe | r (Rope Falls Not | No. | | G | rad | e | | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
| | caffold in good repair; guardrails; toe bo ace. | bards and wire mesh in | C1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| 2. Co | ounterweights marked with weight and | in proper ratio. | C2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| 3. Sc | caffold tied back and tied in. | | C3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| 4. Pa | assageways under scaffold blocked. | | C4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| D. Hazar | dous Chemicals/Air Contaminants: | | No. | | G | rad | e | | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
| | azard Communication Right-To-Know rogram on job. | poster / written | D1 | | Y | N | [| | N/A | - |
| 2. Li | st of hazardous materials on job. | | D2 | | Y | N | [| | N/A | |
| 3. M | aterial Safety Data Sheets available. | | D3 | | Y | N | [| | N/A | |
| 4. Eı | mployees are familiar with program. | | D4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |
| 5. Pr | oper containers in use with correct labe | els. | D5 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | N/A | |

August 14, 2015

| E. General: | No. | Y | Ν | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
|---|-------------|---|---|-----|--|
| 1. Safe access to work area. | E1 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 2. Contractors wearing ID Badges. | E2 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 3. Job site security maintained | E2 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 4. Good housekeeping and material storage. | E2 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 5. Barricades/debris protection/warning signs in place. | E3 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 6. Floor and wall openings properly protected. | E4 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 7. Shoring properly installed | E5 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 8. Eye wash available. | E6 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 9. First aid: Kit and certified employees. | E8 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 10. Trucks: Safe/good condition; D.O.T. regulation comp | pliance. E9 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| F. Fire Safety (ILSM) | No. | Y | Ν | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
| 1. Exits & pathways clearly marked and unobstructed. | F1 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 2. Emergency services pathway is free and unobstructed | . F2 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 3. Fire extinguishers are in place and inspected. | F3 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 4. Smoke and fire alarms operational or ILSM taken | F4 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 5. Sprinkler system operational or ILSM taken. | F5 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 6. Hot Work Permits posted. | F3 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 7. Hot work sites inspected after hot work. | F4 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 8. Smoking Policy is followed. | F5 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| G. Paperwork and Other Postings: | No. | Y | Ν | N/A | COMMENTS –Note Improvements Needed: |
| 1. OSHA poster/log. | G1 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 2. Emergency phone number card. | G2 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 3. Drug-Free Workplace Policy Summary and poster (if applicable). | G3 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 4. Job logs and Job Safety Check Sheets. | G4 | Y | Ν | N/A | |
| 5. Site-Specific Safety Plan (if applicable). | G5 | Y | Ν | N/A | |

Additional Comments:

Infection Control During Construction

1. Objective. To prevent the acquisition of healthcare-associated infections in patients, healthcare workers, visitors and contractors during healthcare system construction, renovation, repair or demolition activities.

2. Policy

a. All construction, renovation, demolition and repair projects will be reviewed with Infection Control during the design/planning phase.

b. Infection Control will participate in meetings and area walk-through inspections on a routine basis.

c. All contractors, including subcontractors, must follow the infection control procedures as described in this guideline.

3. Planning Phase

a. Infections Control will participate in design/planning, as well as project kick-off meetings. The Assistant Chief, Engineering Service, Planning and Construction will notify Infection Control of all new projects.

- b. Construction design and functional considerations for environmental infection control:
 - (1) Location of sinks and dispensers for hand washing products and hand hygiene products.
 - (2) Location of fixed sharps containers.
 - (3) Types of faucets (e.g., aerated vs. non-aerated; hand control vs. foot control).
 - (4) Air handling systems engineered for optimal performance, easy maintenance and repair.
 - (5) Types of surface finishes (e.g., porous vs. non-porous).
 - (6) Well-caulked walls with minimal seams.
 - (7) Location of adequate storage and supply areas.
 - (8) Appropriate location of medicine preparation areas (e.g., > 3 ft from sink).
 - (9) Appropriate location and type of ice machines.
 - (10) Appropriate materials for sinks and wall coverings.
 - (11) Appropriate traffic flow.
 - (12) Isolation rooms with anterooms as appropriate.
 - (13) Appropriate flooring (e.g., seamless floors in dialysis units, operating rooms).
 - (14) Sensible use of carpeting.
 - (15) Convenient location of soiled utility areas.
 - (16) Properly engineered areas for linen services and solid waste management.

General Requirements

01 00 00 - 1 Safety and Health During Construction Activities - Enclosure 1 Infection Control During Construction

(17) Location of main emergency generator to minimize the risk of system failure from flooding or other emergency.

c. An Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA) will be performed using Attachment 1. A multi-disciplinary ICRA team shall be established prior to each project. The goals of the team are to identify high-risk patient populations and locations, and to minimize the risk for airborne infection during projects and after their completion. Suggested members include: Infection Control personnel; Laboratory personnel; Executive Management or designees; Assistant Chief Engineering, Planning and Construction (or designee); Patient Safety Officer; Chiefs or designees of specialized programs (e.g., ICU, Oncology, OR); Safety Manager; Chief, Environmental Care Section; Construction administrators or designees; Architects; Design COR; Project Managers; and COR.

d. Appropriate Infection Control guidelines including PPD requirements will be reviewed with VAMC personnel, COR and Project Managers during this phase for incorporation into design and construction bid packages.

e. Mandatory adherence requirements for infection control should be incorporated into construction contracts, with mechanisms to ensure timely correction of deficiencies.

4. Pre-Construction Phase

a. Infection Control will attend the Pre-Construction meeting or the Safety and Infection Control Pre-construction meeting if held separately.

b. Infection Control will provide education to contractors and subcontractors during orientation, and on an ongoing basis as necessary. Contractor Employee Orientation Training will be completed before the start of work. Attachment 2 can be used as a guide for conducting this training.

5. Construction Phase

a. Infection Control Permits (Attachment 3) will be issued by the Infection Control Manager. The Infection Control permits will be posted outside the appropriate construction area. More than one permit may be issued for a construction project if necessary.

b. Infection Control, in conjunction with VA Facilities, COR and the Contractor will conduct routine inspections of all sites. Compliance issues will be documented and addressed immediately. Attachment 4 may be used as a guide when performing these inspections.

c. Infection Control shall monitor for airborne disease (e.g., aspergillosis) as appropriate during projects. It is recommended that a baseline of conditions be established prior to the beginning of the project, and periodically reviewed during the project to determine impact of construction activities on indoor air quality by Infection Control, in conjunction with Safety. If

August 14, 2015

cases of aspergillosis or other healthcare-associated airborne fungal infections occur, diagnosis confirmation will be pursued with tissue biopsies and cultures as feasible. In addition, the following shall occur:

- (1) Review pressure-differential monitoring documentation to verify that pressure differentials in the construction zone and in the patient care rooms are appropriate for their settings. The requirement for negative air pressure in the construction zone shall depend on the location and type of activity.
- (2) Implement corrective engineering measures to restore proper pressure differentials as needed.
- (3) Conduct a prospective search for additional cases.
- (4) If no epidemiologic evidence of ongoing transmission exists, continue routine maintenance of the area. Conduct an environmental assessment to find and eliminate the source:
 - (a) Collect environmental samples from potential sources of airborne fungal spores, preferably by using a high-volume air sampler rather than settle plates.
 - (b) If either an environmental source of airborne fungi or an engineering problem with filtration or pressure differentials is identified, perform corrective measures to eliminate the source and route of entry.
 - (c) Use an antifungal biocide registered by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) for decontaminating structural materials.
 - (d) If an environmental source of airborne fungi is not identified, review infection control measures, including engineering controls, to identify potential areas for correction or improvement.
- d. Medical Waste
 - (1) Hospital staff shall remove any medical waste, including sharps containers, from areas to be renovated or constructed prior to the start of the project.
 - (2) Infection Control shall be notified immediately if unexpected medical waste is encountered.

e. Temporary Construction Barriers: Construction, demolition, or renovation sites must be separated from patient-care areas and critical areas, such as Supply, Processing and Distribution and Pharmacy, by barriers that keep the dirt and dust inside the worksite.

- (1) The integrity of the temporary construction barriers must assure a complete seal of the construction area from adjacent areas.
- (2) If walls are used as temporary construction barriers, they shall be constructed of gypsum board or treated plywood [flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E84] on both sides of wood or metal steel studs. Walls shall be extended through suspended ceilings to

floor slab/deck or roof. All joints and penetrations must be sealed. Other barriers may be used upon approval by the COR, Infection Control and Safety.

- f. Environmental Control
 - (1) External demolition and construction activities
 - (a) Determine if the facility can operate temporarily on re-circulated air; if feasible, seal off adjacent air intakes.
 - (b) If this is not possible or practical, check the low-efficiency filter banks frequently and replace as needed to avoid buildup of particulates.
 - (c) Seal windows and reduce wherever possible other sources of outside air intrusion (e.g., open doors in stairwells and corridors).
 - (d) Avoid damaging the underground water system to prevent soil and dust contamination of the water.
 - (2) Internal construction, repairs and renovations
 - (a) Relocate patients whose rooms are adjacent to work zones, depending on their immune status, the scope of the project, the potential for generation of dust or water aerosols, and the methods used to control these aerosols.
 - (b) Ensure proper operation of the air-handling system in the affected area after erection of barriers and before the room or area is set to negative pressure. Return air vents should be sealed off and blocked if rigid barriers are used for containment.
 - (c) Create and maintain negative air pressure in work zones adjacent to patientcare areas and ensure that required engineering controls are maintained.
 - (d) A HEPA (High Efficiency Particulate Accumulator) filter vacuum system rated at 95% capture of 0.3 microns shall be utilized. Ensure that negative air pressures occur within the work area. HEPA filtration is required where the exhaust dust may re-enter the breathing zone. HEPA filters should have American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) 85 or other prefilter to extend the useful life of the HEPA. Exhaust hoses shall be heavy duty, flexible steel reinforced and exhausted so that dust is not reintroduced into the facility.
 - (e) Negative airflow shall be monitored inside the rigid barriers.
 - (f) Barriers shall be monitored to ensure their integrity; any gaps or breaks in barrier joints shall be repaired immediately.
 - (g) Windows in work zones shall be sealed if practical; use window chutes for disposal of large pieces of debris as needed, but ensure that the negative pressure differential for the area is maintained.
 - (h) In patient care areas, for major repairs that include removal of ceiling tiles and disruption of the space above the false ceiling, use plastic sheets or prefabricated plastic units to contain dust; use negative air pressure systems

within this enclosure to remove dust; and either pass air through an industrialgrade portable HEPA filter capable of filtration rates of 300-800 ft3/min., or exhaust air directly to the outside away from any air intake devices.

- g. Traffic Control
 - (1) Designated entry and exit procedures will be defined (in conjunction with any necessary Interim Life Safety Measures) for each construction project where applicable.
 - (2) All egress pathways will be free of debris.
 - (3) Unauthorized personnel will not be allowed to enter the construction zone.
 - (4) Only designated elevators will be used for construction activities during scheduled times.
- h. Cleaning
 - (1) The construction zone and adjacent entry areas shall be maintained by the contractor in a clean and sanitary manner, and will be swept and wet mopped daily or more frequently as needed to minimize dust generation. Vacuum utilizing HEPA filtration. Area shall be maintained frequently and debris shall be removed as they are created.
 - (2) Debris shall not be hauled through patient care areas without prior approval of the COR, Infection Control and Safety. When approved, debris shall be hauled in enclosed dust-proof containers or wrapped in plastic and sealed with duct tape. No sharp objects shall be allowed to cut through the plastic. Wipe down the exterior of the containers with a damp rag to remove dust.
 - (3) Adhesive walk-off/carpet walk-off mats, minimum 24" x 36" shall be used at all interior transitions from the construction area to occupied Healthcare System areas. These mats shall be changed as often as required to maintain clean work areas directly outside the construction area. Other methods may be utilized as approved by Infection Control and the COR.
 - (4) There shall be no standing water during construction. This includes water in equipment drip pans and open containers within the construction areas. All accidental spills must be cleaned up and dried within 12 hours. Remove and dispose of porous materials that remain damp for more than 48 hours.
 - (5) Environmental Care Service will be responsible for the routine cleaning of adjacent areas and for the terminal cleaning of the construction zone prior to the opening of the newly renovated or constructed area. Specific responsibility will be defined in the construction contract.
- i. Contract Personnel Requirements
 - (1) Clothing shall be free of loose soil and debris upon exiting the construction zone.

- (2) Personal protective equipment, including face shields, gloves, and N95 respirators will be utilized as appropriate for the task at hand. Contractors are responsible for providing personal protective equipment.
- (3) Contractors entering sterile/invasive procedure areas will be provided with a disposable jump suit, head covering and shoe coverings that must be removed prior to exiting the work area. Tools and equipment must be damp-wiped prior to entry and exit from sterile and invasive procedure areas.
- (4) All equipment, tools, material, etc., transported through occupied areas shall be made free from dust and moisture by vacuuming and wipe down. Tools and equipment soiled with blood and body fluids will be cleaned with an approved germicide.
- j. Environmental Monitoring
 - (1) Infection Control, in conjunction with Facilities Management and Safety, will plan for environmental monitoring as appropriate for the project.
 - (2) There is no current Centers for Disease Control (CDC) recommendation regarding routine microbiologic air sampling before, during or after construction, or before or during occupancy of areas housing immuno-compromised patients. Infection Control will provide for baseline and periodic sampling as needed.
 - (3) Traffic control.
 - (4) Personal protective equipment.
 - (5) Water supply.

5. Completion Phase

- a. After completion of construction, ventilation will meet specifications as mandated by regulatory bodies. Restore HVAC, humidity and pressure differentials; replace spent filters with new filters.
- b. The area will be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before being placed into service.
- c. Potable water supply lines will be flushed before placing newly renovated or constructed areas into service. The construction contractor shall certify that the potable water is safe for use.
- d. The ICRA team will submit a final report to the Assistant Chief, Engineering Service, Planning and Construction regarding the compliance/noncompliance of Infection Control precautions during the project.

Attachments

- 1. Infection Control Risk Assessment
- 2. Infection Control Contractor Orientation
- 3. Infection Control Permit
- 4. Infection Control Inspection Checklist

General Requirements

Infection Control Risk Assessment

Matrix of Precautions for Construction & Renovation

Step One: Using the following table, identify the Type (A-D) of Construction Project Activity.

| | Inspection and Non-Invasive Activities. | | | | | |
|--------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Includes, but is not limited to: | | | | | |
| TYPE A | Removal of ceiling tiles for visual inspection limited to 1 tile per 50 square feet. Painting (but not sanding). | | | | | |
| | • Wall covering, electrical trim work, minor plumbing and activities that do not generate dust or require cutting of walls or access to ceilings other than for visual inspection. | | | | | |
| | Small scale, short duration activities that create minimal dust. | | | | | |
| ТҮРЕ В | Includes, but is not limited to: | | | | | |
| | • Installation of telephone and computer cabling. | | | | | |
| | • Access to chase spaces. | | | | | |
| | • Cutting of walls or ceiling where dust migration can be controlled. | | | | | |
| | Work that generates a moderate to high level of dust or requires demolition or | | | | | |
| | removal of any fixed building components or assemblies. | | | | | |
| | Includes, but is not limited to: | | | | | |
| ТҮРЕ С | • Sanding of walls for painting or wall covering. | | | | | |
| | • Removal of floor coverings, ceiling tiles and casework. | | | | | |
| | • New wall construction. | | | | | |
| | Minor duct work or electrical work above ceilings. | | | | | |
| | Major cabling activities. | | | | | |
| | • Any activity that cannot be completed within a single work shift. | | | | | |
| | Major demolition and construction projects. | | | | | |
| | Includes, but is not limited to: | | | | | |
| TYPE D | • Activities that require consecutive work shifts. | | | | | |
| | Requires heavy demolition or removal of a complete cabling system. | | | | | |
| | New construction. | | | | | |

STEP 1:____

Step Two: Using the following table, identify the *Patient Risk Groups* that will be affected.

August 14, 2015

| Low Risk | Medium Risk | High Risk | Highest Risk |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Office areas | Cardiology Echocardiography Endoscopy Nuclear Medicine Physical Therapy Radiology/MRI Respiratory Therapy | PediatricsPharmacyPost Anesthesia Care | Any area caring for immuno-compromised patients Burn Unit Cardiac Cath Lab Central Sterile Supply Intensive Care Units Medical Unit Negative pressure isolation rooms Oncology Operating rooms including C-section rooms |

Step 2:_____

Step Three: Match the...

Patient Risk Group (*Low, Medium, High, Highest*) with the planned ... Construction Project Type (*A*, *B*, *C*, *D*) on the following matrix, to find the ... Class of Precautions (*I*, *II*, *III or IV*) or level of infection control activities required. (Class I-IV or Color-Coded Precautions are delineated on the following page.)

IC Matrix - Class of Precautions: Construction Project by Patient Risk

| Construction 1 Toject Type | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| Patient Risk Group | TYPE A | ТҮРЕ В | ТҮРЕ С | TYPE D | | | | |
| LOW Risk Group | Ι | II | II | III | | | | |
| MEDIUM Risk Group | Ι | II | Ш | III/IV | | | | |
| HIGH Risk Group | Ι | II | III/IV | III/IV | | | | |
| HIGHEST Risk Group | II | III/IV | III/IV | III/IV | | | | |

Construction Project Type

Note: Infection Control approval will be required when the Construction Activity and Risk Level indicate that **Class III** or **Class IV** control procedures are necessary.

Step 3:_____

Description of Required Infection Control Precautions by Class

| During Construction Project | Upon Completion of Project |
|---|--|
| CLASS I 1. Notify and receive permission from the COR to perform requested work. 2. Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations. 3. Immediately replace a ceiling tile displac for visual inspection. | |
| 1. Notify and receive permission from the COR to perform requested work. 2. Provide active means to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into atmosphere. 3. Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting. 4. Seal unused doors with duct tape. 5. Block off and seal air vents. 6. Place dust mat at entrance and exit of wo area. 7. Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed. | Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed. |

| CLASS III | Remove or isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system. Complete all critical barriers, i.e., sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non- work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Construction of barrier will need to occur outside normal work shifts with approval of COR. Construct anteroom where possible and directed by COR. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers. Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid. If the spread of dust from construction personnel is not contained workers may be required to where show covers and or be | Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the VA's Safety Department. Remove barrier materials carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction. Barriers are required to be removed after hours with approval of COR. Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums. Wet mop area with disinfectant. Remove isolation of HVAC system in areas where work is being performed. |
|--------------|---|--|
| CLASS IV | personnel is not contained workers may be | the VA a certified I.H. must be used to certify cleaning as well as swab and air sampling of the area. These tests shall meet or exceed industry standards for the type of area being renovated. |

Step 4: Identify the areas surrounding the project area, assessing potential impact.

| Unit Below | Unit Above | Lateral | Lateral | Behind | Front |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Risk Group |

Step 5: Identify specific site of activity, e.g., patient rooms, medication room, etc.

Step 6: Identify issues related to: ventilation, plumbing, electrical, in terms of the occurrence of probable outages.

Step 7: Identify containment measures, using prior assessment. What types of barriers (e.g., solids wall barriers)? Will HEPA filtration be required?

(Note: Renovation/construction area shall be isolated from the occupied areas during construction and shall be negative with respect to surrounding areas.)

- **Step 8:** Consider potential risk of water damage. Is there a risk due to compromising structural integrity (e.g., wall, ceiling, roof)?
- **Step 9:** Work hours can or will the work be done during non-patient care hours?
- Step 10: Do plans allow for adequate number of isolation/negative airflow rooms?
- Step 11: Do the plans allow for the required number and type of hand washing sinks?
- **Step 12:** Does the infection control staff agree with the minimum number of sinks for this project? (*Verify against AIA Guidelines for types and area.*)
- **Step 13:** Does the infection control staff agree with the plans relative to clean and soiled utility rooms?

General Requirements

Step 14: Plan to discuss the following containment issues with the project team: traffic flow, housekeeping, debris removal (how and when).

Appendix: Identify and communicate the responsibility for project monitoring that includes infection control concerns and risks. The ICRA may be modified throughout the project. Revisions must be communicated to the Project Manager.

Infection Control Orientation for Construction Workers

The goal of the Infection Control Program is to identify and reduce the risks of acquiring and transmitting infections among patients, employees, physicians and other licensed independent practitioners, contract service workers, volunteers, students and visitors.

During construction, renovation and minor improvement projects, hidden infectious disease hazards may be released into the air, carried on dust particles or on clothing. One such hazard is fungal organisms such as Aspergillus. Aspergillus species may be found in decaying leaves and compost, plaster and drywall, and settled dust. These organisms usually do not cause problems in healthy people, but can cause problems in a hospital is full of sick patients! Aspergillus and other fungal organisms can cause illness and even death in people with certain medical conditions such as transplant patients, cancer treatment patients and patients with lung problems or poor immunity. Therefore, it is critical that you do your part to keep our patients, employees and visitors as safe and healthy as possible. We, in turn, will make conditions as safe as possible for you.

1. Medical Waste

- a. We will remove any medical waste, including sharps containers (for used needles and syringes), from construction areas prior to the start of projects.
- b. If you (contract workers) find any needles, syringes or sharp medical objects, please notify your supervisor and the Infection Control Nurse (X) *immediately*.

2. Barrier Walls

The construction areas *must* be kept separate from patient care areas by barriers that keep the dust and dirt inside the worksite. The walls must provide a complete seal of the construction area from adjacent areas (walls may be rigid or 4 - 6 mil thickness plastic).

3. Environmental Control

- a. Negative air pressure must be maintained within the construction area.
- b. Demolition debris must be removed in tightly fitted covered carts. Use specified traffic patterns.
- c. Sticky or walk-off mats are placed immediately outside the construction zone and changed whenever necessary to control the spread of dust and dirt.
- d. Exterior window seals are to be used to reduce the amount of outside excavation debris coming into the building.
- e. If demolition chutes are used, they must be sealed when not in use. The chute and damper should be sprayed with water, as necessary, to maintain dust control.
- f. Control, collection and disposal must be provided for any drain liquid or sludge found when demolishing plumbing.

August 14, 2015

4. Traffic Control

- a. Use designated entry and exit procedures.
- b. Keep all egress pathways free of debris.
- c. No unauthorized personnel should be allowed to enter construction areas.
- d. Use designated elevators only.

5. Cleaning

- a. Keep the construction area clean on a *daily* basis.
- b. Dust and dirt *must* be kept to a minimum.

6. Workers

- a. Clothing must be free of loose soil and debris when exiting the construction area.
- b. Use personal protective equipment (masks, face shields, etc.) as indicated for the task at hand.
- c. Handwashing is the best method of reducing the transmission of infection. Always wash your hands with soap and water after visiting the restroom, before eating or smoking, and when leaving the construction site.

Questions? Please feel free to call the Infection Control Nurse, Ext. xxxx

August 14, 2015

Infection Control Construction Permit

| Construction Class: | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Project Name and Number: | Permit #: | | | | |
| Location of Construction: | | | | | |
| COR: | Telephone: | | | | |
| Contractor Performing Work: | | | | | |
| Supervisor: | Telephone: | | | | |
| | 1. Obtain approval from COR before activities begin | | | | |
| | 2. Work performed is limited to inspections and minor installations | | | | |
| CLASS I | Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from inspection operations Permit does not need to be posted for this classification. | | | | |
| | 1. Obtain and post infection control permit at work location before work begins | | | | |
| | Provide active means to prevent air borne dust from dispersing into atmosphere Place dust mat at entrances and exits of work sites | | | | |
| CLASS II | 4. Tools and equipment must be cleaned prior to entrance to the medical center | | | | |
| | 5. Isolate HVAC and seal unused doors with duct tape | | | | |
| | 6. Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers | | | | |
| | 1. Obtain and post infection control permit at work location before work begins | | | | |
| | 2. Follow all requirements listed for Class II in addition to requirements listed below3. Isolate supply and return ductwork to prevent contamination of system. | | | | |
| | 4. Complete all critical dust barriers as well as the creation of an anti-room where required for inspection by COR before work begins. | | | | |
| CLASS III | 5. Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.6. Construct antiroom where required by COR and I.C. Nurse | | | | |
| | 7. Obtain COR approval before construction and removal of any dust partitions | | | | |
| | 8. Include paticle count readings on daily logs against baseline points as required by COR or I.C. Nurse. | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| FINAL CD SUBMISSION | VAMC WADE PARK | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| August 14, 2015 | Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210 | | | |
| CLASS IV | Obtain and post infection control permit at work location before work begins Follow all requirements listed for Class III in addition to requirements listed below Workers are required to wear clean suites on site All personnel entering and leaving work site must be vacuumed using a HEPA filter vacuum cleaner. This class of permit will require additional specialized precautions unique to each activity which will be listed below | | | |
| € PPDs Required € Additional Requirements: | | | | |
| Infection Control Nurse: | Date: | | | |
| COR: | Date: | | | |
| Contractor: | Date: | | | |

August 14, 2015

Infection Control Construction Inspection Form

| Construction Location/Project #: | | | | | | PI Infection Control: |
|--|-------------|---------------|------------|---------|---------|-----------------------|
| Contractor: | P | hone: | | | | COR: |
| Type of Construction: | А | В | С | D | | 1 |
| Patient Risk Group: | Low | Medium | High | Highest | | |
| Class of Precautions: | Ι | II | III | IV | | |
| | <u> </u> | I | | | Comment | ts |
| Class I, II, III, IV | | | | | | |
| 1. Methods in place to minimize | dust raisii | ng. | | | | |
| 2. Appropriate signage on doors | to constru | ction area. | | | | |
| 3. Appropriate debris transport, i elevator, dedicated route, etc. | .e., covere | ed cart, dedi | cated | | | |
| 4. Area cleaned at end of the day. | /trash to c | lesignated a | rea. | | | |
| 5. No visible signs of mice, insec | ts, birds o | or other verr | nin. | | | |
| 6. Roof protection in place for pr | ojects on | roof. | | | | |
| 7. Displaced ceiling tiles immediately replaced. | | | | | | |
| 8. Traffic pattern discourages pat | ient expo | sure. | | | | |
| Water disruptions, if needed, are scheduled during low activity. | | | | | | |
| Class II, III, IV | | | | | | |
| 10. Barrier is solid and airflow go | es from c | lean to dirty | ' . | | | |
| 11. Surfaces water-misted to cont | rol dust w | hile cutting | | | | |
| 12. Unused doors sealed with duc | t tape. | | | | | |
| 13. Air vents blocked off and seal | ed. | | | | | |
| 14. Walk off mats at work areas kept wet throughout the day. | | | | | | |
| 15. Floors not showing visible track dirt outside construction | | | | | | |
| area. 16. HVAC system for this area is sealed or isolated. | | | | | | |
| Class III, IV | | | | | | |
| 17. Critical barriers to seal area in place before beginning. | | | | | | |
| Negative air pressure maintain units. | 1 | - | - | | | |
| 19. Waste contained in tightly cov | vered con | tainers. | | | | |
| 20. Transport carts sealed with tap | pe if not a | solid lid. | | | | |

August 14, 2015

| Class IV | |
|---|--|
| 21. Patients relocated away from construction area. | |
| 22. HVAC system for this area is isolated. | |
| Holes, pipes, conduits and punctures are sealed appropriately. | |
| 24. Anteroom present and all personnel are required to pass through and be vacuumed with HEPA vacuum prior to leaving the site <i>or</i> they wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave the site. | |
| 25. Barriers in place until final inspection by Safety and Infection Control and cleaning by ECS. | |
| Initials: | |

SECTION 01 23 00 ALTERNATES

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section administrative and procedural requirements for deduct alternates.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. Deduct Alternate: An amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Form for certain work defined in the bidding requirements that may be excluded from the base bid amount if Owner decides to accept a corresponding change either in the amount of construction to be completed or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.
 - Deduct Alternates described in this Section are part of the Work only if enumerated in the Agreement.
 - A deduct alternate is the net deduction from the Base Bid Contract Sum to exclude the deduct alternate from the Work. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

1.3 PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Revise or adjust affected adjacent work as necessary to completely integrate work of the deduct alternate into Project.
 - Include as part of each deduct alternate, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not indicated as part of the deduct alternate.
- B. Notification: Immediately following award of the Contract, notify each party involved, in writing, of the status of each deduct alternate. Indicate if dedcut alternates have been accepted, rejected, or deferred for later consideration. Include a complete description of negotiated revisions to deduct alternates.
- C. Execute accepted deduct alternates under the same conditions as other work of the Contract.
- D. Schedule: Refer to Specification 01 00 00, Paragraph 1.3 for a list of Alternates.

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 01 32 16.15 PROJECT SCHEDULES

PART 1- GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION:

A. The Contractor shall develop a Critical Path Method (CPM) plan and schedule demonstrating fulfillment of the contract requirements (Project Schedule), and shall keep the Project Schedule up-to-date in accordance with the requirements of this section and shall utilize the plan for scheduling, coordinating and monitoring work under this contract (including all activities of subcontractors, equipment vendors and suppliers). Conventional Critical Path Method (CPM) technique shall be utilized to satisfy both time and cost applications.

1.2 CONTRACTOR'S REPRESENTATIVE:

- A. The Contractor shall designate an authorized representative responsible for the Project Schedule including preparation, review and progress reporting with and to the Contracting Officer's Representative (COR).
- B. The Contractor's representative shall have direct project control and complete authority to act on behalf of the Contractor in fulfilling the requirements of this specification section.
- C. The Contractor's representative shall have the option of developing the project schedule within their organization or to engage the services of an outside consultant. If an outside scheduling consultant is utilized, Section 1.3 of this specification will apply.

1.3 CONTRACTOR'S CONSULTANT:

- A. The Contractor shall submit a qualification proposal to the COR, within 10 days of bid acceptance. The qualification proposal shall include:
 - 1. The name and address of the proposed consultant.
 - Information to show that the proposed consultant has the qualifications to meet the requirements specified in the preceding paragraph.
 - 3. A representative sample of prior construction projects, which the proposed consultant has performed complete project scheduling services. These representative samples shall be of similar size and scope.
- B. The Contracting Officer has the right to approve or disapprove the proposed consultant, and will notify the Contractor of the VA decision within seven calendar days from receipt of the qualification proposal.

In case of disapproval, the Contractor shall resubmit another consultant within 10 calendar days for renewed consideration. The Contractor shall have their scheduling consultant approved prior to submitting any schedule for approval.

1.4 COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES

- A. The contractor shall provide monthly, to the Department of Veterans Affairs (VA), all computer-produced time/cost schedules and reports generated from monthly project updates. This monthly computer service will include: three copies of up to five different reports (inclusive of all pages) available within the user defined reports of the scheduling software approved by the Contracting Officer; a hard copy listing of all project schedule changes, and associated data, made at the update and an electronic file of this data; and the resulting monthly updated schedule in PDM format. These must be submitted with and substantively support the contractor's monthly payment request and the signed look ahead report. The COR shall identify the five different report formats that the contractor shall provide.
- B. The contractor shall be responsible for the correctness and timeliness of the computer-produced reports. The Contractor shall also be responsible for the accurate and timely submittal of the updated project schedule and all CPM data necessary to produce the computer reports and payment request that is specified.
- C. The VA will report errors in computer-produced reports to the Contractor's representative within ten calendar days from receipt of reports. The Contractor shall reprocess the computer-produced reports and associated diskette(s), when requested by the Contracting Officer's representative, to correct errors which affect the payment and schedule for the project.

1.5 THE COMPLETE PROJECT SCHEDULE SUBMITTAL

A. Within 14 calendar days after receipt of Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall submit for the Contracting Officer's review; three blue line copies of the interim schedule on sheets of paper 765 x 1070 mm (30 x 42 inches) and an electronic file in the previously approved CPM schedule program. The submittal shall also include three copies of a computer-produced activity/event ID schedule showing project duration; phase completion dates; and other data, including event cost. Each activity/event on the computer-produced schedule shall contain as

VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210

a minimum, but not limited to, activity/event ID, activity/event description, duration, budget amount, early start date, early finish date, late start date, late finish date and total float. Work activity/event relationships shall be restricted to finish-to-start or start-to-start without lead or lag constraints. Activity/event date constraints, not required by the contract, will not be accepted unless submitted to and approved by the Contracting Officer. The contractor shall make a separate written detailed request to the Contracting Officer identifying these date constraints and secure the Contracting Officer's written approval before incorporating them into the network diagram. The Contracting Officer's separate approval of the Project Schedule shall not excuse the contractor of this requirement. Logic events (non-work) will be permitted where necessary to reflect proper logic among work events, but must have zero duration. The complete working schedule shall reflect the Contractor's approach to scheduling the complete project. The final Project Schedule in its original form shall contain no contract changes or delays which may have been incurred during the final network diagram development period and shall reflect the entire contract duration as defined in the bid documents. These changes/delays shall be entered at the first update after the final Project Schedule has been approved. The Contractor should provide their requests for time and supporting time extension analysis for contract time as a result of contract changes/delays, after this update, and in accordance with Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.

- D. Within 30 calendar days after receipt of the complete project interim Project Schedule and the complete final Project Schedule, the Contracting Officer or his representative, will do one or both of the following:
 - Notify the Contractor concerning his actions, opinions, and objections.
 - 2. A meeting with the Contractor at or near the job site for joint review, correction or adjustment of the proposed plan will be scheduled if required. Within 14 calendar days after the joint review, the Contractor shall revise and shall submit three blue line copies of the revised Project Schedule, three copies of the revised computer-produced activity/event ID schedule and a revised

August 14, 2015

electronic file as specified by the Contracting Officer. The revised submission will be reviewed by the Contracting Officer and, if found to be as previously agreed upon, will be approved.

- E. The approved baseline schedule and the computer-produced schedule(s) generated there from shall constitute the approved baseline schedule until subsequently revised in accordance with the requirements of this section.
- F. The Complete Project Schedule shall contain sufficient detail to provide an accurate depiction of all construction activities.

1.6 WORK ACTIVITY/EVENT COST DATA

- A. The Contractor shall cost load all work activities/events except procurement activities. The cumulative amount of all cost loaded work activities/events (including alternates) shall equal the total contract price. Prorate overhead, profit and general conditions on all work activities/events for the entire project length. The contractor shall generate from this information cash flow curves indicating graphically the total percentage of work activity/event dollar value scheduled to be in place on early finish, late finish. These cash flow curves will be used by the Contracting Officer to assist him in determining approval or disapproval of the cost loading. Negative work activity/event cost data will not be acceptable, except on VA issued contract changes.
- B. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for guarantee period services, test, balance and adjust various systems in accordance with the provisions in Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.236 - 83 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS).
- C. In accordance with FAR 52.236 1 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR) and VAAR 852.236 - 72 (PERFORMANCE OF WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR), the Contractor shall submit, simultaneously with the cost per work activity/event of the construction schedule required by this Section, a responsibility code for all activities/events of the project for which the Contractor's forces will perform the work.
- D. The Contractor shall cost load work activities/events for all BID ITEMS including ASBESTOS ABATEMENT. The sum of each BID ITEM work shall equal the value of the bid item in the Contractors' bid.

1.7 PROJECT SCHEDULE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Show on the project schedule the sequence of work activities/events required for complete performance of all items of work. The Contractor Shall:
 - 1. Show activities/events as:
 - a. Contractor's time required for submittal of shop drawings, templates, fabrication, delivery and similar pre-construction work.
 - b. Contracting Officer's and Architect-Engineer's review and approval of shop drawings, equipment schedules, samples, template, or similar items.
 - c. Interruption of VA Facilities utilities, delivery of Government furnished equipment, and rough-in drawings, project phasing and any other specification requirements.
 - d. Test, balance and adjust various systems and pieces of equipment, maintenance and operation manuals, instructions and preventive maintenance tasks.
 - e. VA inspection and acceptance activity/event with a minimum duration of five work days at the end of each phase and immediately preceding any VA activation period required by the contract phasing for that phase.
 - 2. Show not only the activities/events for actual construction work for each trade category of the project, but also trade relationships to indicate the movement of trades from one area, floor, or building, to another area, floor, or building, for at least five trades who are performing major work under this contract.
 - 3. Break up the work into activities/events of a duration no longer than 20 work days each or one reporting period, except as to non-construction activities/events (i.e., procurement of materials, delivery of equipment, concrete and asphalt curing) and any other activities/events for which the COR may approve the showing of a longer duration. The duration for VA approval of any required submittal, shop drawing, or other submittals will not be less than 20 work days.
 - 4. Describe work activities/events clearly, so the work is readily identifiable for assessment of completion. Activities/events labeled

August 14, 2015

"start," "continue," or "completion," are not specific and will not be allowed. Lead and lag time activities will not be acceptable.

- 5. The schedule shall be generally numbered in such a way to reflect discipline, phase or location of the work.
- B. The Contractor shall submit the following supporting data in addition to the project schedule:
 - The appropriate project calendar including working days and holidays.
 - 2. The planned number of shifts per day.
 - 3. The number of hours per shift.

Failure of the Contractor to include this data shall delay the review of the submittal until the Contracting Officer is in receipt of the missing data.

- C. To the extent that the Project Schedule or any revised Project Schedule shows anything not jointly agreed upon, it shall not be deemed to have been approved by the COR. Failure to include any element of work required for the performance of this contract shall not excuse the Contractor from completing all work required within any applicable completion date of each phase regardless of the COR's approval of the Project Schedule.
- D. Compact Disk Requirements and CPM Activity/Event Record Specifications: Submit to the VA an electronic file(s) containing one file of the data required to produce a schedule, reflecting all the activities/events of the complete project schedule being submitted.

1.8 PAYMENT TO THE CONTRACTOR:

A. Monthly, the contractor shall submit an application and certificate for payment using VA Form 10-6001a or the AIA application and certificate for payment documents G702 & G703 reflecting updated schedule activities and cost data in accordance with the provisions of the following Article, PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING, as the basis upon which progress payments will be made pursuant to Article, FAR 52.232 - 5 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS) and VAAR 852.236 - 83 (PAYMENT UNDER FIXED-PRICE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS). The Contractor shall be entitled to a monthly progress payment upon approval of estimates as determined from the currently approved updated project schedule. Monthly payment requests shall include: a listing of all

August 14, 2015

agreed upon project schedule changes and associated data; and an electronic file (s) of the resulting monthly updated schedule.

B. Approval of the Contractor's monthly Application for Payment shall be contingent, among other factors, on the submittal of a satisfactory monthly update of the project schedule.

1.9 PAYMENT AND PROGRESS REPORTING

- A. Monthly schedule update meetings will be held on dates mutually agreed to by the COR and the Contractor. Contractor and their CPM consultant (if applicable) shall attend all monthly schedule update meetings. The Contractor shall accurately update the Project Schedule and all other data required and provide this information to the COR three work days in advance of the schedule update meeting. Job progress will be reviewed to verify:
 - Actual start and/or finish dates for updated/completed activities/events.
 - Remaining duration for each activity/event started, or scheduled to start, but not completed.
 - Logic, time and cost data for change orders, and supplemental agreements that are to be incorporated into the Project Schedule.
 - Changes in activity/event sequence and/or duration which have been made, pursuant to the provisions of following Article, ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION.
 - 5. Completion percentage for all completed and partially completed activities/events.
 - Logic and duration revisions required by this section of the specifications.
 - 7. Activity/event duration and percent complete shall be updated independently.
- B. After completion of the joint review, the contractor shall generate an updated computer-produced calendar-dated schedule and supply the Contracting Officer's representative with reports in accordance with the Article, COMPUTER PRODUCED SCHEDULES, specified.
- C. After completing the monthly schedule update, the contractor's representative or scheduling consultant shall rerun all current period contract change(s) against the prior approved monthly project schedule. The analysis shall only include original workday durations and schedule logic agreed upon by the contractor and COR for the contract change(s).

When there is a disagreement on logic and/or durations, the Contractor shall use the schedule logic and/or durations provided and approved by the COR. After each rerun update, the resulting electronic project schedule data file shall be appropriately identified and submitted to the VA in accordance to the requirements listed in articles 1.4 and 1.7. This electronic submission is separate from the regular monthly project schedule update requirements and shall be submitted to the COR within fourteen (14) calendar days of completing the regular schedule update. Before inserting the contract changes durations, care must be taken to ensure that only the original durations will be used for the analysis, not the reported durations after progress. In addition, once the final network diagram is approved, the contractor must recreate all manual progress payment updates on this approved network diagram and associated reruns for contract changes in each of these update periods as outlined above for regular update periods. This will require detailed record keeping for each of the manual progress payment updates.

D. Following approval of the CPM schedule, the VA, the General Contractor, its approved CPM Consultant, RE office representatives, and all subcontractors needed, as determined by the SRE, shall meet to discuss the monthly updated schedule. The main emphasis shall be to address work activities to avoid slippage of project schedule and to identify any necessary actions required to maintain project schedule during the reporting period. The Government representatives and the Contractor should conclude the meeting with a clear understanding of those work and administrative actions necessary to maintain project schedule status during the reporting period. This schedule coordination meeting will occur after each monthly project schedule update meeting utilizing the resulting schedule reports from that schedule update. If the project is behind schedule, discussions should include ways to prevent further slippage as well as ways to improve the project schedule status, when appropriate.

1.10 RESPONSIBILITY FOR COMPLETION

A. If it becomes apparent from the current revised monthly progress schedule that phasing or contract completion dates will not be met, the Contractor shall execute some or all of the following remedial actions:

- 1. Increase construction manpower in such quantities and crafts as necessary to eliminate the backlog of work.
- Increase the number of working hours per shift, shifts per working day, working days per week, the amount of construction equipment, or any combination of the foregoing to eliminate the backlog of work.
- 3. Reschedule the work in conformance with the specification requirements.
- B. Prior to proceeding with any of the above actions, the Contractor shall notify and obtain approval from the COR for the proposed schedule changes. If such actions are approved, the representative schedule revisions shall be incorporated by the Contractor into the Project Schedule before the next update, at no additional cost to the Government.

1.11 CHANGES TO THE SCHEDULE

- A. Within 30 calendar days after VA acceptance and approval of any updated project schedule, the Contractor shall submit a revised electronic file (s) and a list of any activity/event changes including predecessors and successors for any of the following reasons:
 - Delay in completion of any activity/event or group of activities/events, which may be involved with contract changes, strikes, unusual weather, and other delays will not relieve the Contractor from the requirements specified unless the conditions are shown on the CPM as the direct cause for delaying the project beyond the acceptable limits.
 - Delays in submittals, or deliveries, or work stoppage are encountered which make rescheduling of the work necessary.
 - The schedule does not represent the actual prosecution and progress of the project.
 - When there is, or has been, a substantial revision to the activity/event costs regardless of the cause for these revisions.
- B. CPM revisions made under this paragraph which affect the previously approved computer-produced schedules for Government furnished equipment, vacating of areas by the VA Facility, contract phase(s) and sub phase(s), utilities furnished by the Government to the Contractor, or any other previously contracted item, shall be furnished in writing to the Contracting Officer for approval.

- C. Contracting Officer's approval for the revised project schedule and all relevant data is contingent upon compliance with all other paragraphs of this section and any other previous agreements by the Contracting Officer or the VA representative.
- D. The cost of revisions to the project schedule resulting from contract changes will be included in the proposal for changes in work as specified in FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes) and VAAR 852.236 - 88 (Changes -Supplemental), and will be based on the complexity of the revision or contract change, man hours expended in analyzing the change, and the total cost of the change.
- E. The cost of revisions to the Project Schedule not resulting from contract changes is the responsibility of the Contractor.

1.12 ADJUSTMENT OF CONTRACT COMPLETION

- A. The contract completion time will be adjusted only for causes specified in this contract. Request for an extension of the contract completion date by the Contractor shall be supported with a justification, CPM data and supporting evidence as the COR may deem necessary for determination as to whether or not the Contractor is entitled to an extension of time under the provisions of the contract. Submission of proof based on revised activity/event logic, durations (in work days) and costs is obligatory to any approvals. The schedule must clearly display that the Contractor has used, in full, all the float time available for the work involved in this request. The Contracting Officer's determination as to the total number of days of contract extension will be based upon the current computer-produced calendar-dated schedule for the time period in question and all other relevant information.
- B. Actual delays in activities/events which, according to the computer- produced calendar-dated schedule, do not affect the extended and predicted contract completion dates shown by the critical path in the network, will not be the basis for a change to the contract completion date. The Contracting Officer will within a reasonable time after receipt of such justification and supporting evidence, review the facts and advise the Contractor in writing of the Contracting Officer's decision.
- C. The Contractor shall submit each request for a change in the contract completion date to the Contracting Officer in accordance with the

Project Schedules 01 32 16.15 - 10

provisions specified under FAR 52.243 - 4 (Changes) and VAAR 852.236 - 88 (Changes - Supplemental). The Contractor shall include, as a part of each change order proposal, a sketch showing all CPM logic revisions, duration (in work days) changes, and cost changes, for work in question and its relationship to other activities on the approved network diagram.

D. All delays due to non-work activities/events such as RFI's, WEATHER, STRIKES, and similar non-work activities/events shall be analyzed on a month by month basis.

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 01 33 23 SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

- 1-1. Refer to Articles titled SPECIFICATIONS AND DRAWINGS FOR CONSTRUCTION (FAR 52.236-21) and, SPECIAL NOTES (VAAR 852.236-91), in GENERAL CONDITIONS.
- 1-2. For the purposes of this contract, samples, test reports, certificates, and manufacturers' literature and data shall also be subject to the previously referenced requirements. The following text refers to all items collectively as SUBMITTALS.
- 1-3. Submit for approval, all of the items specifically mentioned under the separate sections of the specification, with information sufficient to evidence full compliance with contract requirements. Materials, fabricated articles and the like to be installed in permanent work shall equal those of approved submittals. After an item has been approved, no change in brand or make will be permitted unless:
 - A. Satisfactory written evidence is presented to, and approved by Contracting Officer, that manufacturer cannot make scheduled delivery of approved item or;
 - B. Item delivered has been rejected and substitution of a suitable item is an urgent necessity or;
 - C. Other conditions become apparent which indicates approval of such substitute item to be in best interest of the Government.
- 1-4. Forward submittals in sufficient time to permit proper consideration and approval action by Government. Time submission to assure adequate lead time for procurement of contract - required items. Delays attributable to untimely and rejected submittals will not serve as a basis for extending contract time for completion.
- 1-5. Submittals will be reviewed for compliance with contract requirements by Architect-Engineer, and action thereon will be taken by COR on behalf of the Contracting Officer.
- 1-6. Contractor shall assign a file number to each submittal. Contractor, in any subsequent correspondence, shall refer to this file and identification number to expedite replies relative to previously approved or disapproved submittals.

- 1-7. The Government reserves the right to require additional submittals, whether or not particularly mentioned in this contract. If additional submittals beyond those required by the contract are furnished pursuant to request therefor by Contracting Officer, adjustment in contract price and time will be made in accordance with Articles titled CHANGES (FAR 52.243-4) and CHANGES - SUPPLEMENT (VAAR 852.236-88) of the GENERAL CONDITIONS.
- 1-8. Schedules called for in specifications and shown on shop drawings shall be submitted for use and information of Department of Veterans Affairs and Architect-Engineer. However, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for coordinating and verifying schedules. The Contracting Officer and Architect-Engineer assumes no responsibility for checking schedules or layout drawings for exact sizes, exact numbers and detailed positioning of items.
- 1-9. Submittals must be submitted by Contractor only and shipped prepaid. Contracting Officer assumes no responsibility for checking quantities or exact numbers included in such submittals.
 - A. Submit samples required by individual specification sections, in quadruplicate, except where a greater number is required. Electronic submittal of samples is not permitted.
 - B. Shop drawings, schedules, manufacturers' literature and data, and certificates shall be submitted electronically in PDF format, unless specifically indicated otherwise.
 - C. Submittals will receive consideration only when accompanied by a transmittal letter signed by Contractor. Letter shall be submitted electronically in PDF format for all submittals except samples, and shall contain the list of items, name of Medical Center, name of Contractor, contract number, applicable specification paragraph numbers, applicable drawing numbers (and other information required for exact identification of location for each item), manufacturer and brand, ASTM or Federal Specification Number (if any) and such additional information as may be required by specifications for particular item being furnished. In addition, catalogs shall be marked to indicate specific items submitted for approval.
 - A copy of letter must be enclosed with items, and any items received without identification letter will be considered "unclaimed goods" and held for a limited time only.

SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES 01 33 23 - 2

- Each sample, certificate, manufacturers' literature and data shall be labeled to indicate the name and location of the Medical Center, name of Contractor, manufacturer, brand, contract number and ASTM or Federal Specification Number as applicable and location(s) on project.
- Required certificates shall be signed by an authorized representative of manufacturer or supplier of material, and by Contractor.
- D. If submittal samples have been disapproved, resubmit new samples as soon as possible after notification of disapproval. Such new samples shall be marked "Resubmitted Sample" in addition to containing other previously specified information required on label and in transmittal letter.
- E. Approved samples will be kept on file by the COR at the site until completion of contract, at which time such samples will be delivered to Contractor as Contractor's property. Where noted in technical sections of specifications, approved samples in good condition may be used in their proper locations in contract work. At completion of contract, samples that are not approved will be returned to Contractor only upon request and at Contractor's expense. Such request should be made prior to completion of the contract. Disapproved samples that are not requested for return by Contractor will be discarded after completion of contract.
- F. Submittal drawings (shop, erection or setting drawings) and schedules, required for work of various trades, shall be checked before submission by technically qualified employees of Contractor for accuracy, completeness and compliance with contract requirements. These drawings and schedules shall be stamped and signed by Contractor certifying to such check. Submittal drawings shall be submitted electronically, and shall comply with the following requirements:
 - Each drawing shall have marked thereon, proper descriptive title, including Medical Center location, project number, manufacturer's number, reference to contract drawing number, detail Section Number, and Specification Section Number.
 - A space 120 mm by 125 mm (4-3/4 by 5 inches) shall be reserved on each drawing to accommodate approval or disapproval stamp.

SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES 01 33 23 - 3

- 3. When work is directly related and involves more than one trade, shop drawings shall be submitted to Architect-Engineer under one cover.
- F. If submittal drawings have been disapproved, resubmit new drawings as soon as possible after notification of disapproval. Such new drawings shall be marked "Resubmitted Drawings" in addition to containing other previously specified information required on label and in transmittal letter.
- 1-10. Samples, shop drawings, test reports, certificates and manufacturers' literature and data, shall be submitted for approval to: René Niemoller Perspectus Architecture 13212 Shaker Square, Suite 204 Cleveland, Ohio 44120 rniemoller@perspectusarch.com
- 1-11. At the time of transmittal to the Architect-Engineer, the Contractor shall also send a copy of the complete submittal directly to the COR.

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 01 35 26 SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

1.1 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:

- A. Latest publications listed below form part of this Article to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designations only.
- B. American Society of Safety Engineers (ASSE): A10.1-2011.....Pre-Project & Pre-Task Safety and Health Planning A10.34-2012.....Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Construction Sites A10.38-2013.....Basic Elements of an Employer's Program to
 - Provide a Safe and Healthful Work Environment American National Standard Construction and Demolition Operations
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):

E84-2013.....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials

D. The Facilities Guidelines Institute (FGI):

FGI Guidelines-2010Guidelines for Design and Construction of Healthcare Facilities

E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

70B-2013.....Recommended Practice for Electrical Equipment Maintenance

70E-2012Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace 99-2012.....Health Care Facilities Code

241-2013.....Standard for Safeguarding Construction,

Alteration, and Demolition Operations

F. The Joint Commission (TJC)

TJC ManualComprehensive Accreditation and Certification

Manual

G. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

10 CFR 20Standards for Protection Against Radiation

August 14, 2015

H. U.S. Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA): 29 CFR 1904Reporting and Recording Injuries & Illnesses 29 CFR 1910Safety and Health Regulations for General Industry 29 CFR 1926Safety and Health Regulations for Construction Industry

CPL 2-0.124......Multi-Employer Citation Policy

I. VHA Directive 2005-007

1.2 DEFINITIONS:

- A. OSHA "Competent Person" (CP). One who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings and working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and who has the authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them (see 29 CFR 1926.32(f)).
- B. "Qualified Person" means one who, by possession of a recognized degree, certificate, or professional standing, or who by extensive knowledge, training and experience, has successfully demonstrated his ability to solve or resolve problems relating to the subject matter, the work, or the project.
- C. High Visibility Accident. Any mishap which may generate publicity or high visibility.
- D. Medical Treatment. Treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does not include first aid treatment even through provided by a physician or registered personnel.
- E. Recordable Injuries or Illnesses. Any work-related injury or illness that results in:
 - Death, regardless of the time between the injury and death, or the length of the illness;
 - Days away from work (any time lost after day of injury/illness onset);
 - 3. Restricted work;
 - 4. Transfer to another job;
 - 5. Medical treatment beyond first aid;
 - 6. Loss of consciousness; or

August 14, 2015

 A significant injury or illness diagnosed by a physician or other licensed health care professional, even if it did not result in (1) through (6) above.

1.3 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

A. In addition to the detailed requirements included in the provisions of this contract, comply with 29 CFR 1926, comply with 29 CFR 1910 as incorporated by reference within 29 CFR 1926, comply with ASSE A10.34, and all applicable federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, criteria, rules and regulations. Submit matters of interpretation of standards for resolution before starting work. Where the requirements of this specification, applicable laws, criteria, ordinances, regulations, and referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements govern except with specific written approval and acceptance by the Contracting Officer Representative (COR).

1.4 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP):

- A. The APP (aka Construction Safety & Health Plan) shall interface with the Contractor's overall safety and health program. Include any portions of the Contractor's overall safety and health program referenced in the APP in the applicable APP element and ensure it is site-specific. The Government considers the Prime Contractor to be the "controlling authority" for all worksite safety and health of each subcontractor(s). Contractors are responsible for informing their subcontractors of the safety provisions under the terms of the contract and the penalties for noncompliance, coordinating the work to prevent one craft from interfering with or creating hazardous working conditions for other crafts, and inspecting subcontractor operations to ensure that accident prevention responsibilities are being carried out.
- B. The APP shall be prepared as follows:
 - Written in English by a qualified person who is employed by the Prime Contractor articulating the specific work and hazards pertaining to the contract (model language can be found in ASSE A10.33). Specifically articulating the safety requirements found within these VA contract safety specifications.
 - 2. Address both the Prime Contractors and the subcontractors work operations.
 - 3. State measures to be taken to control hazards associated with materials, services, or equipment provided by suppliers.
 - 4. Address all the elements/sub-elements and in order as follows:

- a. SIGNATURE SHEET. Title, signature, and phone number of the following:
 - Plan preparer (Qualified Person such as corporate safety staff person or contracted Certified Safety Professional with construction safety experience);
 - Plan approver (company/corporate officers authorized to obligate the company);
 - 3) Plan concurrence (e.g., Chief of Operations, Corporate Chief of Safety, Corporate Industrial Hygienist, project manager or superintendent, project safety professional). Provide concurrence of other applicable corporate and project personnel (Contractor).
- b. BACKGROUND INFORMATION. List the following:
 - 1) Contractor;
 - 2) Contract number;
 - 3) Project name;
 - Brief project description, description of work to be performed, and location; phases of work anticipated (these will require an AHA).
- c. STATEMENT OF SAFETY AND HEALTH POLICY. Provide a copy of current corporate/company Safety and Health Policy Statement, detailing commitment to providing a safe and healthful workplace for all employees. The Contractor's written safety program goals, objectives, and accident experience goals for this contract should be provided.
- d. RESPONSIBILITIES AND LINES OF AUTHORITIES. Provide the following:
 - A statement of the employer's ultimate responsibility for the implementation of his SOH program;
 - Identification and accountability of personnel responsible for safety at both corporate and project level. Contracts specifically requiring safety or industrial hygiene personnel shall include a copy of their resumes.
 - 3) The names of Competent and/or Qualified Person(s) and proof of competency/qualification to meet specific OSHA Competent/Qualified Person(s) requirements must be attached.;
 - Requirements that no work shall be performed unless a designated competent person is present on the job site;
 - 5) Requirements for pre-task Activity Hazard Analysis (AHAs);

- 6) Lines of authority;
- Policies and procedures regarding noncompliance with safety requirements (to include disciplinary actions for violation of safety requirements) should be identified;
- e. SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS. If applicable, provide procedures for coordinating SOH activities with other employers on the job site:
 - 1) Identification of subcontractors and suppliers (if known);
 - 2) Safety responsibilities of subcontractors and suppliers.
- f. TRAINING.
 - Site-specific SOH orientation training at the time of initial hire or assignment to the project for every employee before working on the project site is required.
 - 2) Mandatory training and certifications that are applicable to this project (e.g., explosive actuated tools, crane operator, rigger, crane signal person, fall protection, electrical lockout/NFPA 70E, machine/equipment lockout, confined space, etc...) and any requirements for periodic retraining/recertification are required.
 - Procedures for ongoing safety and health training for supervisors and employees shall be established to address changes in site hazards/conditions.
 - OSHA 10-hour training is required for all workers on site and the OSHA 30-hour training is required for Trade Competent Persons (CPs)
- g. SAFETY AND HEALTH INSPECTIONS.
 - Specific assignment of responsibilities for a minimum daily job site safety and health inspection during periods of work activity: Who will conduct (e.g., "Site Safety and Health CP"), proof of inspector's training/qualifications, when inspections will be conducted, procedures for documentation, deficiency tracking system, and follow-up procedures.
 - Any external inspections/certifications that may be required (e.g., contracted CSP or CSHT)
- h. ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION & REPORTING. The Contractor shall conduct mishap investigations of all OSHA Recordable Incidents. The APP shall include accident/incident investigation procedure &

identify person(s) responsible to provide the following to the COR or Government Designated Authority:

- 1) Exposure data (man-hours worked);
- 2) Accident investigations, reports, and logs.
- i. PLANS (PROGRAMS, PROCEDURES) REQUIRED. Based on a risk assessment of contracted activities and on mandatory OSHA compliance programs, the Contractor shall address all applicable occupational risks in site-specific compliance and accident prevention plans. These Plans shall include but are not be limited to procedures for addressing the risks associates with the following:
 - 1) Emergency response;
 - 2) Contingency for severe weather;
 - 3) Fire Prevention;
 - 4) Medical Support;
 - 5) Posting of emergency telephone numbers;
 - 6) Prevention of alcohol and drug abuse;
 - 7) Site sanitation (housekeeping, drinking water, toilets);
 - 8) Night operations and lighting;
 - 9) Hazard communication program;
 - 10) Welding/Cutting "Hot" work;
 - 11) Electrical Safe Work Practices (Electrical LOTO/NFPA 70E);
 - 12) General Electrical Safety
 - 13) Hazardous energy control (Machine LOTO);
 - 14) Site-Specific Fall Protection & Prevention;
 - 15) Excavation/trenching;
 - 16) Asbestos abatement;
 - 17) Lead abatement;
 - 18) Crane critical lift;
 - 19) Respiratory protection;
 - 20) Health hazard control program;
 - 21) Radiation Safety Program;
 - 22) Abrasive blasting;
 - 23) Heat/Cold Stress Monitoring;
 - 24) Crystalline Silica Monitoring (Assessment);
 - 25) Demolition plan (to include engineering survey);
 - 26) Formwork and shoring erection and removal;
 - 27) PreCast Concrete.

- C. Submit the APP to the COR for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the Notice to Proceed. Work cannot proceed without an accepted APP.
- D. Once accepted by the COR, the APP and attachments will be enforced as part of the contract. Disregarding the provisions of this contract or the accepted APP will be cause for stopping of work, at the discretion of the Contracting Officer, until the matter has been rectified.
- E. Once work begins, changes to the accepted APP shall be made with the knowledge and concurrence of the COR, project superintendent, project overall designated OSHA Competent Person, and the facility Safety Officer. Should any severe hazard exposure, i.e. imminent danger, become evident, stop work in the area, secure the area, and develop a plan to remove the exposure and control the hazard. Notify the Contracting Officer within 24 hours of discovery. Eliminate/remove the hazard. In the interim, take all necessary action to restore and maintain safe working conditions in order to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public (as defined by ASSE/SAFE A10.34) and the environment.
- F. Reference sample AAP at the conclusion of this Section.

1.5 ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSES (AHAS):

- A. AHAs are also known as Job Hazard Analyses, Job Safety Analyses, and Activity Safety Analyses. Before beginning each work activity involving a type of work presenting hazards not experienced in previous project operations or where a new work crew or sub-contractor is to perform the work, the Contractor(s) performing that work activity shall prepare an AHA (Example electronic AHA forms can be found on the US Army Corps of Engineers web site)
- B. AHAs shall define the activities being performed and identify the work sequences, the specific anticipated hazards, site conditions, equipment, materials, and the control measures to be implemented to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level of risk.
- C. Work shall not begin until the AHA for the work activity has been accepted by the COR and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including the Contractor, subcontractor(s), and Government on-site representatives at preparatory and initial control phase meetings.
 - The names of the Competent/Qualified Person(s) required for a particular activity (for example, excavations, scaffolding, fall

protection, other activities as specified by OSHA and/or other State and Local agencies) shall be identified and included in the AHA. Certification of their competency/qualification shall be submitted to the Government Designated Authority (GDA) for acceptance prior to the start of that work activity.

- The AHA shall be reviewed and modified as necessary to address changing site conditions, operations, or change of competent/qualified person(s).
 - a. If more than one Competent/Qualified Person is used on the AHA activity, a list of names shall be submitted as an attachment to the AHA. Those listed must be Competent/Qualified for the type of work involved in the AHA and familiar with current site safety issues.
 - b. If a new Competent/Qualified Person (not on the original list) is added, the list shall be updated (an administrative action not requiring an updated AHA). The new person shall acknowledge in writing that he or she has reviewed the AHA and is familiar with current site safety issues.
- 3. Submit AHAs to the COR for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES for review within 14 calendar days of the receipt of the Notice to Proceed and at least 14 calendar days prior to the start of each phase after the first phase. Subsequent AHAs shall be formatted as amendments to the APP. The analysis should be used during daily inspections to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of the activity's safety and health controls.
- 4. The AHA list will be reviewed periodically (at least monthly) at the Contractor supervisory safety meeting and updated as necessary when procedures, scheduling, or hazards change.
- 5. Develop the activity hazard analyses using the project schedule as the basis for the activities performed. All activities listed on the project schedule will require an AHA. The AHAs will be developed by the contractor, supplier, or subcontractor and provided to the prime contractor for review and approval and then submitted to the COR.

1.6 PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE:

A. Contractor representatives who have a responsibility or significant role in implementation of the accident prevention program, as required by 29 CFR 1926.20(b)(1), on the project shall attend the

preconstruction conference to gain a mutual understanding of its implementation. This includes the project superintendent, subcontractor superintendents, and any other assigned safety and health professionals.

- B. Discuss the details of the submitted APP to include incorporated plans, programs, procedures and a listing of anticipated AHAs that will be developed and implemented during the performance of the contract. This list of proposed AHAs will be reviewed at the conference and an agreement will be reached between the Contractor and the Contracting Officer's representative as to which phases will require an analysis. In addition, establish a schedule for the preparation, submittal, review, and acceptance of AHAs to preclude project delays.
- C. Deficiencies in the submitted APP will be brought to the attention of the Contractor, and the Contractor shall revise the plan to correct deficiencies and re-submit it for acceptance. Do not begin work until there is an accepted APP.

1.7 "SITE SAFETY AND HEALTH OFFICER" (SSHO) AND "COMPETENT PERSON" (CP):

- A. The Prime Contractor shall designate a minimum of one SSHO at each project site that will be identified as the SSHO to administer the Contractor's safety program and government-accepted Accident Prevention Plan. Each subcontractor shall designate a minimum of one CP in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.20 (b)(2) that will be identified as a CP to administer their individual safety programs.
- B. Further, all specialized Competent Persons for the work crews will be supplied by the respective contractor as required by 29 CFR 1926 (i.e. Asbestos, Electrical, Cranes, & Derricks, Demolition, Fall Protection, Fire Safety/Life Safety, Ladder, Rigging, Scaffolds, and Trenches/Excavations).
- C. These Competent Persons can have collateral duties as the subcontractor's superintendent and/or work crew lead persons as well as fill more than one specialized CP role (i.e. Asbestos, Electrical, Cranes, & Derricks, Demolition, Fall Protection, Fire Safety/Life Safety, Ladder, Rigging, Scaffolds, and Trenches/Excavations).
- D. The SSHO or an equally-qualified Designated Representative/alternate will maintain a presence on the site during construction operations in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-6: Superintendence by the Contractor. CPs will maintain presence during their construction activities in accordance with above mentioned clause. A listing of the designated

SSHO and all known CPs shall be submitted prior to the start of work as part of the APP with the training documentation and/or AHA as listed in Section 1.8 below.

E. The repeated presence of uncontrolled hazards during a contractor's work operations will result in the designated CP as being deemed incompetent and result in the required removal of the employee in accordance with FAR Clause 52.236-5: Material and Workmanship, Paragraph (c).

1.8 TRAINING:

- A. The designated Prime Contractor SSHO must meet the requirements of all applicable OSHA standards and be capable (through training, experience, and qualifications) of ensuring that the requirements of 29 CFR 1926.16 and other appropriate Federal, State and local requirements are met for the project. As a minimum the SSHO must have completed the OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety class and have five (5) years of construction industry safety experience or three (3) years if he/she possesses a Certified Safety Professional (CSP) or certified Construction Safety and Health Technician (CSHT) certification or have a safety and health degree from an accredited university or college.
- B. All designated CPs shall have completed the OSHA 30-hour Construction Safety course within the past 5 years.
- C. In addition to the OSHA 30 Hour Construction Safety Course, all CPs with high hazard work operations such as operations involving asbestos, electrical, cranes, demolition, work at heights/fall protection, fire safety/life safety, ladder, rigging, scaffolds, and trenches/excavations shall have a specialized formal course in the hazard recognition & control associated with those high hazard work operations. Documented "repeat" deficiencies in the execution of safety requirements will require retaking the requisite formal course.
- D. All other construction workers shall have the OSHA 10-hour Construction Safety Outreach course and any necessary safety training to be able to identify hazards within their work environment.
- E. Submit training records associated with the above training requirements to the COR for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES 14 calendar days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance.

- F. Prior to any worker for the contractor or subcontractors beginning work, they shall undergo a safety briefing provided by the SSHO or his/her designated representative. As a minimum, this briefing shall include information on the site-specific hazards, construction limits, VAMC safety guidelines, means of egress, break areas, work hours, locations of restrooms, use of VAMC equipment, emergency procedures, accident reporting etc... Documentation shall be provided to the COR that individuals have undergone contractor's safety briefing.
- G. Ongoing safety training will be accomplished in the form of weekly documented safety meeting.

1.9 INSPECTIONS:

- A. The SSHO shall conduct frequent and regular safety inspections (daily) of the site and each of the subcontractors CPs shall conduct frequent and regular safety inspections (daily) of the their work operations as required by 29 CFR 1926.20(b)(2). Each week, the SSHO shall conduct a formal documented inspection of the entire construction areas with the subcontractors' "Trade Safety and Health CPs" present in their work areas. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to COR.
- B. A Certified Safety Professional (CSP) with specialized knowledge in construction safety or a certified Construction Safety and Health Technician (CSHT) shall randomly conduct a monthly site safety inspection. The CSP or CSHT can be a corporate safety professional or independently contracted. The CSP or CSHT will provide their certificate number on the required report for verification as necessary.
 - Results of the inspection will be documented with tracking of the identified hazards to abatement.
 - The COR will be notified immediately prior to start of the inspection and invited to accompany the inspection.
 - 3. Identified hazard and controls will be discussed to come to a mutual understanding to ensure abatement and prevent future reoccurrence.
 - 4. A report of the inspection findings with status of abatement will be provided to the COR within one week of the onsite inspection.

1.10 ACCIDENTS, OSHA 300 LOGS, AND MAN-HOURS:

A. Notify the COR as soon as practical, but no more than four hours after any accident meeting the definition of OSHA Recordable Injuries or Illnesses or High Visibility Accidents, property damage equal to or

greater than \$5,000, or any weight handling equipment accident. Within notification include contractor name; contract title; type of contract; name of activity, installation or location where accident occurred; date and time of accident; names of personnel injured; extent of property damage, if any; extent of injury, if known, and brief description of accident (to include type of construction equipment used, PPE used, etc.). Preserve the conditions and evidence on the accident site until the COR determines whether a government investigation will be conducted.

- B. Conduct an accident investigation for recordable injuries and illnesses, for Medical Treatment defined in paragraph DEFINITIONS, and property damage accidents resulting in at least \$20,000 in damages, to establish the root cause(s) of the accident. Complete the VA Form 2162, and provide the report to the COR within 7 calendar days of the accident. The COR will provide copies of any required or special forms.
- C. A summation of all man-hours worked by the contractor and associated sub-contractors for each month will be reported to the COR monthly.
- D. A summation of all OSHA recordable accidents experienced on site by the contractor and associated sub-contractors for each month will be provided to the COR monthly. The contractor and associated subcontractors' OSHA 300 logs will be made available to the COR as requested.

1.11 PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

- A. PPE is governed in all areas by the nature of the work the employee is performing. For example, specific PPE required for performing work on electrical equipment is identified in NFPA 70E, Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace.
- B. Mandatory PPE includes:
 - Hard Hats unless written authorization is given by the COR, except in circumstances of work operations that have limited potential for falling object hazards such as during finishing work or minor remodeling. With authorization to relax the requirement of hard hats, if a worker becomes exposed to an overhead falling object hazard, then hard hats would be required in accordance with the OSHA regulations.
 - Safety glasses unless written authorization is given by the COR, appropriate safety glasses meeting the ANSI Z.87.1 standard must be worn by each person on site.

- 3. Appropriate Safety Shoes based on the hazards present, safety shoes meeting the requirements of ASTM F2413-11 shall be worn by each person on site unless written authorization is given by the COR.
- Hearing protection Use personal hearing protection at all times in designated noise hazardous areas or when performing noise hazardous tasks.

1.12 INFECTION CONTROL

A. Infection Control is critical in all medical center facilities.
 Interior construction activities causing disturbance of existing dust, or creating new dust, must be conducted within ventilation-controlled areas that minimize the flow of airborne particles into patient areas.
 1. See Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS for additional

information.

- B. An AHA associated with infection control will be performed by VA personnel in accordance with FGI Guidelines (i.e. Infection Control Risk Assessment (ICRA)). The ICRA procedure found on the American Society for Healthcare Engineering (ASHE) website will be utilized. Risk classifications of Class II or lower will require approval by the COR before beginning any construction work. Risk classifications of Class III or higher will require a permit before beginning any construction work. Risk classifications of Class III or higher will require a permit before beginning any construction work. Risk classifications of Class III or higher will require a permit before beginning any construction work. Infection Control permits will be issued by the COR. The Infection Control Permits will be posted outside the appropriate construction area. More than one permit may be issued for a construction project if the work is located in separate areas requiring separate classes. The primary project scope area for this project will be determined by the Infection Control Risk Assessment Team, however, work outside the primary project scope area may vary. The required infection control precautions with each class are as follows:
 - 1. Class I requirements:
 - a. During Construction Work:
 - 1) Notify the COR.
 - Execute work by methods to minimize raising dust from construction operations.
 - Ceiling tiles: Immediately replace a ceiling tiles displaced for visual inspection.
 - b. Upon Completion:
 - 1) Clean work area upon completion of task.

- 2) Notify the COR.
- 2. Class II requirements:
 - a. During Construction Work:
 - 1) Notify the COR.
 - Provide active means to prevent airborne dust from dispersing into atmosphere such as wet methods or tool mounted dust collectors where possible.
 - 3) Water mist work surfaces to control dust while cutting.
 - 4) Seal unused doors with duct tape.
 - 5) Block off and seal air vents.
 - Remove or isolate HVAC system in areas where work is being performed.
 - b. Upon Completion:
 - 1) Wipe work surfaces with cleaner/disinfectant.
 - Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
 - Wet mop and/or vacuum with HEPA filtered vacuum before leaving work area.
 - 4) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed
 - 5) Notify the COR.
- 3. Class III requirements:
 - a. During Construction Work:
 - 1) Obtain permit from the COR.
 - 2) Remove or Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.
 - 3) Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Install construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours.
 - 4) Maintain negative air pressure, 0.01 inches of water gauge, within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units and continuously monitored with a digital display, recording and alarm instrument, which must be calibrated on installation, maintained with periodic calibration and monitored by the contractor.

- 5) Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
- Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.
- b. Upon Completion:
 - Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the COR and thoroughly cleaned by the VA Environmental Services Department.
 - Remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction, outside of normal work hours.
 - 3) Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.
 - 4) Wet mop area with cleaner/disinfectant.
 - 5) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed.
 - 6) Return permit to the COR.
- 4. Class IV requirements:
 - a. During Construction Work:
 - 1) Obtain permit from the COR.
 - 2) Isolate HVAC system in area where work is being done to prevent contamination of duct system.
 - 3) Complete all critical barriers i.e. sheetrock, plywood, plastic, to seal area from non work area or implement control cube method (cart with plastic covering and sealed connection to work site with HEPA vacuum for vacuuming prior to exit) before construction begins. Install construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours.
 - 4) Maintain negative air pressure within work site utilizing HEPA equipped air filtration units.
 - 5) Seal holes, pipes, conduits, and punctures.
 - 6) Construct anteroom and require all personnel to pass through this room so they can be vacuumed using a HEPA vacuum cleaner before leaving work site or they can wear cloth or paper coveralls that are removed each time they leave work site.
 - All personnel entering work site are required to wear shoe covers. Shoe covers must be changed each time the worker exits the work area.
 - b. Upon Completion:

- Do not remove barriers from work area until completed project is inspected by the COR with thorough cleaning by the VA Environmental Services Dept.
- Remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully to minimize spreading of dirt and debris associated with construction, outside of normal work hours.
- Contain construction waste before transport in tightly covered containers.
- Cover transport receptacles or carts. Tape covering unless solid lid.
- 5) Vacuum work area with HEPA filtered vacuums.
- 6) Wet mop area with cleaner/disinfectant.
- 7) Upon completion, restore HVAC system where work was performed.
- 8) Return permit to the COR
- C. Barriers shall be erected as required based upon classification (Class III & IV requires barriers) and shall be constructed as follows:
 - Class III and IV closed door with masking tape applied over the frame and door is acceptable for projects that can be contained in a single room.
 - Construction, demolition or reconstruction not capable of containment within a single room must have the following barriers erected and made presentable on hospital occupied side:
 - a. Class III & IV (where dust control is the only hazard, and an agreement is reached with the COR and Medical Center) - Airtight plastic barrier that extends from the floor to ceiling. Seams must be sealed with duct tape to prevent dust and debris from escaping.
 - b. Class III & IV Drywall barrier erected with joints covered or sealed to prevent dust and debris from escaping.
 - c. Class III & IV Seal all penetrations in existing barrier airtight.
 - d. Class III & IV Barriers at penetration of ceiling envelopes, chases and ceiling spaces to stop movement air and debris.
 - e. Class IV only Anteroom or double entrance openings that allow workers to remove protective clothing or vacuum off existing clothing.

- f. Class III & IV At elevators shafts or stairways within the field of construction, overlapping flap minimum of two feet wide of polyethylene enclosures for personnel access.
- D. Products and Materials:
 - Sheet Plastic: Fire retardant polystyrene, 6-mil thickness meeting local fire codes.
 - 2. Barrier Doors: Self Closing solid core wood in steel frame, painted.
 - 3. Dust proof fire-rated drywall.
 - 4. High Efficiency Particulate Air-Equipped filtration machine rated at 95% capture of 0.3 microns including pollen, mold spores and dust particles. HEPA filters should have ASHRAE 85 or other prefilter to extend the useful life of the HEPA. Provide both primary and secondary filtrations units. Maintenance of equipment and replacement of the HEPA filters and other filters will be in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
 - 5. Exhaust Hoses: Heavy duty, flexible steel reinforced; Ventilation Blower Hose.
 - Adhesive Walk-off Mats: Provide minimum size mats of 24 inches x 36 inches.
 - 7. Disinfectant: Hospital-approved disinfectant or equivalent product.
 - 8. Portable Ceiling Access Module.
- E. Before any construction on site begins, all contractor personnel involved in the construction or renovation activity shall be educated and trained in infection prevention measures established by the medical center.
- F. A dust control program will be establish and maintained as part of the contractor's infection preventive measures in accordance with the FGI Guidelines for Design and Construction of Healthcare Facilities. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific dust protection measures with associated product data, including periodic status reports, and submit to COR for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES.
- G. Medical Center Infection Control personnel will monitor for airborne disease (e.g. aspergillosis) during construction. A baseline of conditions will be established by the medical center prior to the start of work and periodically during the construction stage to determine

impact of construction activities on indoor air quality with safe thresholds established.

- H. In general, the following preventive measures shall be adopted during construction to keep down dust and prevent mold.
 - Contractor shall verify that construction exhaust to exterior is not reintroduced to the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. HEPA filtration is required where the exhaust dust may reenter the medical center.
 - 2. Exhaust hoses shall be exhausted so that dust is not reintroduced to the medical center.
 - 3. Adhesive Walk-off/Carpet Walk-off Mats shall be used at all interior transitions from the construction area to occupied medical center area. These mats shall be changed as often as required to maintain clean work areas directly outside construction area at all times.
 - 4. Vacuum and wet mop all transition areas from construction to the occupied medical center at the end of each workday. Vacuum shall utilize HEPA filtration. Maintain surrounding area frequently. Remove debris as it is created. Transport these outside the construction area in containers with tightly fitting lids.
 - 5. The contractor shall not haul debris through patient-care areas without prior approval of the COR and the Medical Center. When, approved, debris shall be hauled in enclosed dust proof containers or wrapped in plastic and sealed with duct tape. No sharp objects should be allowed to cut through the plastic. Wipe down the exterior of the containers with a damp rag to remove dust. All equipment, tools, material, etc. transported through occupied areas shall be made free from dust and moisture by vacuuming and wipe down.
 - 6. There shall be no standing water during construction. This includes water in equipment drip pans and open containers within the construction areas. All accidental spills must be cleaned up and dried within 12 hours. Remove and dispose of porous materials that remain damp for more than 72 hours.
 - 7. At completion, remove construction barriers and ceiling protection carefully, outside of normal work hours. Vacuum and clean all surfaces free of dust after the removal.
- I. Final Cleanup:

- Upon completion of project, or as work progresses, remove all construction debris from above ceiling, vertical shafts and utility chases that have been part of the construction.
- Perform HEPA vacuum cleaning of all surfaces in the construction area. This includes walls, ceilings, cabinets, furniture (built-in or free standing), partitions, flooring, etc.

3. All new air ducts shall be cleaned prior to final inspection.

- J. Exterior Construction
 - Contractor shall verify that dust will not be introduced into the medical center through intake vents, or building openings. HEPA filtration on intake vents is required where dust may be introduced.
 - Dust created from disturbance of soil such as from vehicle movement will be wetted with use of a water truck as necessary
 - 3. All cutting, drilling, grinding, sanding, or disturbance of materials shall be accomplished with tools equipped with either local exhaust ventilation (i.e. vacuum systems) or wet suppression controls.

1.13 TUBERCULOSIS SCREENING

- A. Contractor shall provide written certification that contract employees assigned to the work site that are determined to be at risk for transmission of TB have had a pre-placement tuberculin screening within 90 days prior to assignment to the worksite and been found to have negative TB screening reactions. Contractors shall be required to show documentation of negative TB screening reactions for any additional workers who are added after the 90-day requirement before they will be allowed to work on the work site. NOTE: This can be the Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention and two-step skin testing or a Food and Drug Administration (FDA)-approved blood test.
 - Contract employees manifesting positive screening reactions to the tuberculin shall be examined according to current CDC guidelines prior to working on VHA property.
 - 2. Subsequently, if the employee is found without evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB, a statement documenting examination by a physician shall be on file with the employer (construction contractor), noting that the employee with a positive tuberculin screening test is without evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB.

August 14, 2015

VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210

3. If the employee is found with evidence of active (infectious) pulmonary TB, the employee shall require treatment with a subsequent statement to the fact on file with the employer before being allowed to return to work on VHA property.

1.14 FIRE SAFETY

- A. Fire Safety Plan: Establish and maintain a site-specific fire protection program in accordance with 29 CFR 1926. Prior to start of work, prepare a plan detailing project-specific fire safety measures, including periodic status reports, and submit to COR and Facility Safety Manager for review for compliance with contract requirements in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA AND SAMPLES. This plan may be an element of the Accident Prevention Plan.
- B. Site and Building Access: Maintain free and unobstructed access to facility emergency services and for fire, police and other emergency response forces in accordance with NFPA 241.
- C. Separate temporary facilities, such as trailers, storage sheds, and dumpsters, from existing buildings and new construction by distances in accordance with NFPA 241. For small facilities with less than 6 m (20 feet) exposing overall length, separate by 3m (10 feet).
- D. Temporary Construction Partitions:
 - 1. Install and maintain temporary construction partitions to provide smoke-tight separations between construction areas and adjoining areas. Construct partitions of gypsum board on the public side and gypsum board or treated plywood (flame spread rating of 25 or less in accordance with ASTM E84) on the construction side of fire retardant treated wood or metal steel studs. Gypsum board joints on the public side of the temporary partition shall be taped and finished. The public side of temporary partitions shall be painted. Extend the partitions through suspended ceilings to floor slab deck or roof. At door openings, install Class C, ¾ hour fire/smoke rated doors with self-closing devices and VA locking system (storeroom type lock always locked from the corridor side). Refer to Drawings for additional requirements.
 - Install temporary construction partitions to maintain integrity of existing exit stair enclosures, exit passageways, fire-rated enclosures of hazardous areas, horizontal exits, smoke barriers, vertical shafts and openings enclosures.

August 14, 2015

- Close openings in smoke barriers and fire-rated construction to maintain fire ratings. Seal penetrations with listed throughpenetration firestop materials.
- E. Temporary Heating and Electrical: Install, use and maintain installations in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 70.
- F. Means of Egress: Do not block exiting for occupied buildings, including paths from exits to roads. Minimize disruptions and coordinate with COR.
- G. Egress Routes for Construction Workers: Maintain free and unobstructed egress. Inspect daily. Report findings and corrective actions weekly to COR.
- H. Fire Extinguishers: Provide and maintain extinguishers in construction areas and temporary storage areas in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 10.
- I. Flammable and Combustible Liquids: Store, dispense and use liquids in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, NFPA 241 and NFPA 30.
- J. Sprinklers: Install, test and activate new automatic sprinklers prior to removing existing sprinklers.
- K. Existing Fire Protection: Do not impair automatic sprinklers, smoke and heat detection, and fire alarm systems, except for portions immediately under construction, and temporarily for connections. Provide fire watch for impairments more than 4 hours in a 24-hour period. Request interruptions in accordance with Article, OPERATIONS AND STORAGE AREAS, and coordinate with COR. All existing or temporary fire protection systems (fire alarms, sprinklers) located in construction areas shall be tested as coordinated with the medical center. Parameters for the testing and results of any tests performed shall be recorded by the medical center and copies provided to the COR.
- L. Smoke Detectors: Prevent accidental operation. Remove temporary covers at end of work operations each day. Coordinate with COR.
- M. Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with COR. Obtain permits from COR at least 48 hours in advance.
- N. Fire Hazard Prevention and Safety Inspections: Inspect entire construction areas weekly. Coordinate with, and report findings and corrective actions weekly to COR.
- O. Smoking: Smoking is prohibited in and adjacent to construction areas inside existing buildings and additions under construction.

- P. Dispose of waste and debris in accordance with NFPA 241. Remove from buildings daily. (Refer to Section 01 74 19, CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT for GEMS Policy Requirements.)
- Q. Perform other construction, alteration and demolition operations in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.
- R. If required, submit documentation to the COR that personnel have been trained in the fire safety aspects of working in areas with impaired structural or compartmentalization features.
- S. See Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS for additional OSHA Requirements and Safety and Health Regulations.

1.15 ELECTRICAL

- A. All electrical work shall comply with NFPA 70 (NEC), NFPA 70B, NFPA 70E, 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart J General Environmental Controls, 29 CFR Part 1910 Subpart S Electrical, and 29 CFR 1926 Subpart K in addition to other references required by contract.
- B. All qualified persons performing electrical work under this contract shall be licensed journeyman or master electricians. All apprentice electricians performing under this contract shall be deemed unqualified persons unless they are working under the immediate supervision of a licensed electrician or master electrician.
- C. All electrical work will be accomplished de-energized and in the Electrically Safe Work Condition (refer to NFPA 70E for Work Involving Electrical Hazards, including Exemptions to Work Permit). Any Contractor, subcontractor or temporary worker who fails to fully comply with this requirement is subject to immediate termination in accordance with FAR clause 52.236-5(c). Only in rare circumstance where achieving an electrically safe work condition prior to beginning work would increase or cause additional hazards, or is infeasible due to equipment design or operational limitations is energized work permitted. The COR with approval of the Medical Center Director will make the determination if the circumstances would meet the exception outlined above. An AHA specific to energized work activities will be developed, reviewed, and accepted prior to the start of that work.
 - Development of a Hazardous Electrical Energy Control Procedure is required prior to de-energization. A single Simple Lockout/Tagout Procedure for multiple work operations can only be used for work involving qualified person(s) de-energizing one set of conductors or

circuit part source. Task specific Complex Lockout/Tagout Procedures are required at all other times.

- 2. Verification of the absence of voltage after de-energization and lockout/tagout is considered "energized electrical work" (live work) under NFPA 70E, and shall only be performed by qualified persons wearing appropriate shock protective (voltage rated) gloves and arc rate personal protective clothing and equipment, using Underwriters Laboratories (UL) tested and appropriately rated contact electrical testing instruments or equipment appropriate for the environment in which they will be used.
- 3. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and electrical testing instruments will be readily available for inspection by the the COR.
- D. Before beginning any electrical work, an Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) will be conducted to include Shock Hazard and Arc Flash Hazard analyses (NFPA Tables can be used only as a last alterative and it is strongly suggested a full Arc Flash Hazard Analyses be conducted). Work shall not begin until the AHA for the work activity has been accepted by the COR and discussed with all engaged in the activity, including the Contractor, subcontractor(s), and Government on-site representatives at preparatory and initial control phase meetings.
- E. Ground-fault circuit interrupters. All 120-volt, single-phase 15- and 20-ampere receptacle outlets on construction sites shall have approved ground-fault circuit interrupters for personnel protection. "Assured Equipment Grounding Conductor Program" only is not allowed.

1.16 FALL PROTECTION

- A. The fall protection (FP) threshold height requirement is 6 ft (1.8 m) for ALL WORK, unless specified differently or the OSHA 29 CFR 1926 requirements are more stringent, to include steel erection activities, systems-engineered activities (prefabricated) metal buildings, residential (wood) construction and scaffolding work.
 - The use of a Safety Monitoring System (SMS) as a fall protection method is prohibited.
 - 2. The use of Controlled Access Zone (CAZ) as a fall protection method is prohibited.
 - 3. A Warning Line System (WLS) may ONLY be used on floors or flat or low-sloped roofs (between 0 - 18.4 degrees or 4:12 slope) and shall be erected around all sides of the work area (See 29 CFR 1926.502(f) for construction of WLS requirements). Working within the WLS does

not require FP. No worker shall be allowed in the area between the roof or floor edge and the WLS without FP. FP is required when working outside the WLS.

4. Fall protection while using a ladder will be governed by the OSHA requirements.

1.17 SCAFFOLDS AND OTHER WORK PLATFORMS

- A. All scaffolds and other work platforms construction activities shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L.
- B. The fall protection (FP) threshold height requirement is 6 ft (1.8 m) as stated in Section 1.16.
- C. The following hierarchy and prohibitions shall be followed in selecting appropriate work platforms.
 - Scaffolds, platforms, or temporary floors shall be provided for all work except that can be performed safely from the ground or similar footing.
 - 2. Ladders less than 20 feet may be used as work platforms only when use of small hand tools or handling of light material is involved.
 - 3. Ladder jacks, lean-to, and prop-scaffolds are prohibited.
 - 4. Emergency descent devices shall not be used as working platforms.
- D. Contractors shall use a scaffold tagging system in which all scaffolds are tagged by the Competent Person. Tags shall be color-coded: green indicates the scaffold has been inspected and is safe to use; red indicates the scaffold is unsafe to use. Tags shall be readily visible, made of materials that will withstand the environment in which they are used, be legible and shall include:
 - 1. The Competent Person's name and signature;
 - 2. Dates of initial and last inspections.
- E. Mast Climbing work platforms: When access ladders, including masts designed as ladders, exceed 20 ft (6 m) in height, positive fall protection shall be used.

1.18 CRANES

- A. All crane work shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart CC.
- B. Prior to operating a crane, the operator must be licensed, qualified or certified to operate the crane. Thus, all the provisions contained with Subpart CC are effective and there is no "Phase In" date of November 10, 2014.
- C. A detailed lift permit shall be submitted 14 days prior to the scheduled lift complete with route for truck carrying load, crane load

August 14, 2015

analysis, siting of crane and path of swing. The lift will not be allowed without approval of this document.

- D. Crane operators shall not carry loads
 - 1. over the general public or VAMC personnel
 - 2. over any occupied building unless
 - a. the top two floors are vacated
 - b. or overhead protection with a design live load of 300 psf is provided

1.19 CONTROL OF HAZARDOUS ENERGY (LOCKOUT/TAGOUT)

A. All installation, maintenance, and servicing of equipment or machinery shall comply with 29 CFR 1910.147 except for specifically referenced operations in 29 CFR 1926 such as concrete & masonry equipment [1926.702(j)], heavy machinery & equipment [1926.600(a)(3)(i)], and process safety management of highly hazardous chemicals (1926.64). Control of hazardous electrical energy during the installation, maintenance, or servicing of electrical equipment shall comply with Section 1.15 to include NFPA 70E and other VA specific requirements discussed in the section.

1.20 CONFINED SPACE ENTRY

- A. All confined space entry shall comply with 29 CFR 1910.146 except for specifically referenced operations in 29 CFR 1926 such as excavations/trenches [1926.651(g)].
- B. A site-specific Confined Space Entry Plan (including permitting process) shall be developed and submitted to the COR.

1.21 WELDING AND CUTTING

As specified in section 1.14, Hot Work: Perform and safeguard hot work operations in accordance with NFPA 241 and NFPA 51B. Coordinate with COR. Obtain permits from COR at least 48 hours in advance.

1.22 LADDERS

- A. All Ladder use shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart X.
- B. All portable ladders shall be of sufficient length and shall be placed so that workers will not stretch or assume a hazardous position.
- C. Manufacturer safety labels shall be in place on ladders.
- D. Step Ladders shall not be used in the closed position.
- E. Top steps or cap of step ladders shall not be used as a step.
- F. Portable ladders, used as temporary access, shall extend at least 3 ft (0.9 m) above the upper landing surface.

- When a 3 ft (0.9-m) extension is not possible, a grasping device (such as a grab rail) shall be provided to assist workers in mounting and dismounting the ladder.
- In no case shall the length of the ladder be such that ladder deflection under a load would, by itself, cause the ladder to slip from its support.
- G. Ladders shall be inspected for visible defects on a daily basis and after any occurrence that could affect their safe use. Broken or damaged ladders shall be immediately tagged "DO NOT USE," or with similar wording, and withdrawn from service until restored to a condition meeting their original design.

1.23 FLOOR & WALL OPENINGS

- A. All floor and wall openings shall comply with 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M.
- B. Floor and roof holes/openings are any that measure over 2 in (51 mm) in any direction of a walking/working surface which persons may trip or fall into or where objects may fall to the level below. See 21.F for covering and labeling requirements. Skylights located in floors or roofs are considered floor or roof hole/openings.
- C. All floor, roof openings or hole into which a person can accidentally walk or fall through shall be guarded either by a railing system with toeboards along all exposed sides or a load-bearing cover. When the cover is not in place, the opening or hole shall be protected by a removable guardrail system or shall be attended when the guarding system has been removed, or other fall protection system.
 - 1. Covers shall be capable of supporting, without failure, at least twice the weight of the worker, equipment and material combined.
 - 2. Covers shall be secured when installed, clearly marked with the word "HOLE", "COVER" or "Danger, Roof Opening-Do Not Remove" or colorcoded or equivalent methods (e.g., red or orange "X"). Workers must be made aware of the meaning for color coding and equivalent methods.
 - 3. Roofing material, such as roofing membrane, insulation or felts, covering or partly covering openings or holes, shall be immediately cut out. No hole or opening shall be left unattended unless covered.
 - Non-load-bearing skylights shall be guarded by a load-bearing skylight screen, cover, or railing system along all exposed sides.
 - 5. Workers are prohibited from standing/walking on skylights.

- - - E N D - - -

August 14, 2015

(Name) CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

SITE SPECIFIC ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN

CONSTRUCTION HEALTH AND SAFETY PROGRAM

FOR

<PROJECT NAME>

Veterans Affairs Medical Center – Wade Park Cleveland, Ohio

Project number given by contracting avoid confusion

PROJECT # 541-##-### CONTRACT # VA541-<A-XYZ>

RESPONSIBILITIES AND LINES OF AUTHORITY OF <NAME> CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

The following people have responsibilities and authority for corporate safety:

August 14, 2015

BACKGROUND INFORMATION (Prime)

| | I. | Contractor: | <name> <address> <city, state="" zip=""></city,></address></name> |
|--------|----------------|---------------------------------|--|
| | II. | Project Name: | Wade Park - <name></name> |
| | III. | Project Description: | <brief (541-xx-xxx)="" description=""></brief> |
| inform | IV. nation> | Contractor Accident Record: | <contractor log<="" osha="" provide="" th=""></contractor> |
| A. | RESF | PONSIBILITIES | |
| | 1. | Chief Corporate Safety Officer: | <contact #)="" (contact="" name="" telephone=""> <name> Construction Company <title></td></tr><tr><th></th><th>2.</th><th>Site Safety Responsibilities:</th><th><Contact Name (Contact telephone #)> <Name> Construction Company <Title></th></tr><tr><th></th><th>3.</th><th>Project Safety Consulting:</th><th><Contact Name (Contact telephone #)> <Name> Construction Company <Title></th></tr></tbody></table></title></name></contact> |

BACKGROUND INFORMATION (SUBCONTRACTOR)

| | I. | Contractor: | <name> <address> <city, state="" zip=""></city,></address></name> |
|--|----------------|---------------------------------|---|
| | II. | Project Name: | Wade Park - <name></name> |
| | III. | Project Description: | <brief description=""></brief> |
| | IV. nation> | Contractor Accident Record: | <contractor log<="" osha="" provide="" td=""></contractor> |
| | RESP | ONSIBILITIES | |
| | 1. | Chief Corporate Safety Officer: | <contact #)="" (contact="" name="" telephone=""> <name> Construction Company <title></td></tr><tr><td></td><td>2.</td><td>Site Safety Responsibilities:</td><td><Contact Name (Contact telephone #)> <Name> Construction Company <Title></td></tr></tbody></table></title></name></contact> |

3. Project Safety Consulting:

<Contact Name (Contact telephone #)> <Name> Construction Company <Title>

The overall lines of authority concerning safety and health will be as follows:

<Name – Title> <Name – Title>

A Site Safety and Health Officer will be provided at the work site at all times to perform safety and occupational health management, surveillance, inspections, and safety enforcement for the Contractor and subcontractors. The SSHO will be employed by the prime. SSHO qualifications with education certificates will be listed in Appendix B.

The competent person for Health Hazard Control and Respiratory Protection Program will conduct and document a hazard assessment in accordance with Section 06 to identify and evaluate. (What form of documentation).

Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) shall conduct daily safety and health inspections and maintain a written log which includes area/operation inspected, date of inspection, identified hazards, recommended corrective actions, estimated and actual dates of corrections. Safety inspection logs shall be attached to the Contractors daily quality control report. Current "Safety Logs" shall be readily available upon request.

SIGNATURE SHEET

The following persons are responsible for preparing and approving this plan:

Preparer:

<Contact Name (Phone #)> <Contact Title> <Name> Construction Company

Date

August 14, 2015

SCOPE OF WORK SUMMARY

Summary

This job consists of <Basic Description> Please include the scope of work submitted for the project

Pre-demolition:

<Describe the activity in sufficient detail to determine the safety program elements that will be required to be addressed in the body of the procedure – Section 6. Use the PCRA (Pre-Construction Risk Assessment) along with the Scope of Work to determine which elements need to be addressed for the pre-demolition phase.>

Demolition:

<Describe the activity in sufficient detail to determine the safety program elements that will be required to be addressed in the body of the procedure – Section 6. PCRA (Pre-Construction Risk Assessment) along with the Scope of Work to determine which elements need to be addressed for each of the demolition phase.>

Construction:

<Describe the activity in sufficient detail to determine the safety program elements that will be required to be addressed in the body of the procedure Section - 6. PCRA (Pre-Construction Risk Assessment) along with the Scope of Work to determine which elements need to be addressed for the construction phase.>

1. SITE ACCESS:

- a) Parking onsite is not provided by the VAMC Cleveland at the Wade Park Facility
- b) Access into the facility will be through entrances located close to the work area to avoid patient care areas. The following entrance that will be used by <<u>Name></u> Construction Company employees will be submitted in writing or on the drawings:
 <<u>Enter the specific building access to be used></u>

2. WORK AREA SECURITY:

- a) All <**Name**> Construction Company employees will wear company identification badges or those provided by VAMC Cleveland Police Service.
- b) Patients, visitors and unauthorized VAMC Cleveland employees will be kept out of work areas using locked doors, barricades and safety postings as appropriate.

3. PLAN FOR PREVENTION OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE

<Review – replace with your own company policy if this doesn't work for you>

a) Due to the nature of our work, it is critical that all employees are free from the adverse effects of drugs and/or alcohol. The company is committed to providing a safe workplace for all its employees. The goal of this policy is to maintain a safe and secure work environment that is free from the effects of alcohol and drug abuse.

b) The intent of this policy is to be responsive to the employees health needs by the early recognition and treatment of chemical dependency problems and behavioral/medical disorder, and to support the rights of the company and its employees to work within an alcohol / drug free environment.

c) This policy is not applicable to physician prescribed drugs. Employees on such medication(s), which may adversely affect their job performance, should promptly discuss the matter with their supervisor.

- Failure of the employee to so notify their supervisor can result in disciplinary action including discharge.
- It should be noted that while legal, prescribed drugs could adversely affect the safety of the employee and other employees on the site.
- All <Name> Construction employees are drug tested before hiring, periodically, and annually.

4. SITE SAFETY AUDITS (Inspections):

a) INTERNAL INSPECTIONS

The site supervisor, who is the **<Name>** Construction competent person, will conduct the Site Safety and Health inspections. The competent person's certifications are located in Appendix B. **<Put the Certifications in the Appendix B.>** There will two types of safety inspections that will be performed on this job site.

- (1) A weekly Safety and Health inspection and report will be conducted by the site supervisor. The inspection forms will document and track the following information:
 - Any Violations
 - Date of violation
 - Nature of violation
 - Needed corrective action
 - Date of correction
 - Name of responsible person(s)
 - (a) In addition to the above items he will also notify any employee and/or subcontractor in writing of any violations.
 - (b) This information will be followed up on by the COR or Construction Safety Group, as needed and/or requires immediate attention to the violations. (Should he notify VA of findings?)
 - (c) All safety inspection forms are reviewed to ensure that all noted corrective actions are within the applicable OSHA and Veterans Affairs Safety and Health Manual guidelines.
 - (d) This documentation will be kept (readily available?) at the project field office, and will aid in the audits of the Accident Prevention Plan.
- (2) The second type of Safety and Health Inspection will be a daily checklist.

(a) This too, will be performed each workday onsite, by the site supervisor.

(b) This documentation will be kept at the project field office, and will aid in the audits of the Accident Prevention Plan. (this too Should be made readily available?)

b) EXTERNAL INSPECTORS/CONSTRUCTION ROUNDS

 At various times there may be announced and unannounced visits to the work area of any of the Contracted Construction Projects. They may be visited by

some or all of the members of the Construction Safety Inspection Group.

(2) Prior to the activity of cutting and/or welding, the COR for the Veterans Affairs will be contacted to assist in scheduling a site inspection and submission for a burn permit.

(3) Prior to any activity including digging and/or excavating, the COR for the Veterans Affairs will be contacted to assist in scheduling a site inspection and submission for a permit.

(4) Prior to any activity including the renovation and/or penetration of rated walls, the COR for the Veterans Affairs will be contacted to assist in scheduling a site inspection and submission for a permit.

(5) Prior to any activity including the removal or repair of Asbestos

Containing Building Material, the COR for the Veterans Affairs will be contacted to assist in scheduling a site inspection and submission for a permit.

- c) INSPECTIONS BY OUTSIDE PARTIES i.e., OSHA, EPA, etc.
 - (1) Presentation of Credentials Upon arrival at the work site or facility, the Compliance Officer must display his or her credentials and will ask to meet with the appropriate employer representative.
 - (2) The contractor must notify the projects COR immediately upon the initial contact of the Compliance Officer's contact.

(3) Opening Conference – During an opening conference, the compliance officer will explain the purpose of the inspection. The contractor's management representative must be prepared to discuss actions that have been taken to demonstrate their company's commitment to the health and safety of employees (e.g. work practices, safety and industrial hygiene standards, safety manuals, training conducted, internal inspections, etc).

(4) An authorized employee representative will be given the opportunity to attend the opening conference and to accompany the compliance officer during the inspection. Employees may also be consulted during the conduct of the inspection. Employees who participate in the inspection, or are consulted by the compliance officer, are protected from discrimination for exercising their safety and health rights under the "Whistle Blowers Act".

(5) A contractor management representative and a VAMC Cleveland Safety representative must accompany the compliance officer during the inspection and keep accurate notes of any actual or possible violations found by the compliance officer. Obvious violations detected by the compliance officer should be corrected on the spot where possible.

- (6) It is imperative that existing operations, reports, logs, etc. not be misrepresented to the compliance officer. The penalty for making false statements or representation to OSHA or its compliance officers is a maximum of \$10,000 and 6 months imprisonment. In addition, the offending party can be subject to discipline by the company up to and including discharge.
- (7) Closing Conference After the inspection has been conducted, a closing conference will be held between the compliance officer, the employer and employee representatives and VAMC Cleveland. This is the best time, before possible issuance of a citation, to explain the company's position. It is imperative that we question any proposed findings or abatement periods that are unreasonable. Request that any citations be sent to the company with a copy to the VAMC Cleveland safety office.

5. SAFETY TRAINING /EDUCATION:

a) Site orientation training:

All employees on site will be required to attend a Safety Training Orientation at the start of the project, or before they begin work at the job site. The site supervisor, competent person, will conduct the training. Training on the applicable requirements of this Site Specific Training Plan is plan is mandatory and must be documented.

b) Supervisor and employee safety meetings:

The primary site supervisor, who is the competent person (certifications located in Appendix B), will conduct the initial employee site safety orientation. Mandatory safety meetings will be held on a weekly basis. Safety and health topics will vary from week to week on subject matter, utilizing the 29 CFR 1910 and 29 CFR 1926 standards, along with the Veterans Affairs Safety and Health Program and issues raised during construction.

 $\ensuremath{<\!\mathsf{Place}}$ documentation of training sign-in sheets and agenda in Appendix B>

c) Employee training:

<Name> Construction Company employees will be trained, at the site safety orientation on the following topics:

- When PPE is necessary.
- What PPE is necessary and which PPE has been selected for each process the employee operates.
- How to properly put on, take off, adjust, and wear PPE.

6. ACCIDENT REPORTING:

All <**Name**> Construction employees on site will be required to attend an "Accident and Event Reporting" Orientation class at the start of the project, or before they begin work at the job site. The site supervisor, competent person, will conduct the above mentioned training.

a) Accident investigations, reports, and logs:

The project manager and site supervisor will conduct all accident and near miss investigations. The site supervisor will maintain the OSHA 300 log. All documentation will be kept on the job site. Certifications for competent person(s) are located in Appendix B.

b) Immediate notification of major accidents:

Should a major accident occur, the following notifications will take place as soon as any injured person(s) are cared for:

<Contact Name, Title> <Contact Name, Title> <Contact Name, Title>

Safety Requirements Site Specific Accident Prevention Plan - Sample 01 35 26 -8

VA Safety Representative: Frank Wunderle

Local Emergency Services:

| Hospital | VA Wade Park Medical Facility 10701 East Blvd. Cleveland, Ohio 44106 Dial 2222 from any VA Phone |
|-----------------|---|
| Hospital | University Hospitals 11100 Euclid Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44106 911 / (216) 844-1000 |
| Fire Department | 911 / 216-664-6813 |
| Security | Dial 4207 from any VA Phone |

This listing will be posted in the field office.

c) Accident response plan:

<Name> Construction Company intends to make certain all emergency incidents are handled in a proper and safe manner giving priority to the following:

- Life Safety
- Property Conservation
- Emergency Situation Investigation
- Return to Normal Operations
- d) Exposure data / man hours worked:
 - (1) This section covers the following operations <Fill in operation/s requiring additional training> unless the employer can demonstrate that the operation does not involve employee exposure or the reasonable possibility for employee exposure to safety or health hazards. Example; (a negative impact statement or asbestos abatement)
 - (2) This information will be maintained by the site supervisor and verified by <Contact Name>. A daily log will be maintained of all man hours worked. This information will also be used to determine the final TIR for the project. Any data collected will be submitted to the COR for their report.

7. EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN:

This plan covers the actions of all **<Name>** Construction employees. All subcontractors on site will be required to submit for approval, to **<Name>** Construction Company, their own site specific Emergency Response Plan. If not adequate, the subcontractor and their employees

must be orientated to the <**Name**> Construction Company's "SITE SPECIFIC EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN", before they can begin work at this site.

a) Chemical Safety:

As part of this program, **<Name>** Construction Company will inform subcontractors, or their representatives of the site emergency response procedures and any potential fire, explosion, health, safety, or other hazards.

The following procedures address emergency response as follows:

- Pre-emergency planning and coordination with outside parties: VAMC (COR) will receive notification of date to start work, along with MSDS's of all substances brought onto the facility.
- Personal roles, lines of authority, training, and communication:

The personnel utilizing chemicals will contain the substances brought onto the facility. Plumbers will contain and handle all compressed gas cylinders, providing they have been trained and documented.

In the case where a situation occurs that they cannot handle, all employees will be trained on evacuating the area, notifying the on-site supervisor, and workers in the immediate worksite.

• Emergency recognition and prevention:

All workers will, at the safety orientation, be informed of this site-specific emergency response plan and procedures.

All workers will be responsible to recognize hazards and their prevention, practice this at all times on the worksite.

All workers will be responsible to answer question from surveyors about general safety, health, and emergency procedures wherever they are on site.

b) Emergency plan for severe weather:

For the site-specific severe weather conditions that employees may encounter during the project, <**Name**> Construction Company has developed the following procedures. First, <**Name**> Construction Company employees will adhere to all NWS warnings and advisories. For snowfall, the policy for workers is that a Level Three emergency, which is predicted heavy snow fall, or other dangerous weather conditions.

• Safe distances and places of refuge:

All workers at this site will be informed of the designated location of the safe zone. This will also be posted in the field office for all to be reminded of. In the event of an emergency occurrence, and the Local Fire Department, or any other entity is summoned, all workers will report to this zone to be accounted for.

• Site security and control:

In the event of an emergency, workers will notify the site supervisor or project manager of the situation, at that time, workers will report to the safe zone. The site supervisor and/or project manager will notify security and any other applicable authorities. Staying away from the immediate situation and not allowing any unauthorized personnel to enter until proper authorities arrive.

• Evacuation routes and procedures:

Any work will be performed on the interior of the building. Evacuation plans are posted in various locations throughout work area by the VA.

Decontamination:

This would be required if there is a possibility of a large spill of hazardous material with the potential of contaminating contractor employees. Small spills and personnel contaminations are expected to be cleaned up using the contractors Hazard Communication program and associated MSDS requirements.

c) Medical support:

It will be the duty of all workers onsite, including subcontractors, to immediately report to the site supervisor and/or project manager, COR's any and all emergencies.

The following are items of concern regarding the handling of all medical support requirements:

(1) On site:

- For incidents occurring on site at Wade Park Veterans Affairs Medical Center; the victim(s) will be stabilized prior to be relocated to another institution.
- For non-emergency support first aid supplies will be kept at the <Name> Construction Company field office. All subcontractors will be required to supply properly trained personnel as well as their own first aid supplies.
- All supplies will be subject to our safety inspections. No one will perform first aid or CPR unless properly trained, and verification of certification is on file at the jobsite.
- ٠

(2) Off site:

- For the Wade Park location, University Hospital Medical Center is located at 11100 Euclid Avenue (216) 844-1000.
- Maps are posted and available for all contractors on site (See Appendix A).

Safety Requirements Site Specific Accident Prevention Plan - Sample 01 35 26 -11

- Emergency medical treatment and first aid:
- Emergency alerting and response procedures:
- It will be the duty of all workers onsite, including subcontractors, to immediately respond to the COR's, Construction Safety Team or Outside Inspectors from governmental agencies or agencies approving accreditation regarding their function during an emergency.
- (3) Posting of emergency telephone numbers:

The posting of these Emergency Telephone Numbers will be in the job field office, where all workers will have access to them. All employees and subcontractors will be made aware of these and the location at the safety orientation. The numbers are as follows:

| Hospital | Wade Park Veterans Affairs Medical Center Dial 2222 from any VA Phone |
|-----------------|--|
| | University Hospital 911 / (216) 844-1000 |
| Fire Department | 911 / (216) 664-6813 |
| Security | Dial 4207 from any VA Phone |

d) Hazard communication program:

This site specific Hazard Communication Plan has been implemented in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200.

All areas in which hazardous chemicals will be stored shall have the proper label and/or signs. The MSDS for all chemicals on site will be located in a book labeled MSDS, in the project field office.

The training of employees and subcontractors will be as follows:

- Where to find this program
- What is in this program
- All chemicals on this jobsite
- What is an MSDS
- How to find specific information on an MSDS
- Labeling system
- What area these chemicals are stored in, map indicating
- The proper handling procedures for these chemicals
- Spill/release clean up protocol

August 14, 2015

Should there be an immediate threat to life or property, the emergency response plan for the installation, which is to be on file at the field office.

It is mandatory that all subcontractors submit, before a new chemical is introduced to the worksite, that the proper MSDS is submitted to the site supervisor/project manager. It will be the responsibility of the site supervisor to inform all employees and subcontractors of the new chemical(s), introduce the MSDS, and the potential hazards of that chemical. The site supervisor and/or project manager will have the responsibility to notify the Contracting Officer / COR of any and all new chemicals brought onto the facility.

Chemical storage areas, if needed, to be located per VA designated location.

 e) CORRECTIVE ACTIONS INVOLVING CLEAN-UP OPERATIONS AT SITES COVERED BY THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT OF 1976 (RCRA) AS AMENDED (42 W.S.C. 6901 ET SEQ).

Clean-up operations required by a governmental body, whether Federal, state, local or other involving hazardous substance that are conducted at uncontrolled hazardous waste sites (including, but not limited to, the EPA's National Priority Site List (NPL), state priority site lists, sites recommended for the EPA, NPL, and initial investigations of government identified sites which area conducted before the presence or absence of hazardous substances has been ascertained;

Voluntary clean-up operations at sites recognized by Federal, state, local or other governmental bodies as uncontrolled hazardous waste sites;

Operations involving hazardous waste that area conducted at treatment, storage, disposal (TSD) facilities regulated by 40 CFR Parts 264 and 265 pursuant to RCRA; or by agencies under agreement with U.S.E.P.A. to implement RCRA regulations; and Emergency response operations for releases of, or substantial threats of releases of, hazardous substances with regard to the location of the hazard.

8. FIRE PREVENTION PLAN:

We at <**Name**> Construction Company limit our employees participation to the use of portable fire extinguishers. The site supervisor at safety orientation will cover this Plan. The following topics will include:

- a) All areas controlled by the primary contractor are required to maintain fire protection during their occupancy. As a minimum smoke detectors and heat sensors shall be in place whenever the areas original fire protection has been compromised.
 - b) All fire extinguishers must be checked and tagged every thirty day
- c) The general principles of fire extinguisher use and the hazards involved with incipient stage firefighting.
 - d) Actions to be taken by authorized person(s)
 - (1) Evacuate area.
 - (2) Notify site supervisor and/or project manager.

- (3) Determine if fire is incipient
- (4) Utilize fire extinguisher.
- (5) If fire or smoke is too great, report to safe zone.

(6) Make call to Fire Department if instructed by supervisor and/or project manager.

- e) Actions to be taken by unauthorized person(s)
 - (1) Evacuate area
 - (2) Notify supervisor and/or project manager.
 - (3) Report to safe zone.

(4) Make call to Fire Department if instructed by site supervisor and/or project manager.

- f) Only approved fire extinguishers will be onsite and checked on a daily basis by the site supervisor. These will be located in the following areas, but not limited to:
 - (1) Portable Fire Extinguishers
 - (2) Individual Roles and Responsibilities
 - (3) Fire Watch
 - (4) Response Plans
 - (5) Safe Zone
 - (6) Notification
 - (7) Site Mapping
 - (8) Inside field office.
 - (9) In any area where cutting or welding is taking place
- g) The following sections listed below are all part of this Accident Prevention Plan. The information below contains additional requirements that are part of this Fire Prevention Plan:
 - Safety and Health Inspections
 - Firefighting Plan
 - Posting of Emergency Numbers
 - Hazard Communication Program
 - Site Sanitation Plan
 - (1) The risk of a job site fire can be avoided through; safety and health inspections, housekeeping, proper maintenance, proper storage and handling, ensuring all employees and subcontractors are performing their designated work duties properly, the handling of supplies and equipment as directed, following all guidelines set forth through operating manuals, instructions, and training,
 - (2) All employees and subcontractors require the proper storage of combustibles. Combustible liquids must be stored and covered in approved containers.
 - (3) All chemical spills including, of course, combustible liquids, must be cleaned up immediately.
 - (4) All chemical and chemical products will be handled and stored in accordance with the procedures noted on their individual MSDS

Safety Requirements Site Specific Accident Prevention Plan - Sample 01 35 26 -14

Note: Care must be taken when cleaning up chemical spills. Information on appropriate personal protective equipment, proper disposal, proper cleanup procedures, required ventilation, etc is found on the products MSDS.

- (5) Cleanup materials and damaged containers must be properly disposed.
- (6) Combustible liquids and trash must be segregated and stored away from ignition sources.
- (7) Approved portable fire extinguishers will be checked on daily basis, ensuring they are charged and ready for use.
- (8) Smoking is not permitted inside the facility. Only designated areas by the VA will be permitted (outside), with smoking debris discarded in designated areas.
- (9) Debris will not be allowed to accumulate on the job site and will be maintained daily.
- h) Submission of a Burn Permit. <Name> Construction will submit a Burn Permit to the COR to perform acetylene oxygen welding, brazing and cutting, the following precautionary measures will be required as part of this permit along with any additional requirements by the VA Medical Center Policy 138-012 (Hot Work):
 - (1) Inspect all surroundings and equipment to insure that combustible substances are not present in any area where contact of metal at a temperature above the flashpoint of any compound is possible.

(2) Ensure that no open containers or spills of combustible substances are present.

(3) Ensure that ignition is not possible by conduction, convection, radiation, or dispersion of molten metal.

(4) Proper protection equipment and practices will be used, i.e., fireproof blankets, removal of combustible materials where practicable, and portable fire extinguishers of proper type on hand.

(5) When the above operations are in use a continuous Fire Watch will be performed while equipment is being used.

(6) Training in fire protection will occur at the site safety orientation. This training shall include the following topics, but not limited to:

a. <List of Topics>

9. SITE SAFETY RULES:

<Name> Construction Company has developed a comprehensive safety and health program that addresses our specific safety and health concerns and provides guidance for the

performance of our individual job tasks within the framework of appropriate Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standards.

Safety requires not only that each person understand and perform individual tasks in a safe manner, but also that each individual is aware of his/her surroundings and is actively involved in the safety and health of others.

a) No Smoking: Smoking is not permitted inside the facility. Only designated areas by the VA will be permitted (outside), with smoking debris discarded in designated areas.

b) Accidents: In the event of an emergency, workers will notify the site supervisor or project manager of the situation, at that time, workers will report to the safe zone. The site supervisor and/or project manager will notify security and any other applicable authorities.

The goals for all projects are as follows:

- (1) Zero accident rate
 - (2) Zero injury/illness rate
 - (3) Compliance with all applicable Local, State, OSHA standards and Veterans Affairs Safety Directives
- c) Hard Hats: Head Protection will be as follows:
 - All workers on this site will be required to wear approved hart hats when working in the close proximity of heavy equipment and where structural steel is being hoisted
 - In the area where another workers activities may exposing them to injury.

d) Hazard Reporting: Each employee is encouraged to contact their Supervisor immediately should a safety or health risk exist so that corrective action may be taken immediately.

e) Controlled Substances: Therefore, the following actions are strictly prohibited and will prompt disciplinary action up to and including consideration for immediate discharge:

(1) The illegal use, sale, arranging for sale, possession or manufacturing of narcotics, drugs or controlled substances while on the job or on VA property.

(2) The use of alcohol or illegal drugs while on the job or VA property.

f) Safety Devices: <Name> Construction Company has fulfilled all required Safety and Health Plans and Programs according to regulation, and has installed all required safety device for the equipment being used for the tasks. Failure to use or to disable the mentioned safety device relating to CFR 1910 and 1926 standards to ensure 100% safety will be grounds for review.

The goal is to provide the company and its workers protection against those individuals who refuse to act in a consistently safe manner.

Without proper enforcement, the policy will not be able to deliver the intended results. Therefore, it is essential that all employees be held accountable to these guidelines for disciplinary actions up to and including discharge.

g) Personnel Protective Equipment: Procedures for implementing an effective PPE policy in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132, will be as follows:

- (1) During a pre-construction walk through, **<Contact Name>**, the Project Manager, will perform a job site hazard assessment.
 - (b) HAZARD ASSESSMENT: The purpose of the survey is to identify sources of hazards to workers and co-workers. The documentation of this hazard assessment is located in PCRA (Pre-Construction Risk Assessment)
 - (c) POTENTIAL HAZARD SOURCES < Adjust based on scope of work>
 - <Surfaces that could become slick, uneven walking and working surfaces>
 - <Welding / Brazing Hazards>
 - <Quality Air Control>
 - <Electrical Hazards>
 - <Potential Overhead Obstructions (above ceiling)>
 - <Fall Protection>
 - <Rolling or pinching objects>
 - <Sharp objects that might pierce feet or cut hands>
 - <Motion that includes tool movement, moving machinery, or machine parts, or movement of personnel that could result in collision with stationary objects.>
 - (d) EMPLOYEE TRAINING: <**Name**> Construction Company employees will be trained, at the site safety orientation on the following topics:
 - When PPE is necessary.
 - What PPE is necessary and which PPE has been selected for each process the employee operates.
 - How to properly put on, take off, adjust and wear PPE.
- (2) Each of the basic hazards has been reviewed and a determination made as to the type, level of risk, and seriousness of potential injury.
 - When exposure to hazards cannot be engineered completely out of normal operations or maintenance work.
 - When safe work practices cannot provide sufficient additional protection.

- A Final method of control is through the use of protective clothing or equipment. These include eye protection, steel-toed shoes, hard hats, hearing protection, gloves, and fall protection
- (3) Consideration has been given to the possibility of exposure to several hazards at once. The general procedure for determining appropriate protective equipment is to:
 - Identify the potential hazards and the type of protective equipment that is available, and what protection it provides.
 - Compare the capabilities of various types of PPE with the hazards associated with the environment.
 - Select the PPE, which provides a level of protection greater than the minimum required to protect employees from the hazards.
 - Select PPE that will fit each employee properly and provides protection from the hazard.
 - The Hazard Assessment Worksheet is located in Appendix D.
- h) Horseplay: Safety training needs will be identified by continual reassessment of our work methods, equipment and job sites as well as employee and management input. Observation of unsafe acts will be addressed immediately.
 - i) Reporting Under the Influence:

(1) Arriving at work or working under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs, narcotics or controlled substances.

(2) Any illegal substance confiscated pursuant to this policy will be turned over to the proper authorities.

j) Flammable Liquid Storage: It is mandatory that all subcontractors submit, before a new chemical is introduced to the worksite, that the proper MSDS is submitted to the site supervisor/project manager. It will be the responsibility of the site supervisor to inform all employees and subcontractors of the new chemical(s), introduce the MSDS, and the potential hazards of that chemical. The site supervisor and/or project manager will have the responsibility to notify the Contracting Officer / COR of any and all new chemicals brought onto the facility.

k) Heavy Equipment Operation

10. WEEKLY CONTRACTOR REVIEWS:

a) The primary site supervisor, who is the competent person (certifications in Appendix will conduct the initial employee site safety orientation.

b) Mandatory safety meetings will be held on a weekly basis. Safety and health topics will vary from week to week on subject matter, utilizing the 29 CFR 1910 and 29 CFR 1926 standards, along with the Veterans Affairs Safety and Health Program and issues raised during construction.(Place documentation of training sign-in sheets and agenda in Appendix B)

c) Safety takes a commitment from all personnel within our organization. Weekly Training will be interactive with an opportunity for all to actively participate, ask questions, make suggestions, and refer to our written policies and procedures.

11. COMPETENT PERSON:

a) A Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) will be provided at the work site at all times to perform safety and occupational health management, surveillance, inspections, and safety enforcement for the Contractor and subcontractors.

b) The SSHO will be employed by the prime. SSHO qualifications with education certificates will be listed in Appendix B.

d) There will be a competent person for maintaining a Health Hazard Control and Respiratory Protection Program. They will conduct and document a hazard assessment in accordance with Section 06 to identify and evaluate the need and level of protection required for the activities being scheduled. (What form of documentation).

d) Conduct daily safety and health inspections and maintain a written log which includes area/operation inspected, date of inspection, identified hazards, recommended corrective actions, estimated and actual dates of corrections. Safety inspection logs shall be attached to the Contractors daily quality control report. Current "Safety Logs" shall be readily available upon request.

12. WRITTEN PROTOCOLS FOR OUTSIDE INSPECTIONS:

a) Presentation of Credentials - Upon arrival at the work site or facility, the OSHA compliance officer must display his or her credentials and will ask to meet with the appropriate employer representative.

b) The contractor must notify the COR immediately upon the initial OSHA Contact.

- (1) Opening Conference During an opening conference, the compliance officer will explain the purpose of the inspection. Contractor Management representatives must be prepared to discuss actions that have been taken to demonstrate their company's commitment to the health and safety of employees (e.g. work practices, safety and industrial hygiene standards, safety manuals, training conducted, internal inspections, etc).
- (2) An authorized employee representative will be given the opportunity to attend the opening conference and to accompany the compliance officer during the inspection. Employees may also be consulted during the conduct of the inspection. Employees who participate in the inspection, or are consulted by the compliance officer, are protected under the OSHA act from discrimination for exercising their safety and health rights.
- (3) A contractor management representative and a VAMC Cleveland Safety representative must accompany the compliance officer during the inspection and keep accurate notes of any actual or possible violations

found by the compliance officer. Obvious violations detected by the compliance officer should be corrected on the spot where possible.

- (4) It is imperative that existing operations, reports, logs, etc. not be misrepresented to the compliance officer. The penalty for making false statements or representation to OSHA or its compliance officers is a maximum of \$10,000 and 6 months imprisonment. In addition, the offending party can be subject to discipline by the company up to and including discharge
- (5) Closing Conference After the inspection has been conducted, a closing conference will be held between the compliance officer, the employer and employee representatives and VAMC Cleveland. This is the best time, before possible issuance of a citation, to explain the company's position. It is imperative that we question any proposed findings or abatement periods that are unreasonable. Request that any citations be sent to the company with a copy to the VAMC Cleveland safety office.

13. SUBCONTRACTOR SITE SPECIFIC SAFETY PLAN:

As part of employment with <**Name**> Construction Company, **employees** are required to comply with all aspects **of their** corporate level "Safety and Health Plan".

- Supervisors are expected and required to comply with all aspects of the corporate level "Safety and Health Plan" as well as to enforce all applicable requirements at the jobsite.
- Supervisors are expected and required to complete all necessary site safety documentation in a complete and timely manner.
- Supervisors are required to report all safety incidents to the main office as soon as possible. The projects COR is to be notified ASAP. The above items represent the method used to ensure our goals are met.

14. REQUIRED POSTERS:

This Policy Statement will be conspicuously posted in the job site office along with all other required postings including the OSHA Form 300, Log and Summary of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses.

15. SUBCONTRACTOR/SUPPLIERS ORIENTATION PROGRAM:

- a) Identification of subcontractors: <<u>Name of Subcontractor</u>> (List all subcontractors expected to be on site)
- b) Controlling and coordination of subcontractors and suppliers:

Suppliers will be under close supervision during material delivery and pick-up. Communication with suppliers will be important to ensure loads are put in designated areas, and supplier is made aware of any immediate hazards in the area he/she will be

in. A project schedule has been coordinated and submitted for approval for the coordination of the scope of work being performed.

c) SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES OF SUBCONTRACTORS AND SUPPLIERS:

All subcontractors will be responsible to Submit and implement their corporate level Safety and Health Plan as appropriate for the project. Subcontractor shall submit these documents to **Name** Construction Company for approval prior to the start of their activities on the work site. In addition, they will be responsible for adhering to all applicable OSHA and the Veterans Affairs Safety and Health Program requirements. These documents will be verified through our own site safety inspections and meetings.

In the event that a subcontractor does not have the required safety and health programs, their employees will receive training utilizing <**Name**> Construction Company's safety and health programs prior to accessing the work site. This training will be documented and compliance with the provisions of <**Name**> Construction Company's Safety and Health programs will be mandatory as well as being readily accessible.

16. REPORTING OF CATASTROPHIC EVENTS:

It is the policy of <**Name**> Construction Company to provide a work environment that is inherently safe. The safety and health of our employees is of primary importance as they are our most important resource

• Pre-emergency planning and coordination with outside parties:

VAMC (COR) will receive notification of date to start work, along with MSDS's of all substances brought onto the facility.

• Personal roles, lines of authority, training, and communication:

The personnel utilizing chemicals will contain the substances brought onto the facility. Plumbers will contain and handle all compressed gas cylinders, providing they have been trained and documented.

In the case where a situation occurs that they cannot handle, all employees will be trained on evacuating the area, notifying the on-site supervisor, and workers in the immediate worksite.

• Emergency recognition and prevention:

All workers will, at the safety orientation, be informed of this site-specific emergency response plan and procedures. All workers will be responsible to recognize hazards and their prevention, practice this at all times on the worksite.

All workers will be responsible to answer question from surveyors about general safety, health, and emergency procedures wherever they are on site.

• Safe distances and places of refuge:

All workers at this site will be informed of the designated location of the safe zone. This will also be posted in the field office for all to be reminded of. In the event of an emergency occurrence, and the Local Fire Department, or any other entity is summoned, all workers will report to this zone to be accounted for.

• Site security and control:

In the event of an emergency, workers will notify the site supervisor or project manager of the situation, at that time, workers will report to the safe zone. The site supervisor and/or project manager will notify security and any other applicable authorities. Staying away from the immediate situation and not allowing any unauthorized personnel to enter until proper authorities arrive.

• Evacuation routes and procedures:

Any work will be performed on the interior of the building. Evacuation plans are posted in various locations throughout work area by the VA.

• Decontamination:

This would be required if there is a possibility of a large spill of hazardous material with the potential of contaminating contractor employees. Small spills and personnel contaminations are expected to be cleaned up using the contractors Hazard Communication program and associated MSDS requirements.

- Emergency medical treatment and first aid:
- Emergency alerting and response procedures:

It will be the duty of all workers onsite, including subcontractors, to immediately report to the site supervisor and/or project manager, COR's any and all emergencies

17. Site specific plans to address PCRA:

- a. Only those hazards identified as "yes" on the PCRA need to be addressed.
- b. Modify the description of the safety precautions as needed to address the specific concern. You may refer to a company policy or company rule book to describe the safety precautions or safety plan; however, we will need to have a copy of your plan or policy on file.
- c. To place a check in the box
 - right click on the box
 - Click "Properties"
 - Click "Checked"
 - Click "OK"

Pre Construction Risk Assessment (PCRA)

| Description of safety precautions or reference to contractor Safety Procedures |
|--|
| (1) Respiratory Protection Plan Describe of ACTIVITY requiring respiratory protection if applicable NEED documentation of training. Need documentation of fit test. |
| Hearing: Protection Plan Any area with noise levels at or above 85dba will be required to wear hearing protection. When workers are utilizing loud equipment, or being exposed to such levels, hearing protection shall be provided. |
| (3) PPE other: Personal protective equipment (PPE) includes hard hats, gloves, safety glasses, steel-toed shoes/boots, hearing protection, and personal fall protection. |
| Eye protection will be as follows: Safety glasses used for any worker performing, observing tasks that may result in flying objects, dust, or in the area where another workers activities may exposing them to eye injury. During welding/cutting operations, the required filter lenses will be utilized according to the operation, electrode size and arc current. |
| Foot Protection: All workers will be required to wear the appropriate foot protection. Steel-toed shoes/boots are mandatory. |
| Hand Protection: Workers may be exposed to hand injuries from; sharp objects, abrasive materials and weather. Gloves designed to protect against the specific hazard encountered are an effective means of reducing such risks and will be used on |
| this project. |
| (4) Overhead hazards: <(Example)There will be X critical lifts required on this project. A crane will be utilized to load new materials onto X th floor roof and remove demolished material from the roof. A plan will be submitted and approved prior to this work being performed.> |
| (5) Confined space: Procedures for entering a confined space depend on the type of confined space and the scope of work associated with the entry. a) The VAMC Cleveland Confined Space Entry Program provides the detailed information necessary for regulatory compliance. The contractor may use the VAMC Program or their own providing that it meets regulatory compliance and is reviewed and approved before entry is made. b) Under no circumstances should a person enter into a posted confined space without notifying the COR. A "Shutdown Request" reviewed by Occupational |

| Health and Safety and approved by the COR will be used for this notification. c) Sub-basements are considered non-permit required confined spaces unless welding is performed or other hazards introduced that may create a hazardous atmosphere. When atmospheric hazards are identified then the sub-basements will be worked under the alternate procedure provisions provided that continuous ventilation is used to control the atmospheric hazard. d) Areas posted as "Permit Required" confined spaces will not be entered unless the hazards are eliminated and the space is reclassified. All tanks, voids, ventilation ducts and sewers are considered "Permit Required" confined spaces unless a hazard assessment is conducted and the space is reclassified. e) Employees entering confined spaces will be trained. Training will be based on the Confined Space Entry Program, ANSI National Standard "Safety Requirements for working in Tanks and other Confined Spaces" (ANSI Z117.1), or equivalent training |
|---|
| (6) Ladders: Workers that may be performing work on ladders are instructed to adhere to the following: |
| Inspect before using |
| Place ladder using 4 to 1 rule Never place base of ladder on objects |
| Never place base of ladder on objects Never place ladder in front of door unless |
| Door is blocked in open position Door is demarcated off |
| Door is locked |
| (7) Scaffolding: For work that requires scaffolding use for employees and |
| subcontractors, personal fall protection shall be mandatory, unless working less than 6 ft. The following topics listed will be conveyed to workers prior to scaffolding use |
| Review scaffolding supplier pamphlet for proper construction |
| Inspect scaffolding structure before initial use/and daily Report any defects immediately / do not use / tag out of service |
| Placement of structure |
| When fall protection is required What you can tie off to |
| (8) Work platforms: Describe type of platform required and specific requirements for its use. |
| (9) Fall protection: Personal Fall Protection <name> Construction Company requires all employees working at or above 6' to wear personal fall protection, unless the personal fall protection creates a safety hazard by utilizing it. In that case, other means of fall protection shall be provided.</name> |
| (10) Asbestos: As part of the Asbestos program, <name> Construction Company will inform subcontractors, or their representatives of the site emergency response procedures and any potential fire, explosion, health, safety, or other hazards. The substances listed in Section 13, paragraph c, under MSDS, have the potential to be released or spilled. Section 13.c, Hazard Communication, lists some potential hazards that contractors and/or subcontractors my encounter. Also listed are the</name> |

| | reasonable estimate to be taken and the proper patification |
|------|---|
| | response actions to be taken and the proper notification. |
| (11) | Hazardous materials: The substances listed in Section 13 paragraph c, under MSDS, have the potential to be released or spilled. Section 13 c, Hazard Communication, lists some potential hazards that contractors and/or subcontractors my encounter. Also listed are the response actions to be taken and the proper notification. MSDS sheets must be made available for review by the VAMC and contracted employees. |
| (12) | Hot work: The <name> Construction Company will follow VAMC Cleveland's Hot work Policy (MCP 138-012), <name> Construction will submit a Hot Work Permit to the COR to perform acetylene oxygen welding, brazing and cutting, the following precautionary measures will be required.</name></name> Inspect all surroundings and equipment to insure that combustible substances are not present in any area where contact of metal at a temperature above the flashpoint of any compound is possible. Ensure that no open containers or spills of combustible substances are present. Ensure that ignition is not possible by conduction, convection, radiation, or dispersion of molten metal. Proper protection equipment and practices will be used, i.e., fireproof blankets, removal of combustible materials where practicable, and portable fire extinguishers of proper type on hand. When the above operations are in use a continuous Fire Watch will be performed while equipment is being used. Training in fire protection will occur at the site safety orientation. |
| (13) | Ventilation: <describe 500="" a="" and="" be="" blower="" cfm="" devil="" directed="" example:="" exhaust="" for="" forced="" in="" is="" it="" of="" operations="" outside.="" reason="" red="" required.="" set="" sub-basement.="" that="" the="" this="" to="" type="" up="" used="" ventilation="" welding="" will=""></describe> |
| (14) | Power distribution: Describe the circumstances that would make it necessary for disruption of power from the main power lines or associated transformers entering the facility. |
| (15) | Work being done on energized equipment: Any work to be done on Energized Equipment must be done in accordance with Medical Center Policy (MCP) 138 – 03 (Working on Energized Equipment). The Medical Centers Directors permission is required to work any circuit energized. A Energized Circuit Work permit must be approved before starting work. |
| (16) | Other electric: List Specifics |
| (17) | Loto: Only VA Employees will manipulate breakers or valves to perform a Lock Out Tag unless specific permission (in writing) is obtained by the Assistant Chief Engineering, M&O. The VA will hang Locks or tags on valves or breakers as requested by the |

| | project manager. After the VA places their lock on the device, then <<u>Name</u>> Construction Company will be allowed to place their lock on the device. When clearing the Lock Out Tag Out, <<u>Name</u>> Construction. Company will remove <<u>Name</u>> Construction's locks and notify the COR. The VA will then remove the VA locks and reposition the valve or breaker at the request of <<u>Name</u>> Construction Company. |
|------|---|
| (18) | Crane operation: <(Example) There will be X critical lifts required on this project. A crane will be utilized to load new materials onto Xth floor roof and remove demolished material from the roof. A plan will be submitted and approved prior to this work being performed.> |
| (19) | Excavating; Trenches, ditches – Describe the type, name of competent person, trench boxes required and if necessary air sampling requirements. |
| (20) | Earthmoving: (Example) The use of this equipment will be required on this project for moving of earth. Safety will be the responsibility of the company performing the work. |
| (21) | Industrial trucks: (Example) The use of this equipment will be required on this project for loading materials onto the X th floor roof. Industrial truck safety will be the responsibility of the company performing the work. |
| (22) | Other motorized equipment: List type and specific use. Only qualified operators will be allowed to operate motorized equipment. Diesel powered equipment will not be used near medical Center Ventilation Intakes. |
| (23) | Concrete, Masonry operations: Describe the work to be performed and what fall protection will be provided for workers on forms that are higher than six feet. |
| (24) | Steel Erection: Describe the type of steel erection, fire protection coatings used and fall protection requirements if not already addressed in (10) Fall Protection. |
| (25) | Alteration or Improvement of existing Electrical transmission and distribution lines and equipment. – Describe the scope of work and provisions made to ensure that the facility does not lose power during the work. |
| (26) | Hand & portable tools |
| | a) Hand Tools |
| | .1 For your own protection, do not misuse your tools. Use tools only for the purpose for which they were designed. |
| | .2 Your job will be easier and much safer if tools are in good condition. Take care in handling and storing tools. |
| | .3 You and the person in charge must be satisfied that all the tools you use on the job, whether they are Company- or personally-owned, are in safe condition. |

| | .4 Tools with mushroomed heads, loose, split or broken handles, broken screw drivers, defective pliers, wrenches with spread jaws, defective cords, ground wires and plugs, etc., must not be used. .5 Never use a defective tool. Defective tools are to be removed from service and marked defective. .6 For your own protection, do not misuse your tools. .7 Cover sharp-edged and pointed tools with scabbards and guards. Always use the guards when the tools are not in use. .8 Never strike the hardened part of one tool against the hardened part of another tool or against any hardened surface. .9 Never use a file with a tang unless it is equipped with a handle. .10 Never throw tools from one person to another or from one level to another. .11 Hot tools, equipment or materials on tables or benches, even if they are metal covered, shall be properly identified. .12 Never use improper handles when you work with jacks. Always remove handles when they are not being used. .13 Never use metal-shielded spotlights or flashlights around exposed electrical equipment. |
|----|---|
| b) | Extension Cords |
| | Use only approved extension cords and lamp guards. Extension cord lamps used in explosion-hazard atmospheres, such as oil vapor or flammable gases, must be equipped with guards and vapor-proof globes. Do not use a lamp with a switch. When you use an extension cord around switchboards, switch structures or electrical equipment, it must have a non-metallic socket and guard. Use only specially approved low voltage (6 or 12 Volt) extension cords or ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) when you need portable lighting in wet locations. This type of cord should be used when you work outdoors, in tanks or in other areas where moisture or condensation may be a hazard. Use GFCI protected circuits where required by the electric code. If there is a question about the requirements, contact Engineering Service for resolution. |
| c) | Tool Containers |
| | .1 Cover any grating to prevent your tools or material from falling. When you are working on scaffolds or platforms, use a suitable container for any of your tools that are not actually being used. |
| d) | Power Tools |
| | .1 Always wear the proper personal protective equipment including but not limited to eye protection. .2 Before you use any power tool, check to make sure: .it is properly tested; all guards are in place; |
| | |

| | 1 | |
|---|--------------|---|
| | | all material is properly secured; you disconnect the tool electrically before inserting or removing any attachments; and you use GFCI protected circuits when required. 3 While a machine is in operation: never remove chips with your hand; always use a suitable brush, hook or stick; do not let the machine run unattended; do not place tools or materials on machines where they can be jarred or pushed off; never try to stop a machine using your hands or any other part of your body as a brake; and both hands shall be used when working with portable tools. You must unplug power tools when they are left unattended. You must shut off and de-pressurize (bleed down) pneumatic- or hydraulic-operated tools when they are left unattended. Keep the floor around machines clean and free from oil. If you spill any oil, wipe it up immediately or use an oil absorbent. Slipping is one of the most common causes of accidents. Carefully inspect grinding machines before you use them. Be sure that: you perform a ring test prior to installing a new wheel; the wheel is in good condition; dress or replace the wheel as necessary; the work rest is adjusted properly; and the safety guard is in place and allows proper visibility to do the work. Do not use the side of the wheel for grinding, unless it is specifically designed for side grinding. Many wheels cannot stand up under side grinding. Never drive a grinding wheel at speeds above that specified by the manufacturer. When you grind small objects, hold them firmly in place with a suitable tool, not with your fingers. |
| | (27) | Compressed Gasses: Compressed gas cylinders may be used at this worksite. These cylinders and gases present an injury hazard in the event that a regulator or cylinder is damaged and/or broken. The particular gases used will be < Name Gas>. These hazards will be reduced by routine inspections and maintenance of compressed gas cylinders and by assuring all the units are secured from tipping. Safety caps will be installed on all cylinders that are not in use. Compressed gas cylinder will be kept away from excessive heat, will not be stored where they might be damaged or knocked over by passing or falling objects. The |
| | | storage of oxygen and fuel gas compressed cylinders will be separated by at least |
| | (20) | 20 ft. Other hezerdeus activities -(Neme and describe sefety procesutions): |
| ⊢ | (28) (29) | Other hazardous activities <(Name and describe safety precautions)> Infection Control : Infection Control (216-791-3800 Ext 4791) has been contacted |
| | (29) | for work in patient care or high risk areas to conduct an Infection Control Risk |

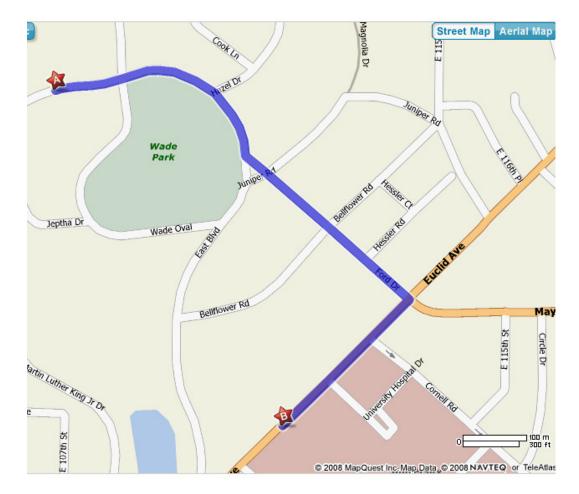
| | | Assessment (ICRA). Provisions of the ICRA will be followed unless changed by Infection Control. |
|--|------|--|
| | (30) | Life Safety: Occupational Health and Safety 216-791-3800 Ext 4172 has been contacted to conduct a Life Safety Risk Assessment. Interim Life Safety measures have been determined and will be posted outside of the construction area. Fire extinguishers will be provided inside the construction area and they will be inspected at a minimum of 30 day intervals. Provisions of the Interim Life Safety measures will be followed unless modified by Occupational Health and Safety. If penetrations are made in smoke/fire barriers the COR will verify that they have been appropriately sealed before project completion. |
| | (31) | Emergency Procedures: Standard Emergency Response Plan is described in section 7. Additional provisions required for rescuing employees working at heights or working in Permit Required Confined Spaces will be as follows: Oescribe Specifics |
| | (32) | Demolition: Demolition is described in the Scope of Work Summary. Collection of demolition debris for recycling will minimize dust generation. All containers will be covered and employees will use appropriate methods for controlling the spread of dust outside the construction zone. |
| | (33) | New Construction Recycling: A minimum of <x%> of total project waste will be diverted to a landfill. a) Concrete b) Steel</x%> |
| | (34) | Interior Remodeling Recycling: A minimum of <x%> of total project waste will be diverted to a landfill. a) Ceiling Tile b) Steel c) Carpet</x%> |
| | (35) | General Recycling: The following categories of waste shall be diverted from a |
| | | landfill (Check all that apply): Groon Waste (Biodegradable landscaping material) |
| | | Green Waste (Biodegradable landscaping material) Soil |
| | | Inserts (concrete, asphalt, masonry) |
| | | Clean dimensional wood, palette wood |
| | | Engineered wood products, plywood, particle board, I joints, etc. |
| | | Cardboard Paper packaging |
| | | Asphalt Roofing materials |
| | | Insulation |
| | | Gypsum board Carpet and pad |
| | | Paint |
| | | Plastics: ABX, PVC |
| | | Beverage containers |

FINAL CD SUBMISSION August 14, 2015

APPENDIX A

Evacuation Routes Work Zone Layouts and Maps to Emergency Services

Contractor and subcontractors working in the Medical Center will follow the posted exit signs and maps to evacuate the medical Center. To ensure all employees have been evacuated, they will meet at <Location>.



Map from VAMC Cleveland (Wade Park Division) to University Hospital

Safety Requirements Site Specific Accident Prevention Plan - Sample 01 35 26 -30

August 14, 2015

APPENDIX B

CERTIFICATIONS & JOBSITE DOCUMENTATION PROGRAM

<List all individuals including their titles, who have completed

- 1. OSHA 30 Hour Construction Safety Course
- 2. OSHA 10 Hour construction Safety Course
- 3. Competent Person Certifications for Respiratory Protection, Fall Protection, Trenching and Shoring, etc. as required by the Scope of Work and applicable regulations.>

FINAL CD SUBMISSION August 14, 2015 VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210

APPENDIX C

CONTRACTOR ACCIDENT RECORD

OSHA 300 FORM

<To be updated and maintained in the on site construction office or the

service company if an office is not located on station.>

Safety Requirements Site Specific Accident Prevention Plan - Sample 01 35 26 -32

SECTION 01 42 19 REFERENCE STANDARDS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies the availability and source of references and standards specified in the project manual under paragraphs APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS and/or shown on the drawings.

1.2 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS FPMR PART 101-29 (FAR 52.211-1) (AUG 1998)

- A. The GSA Index of Federal Specifications, Standards and Commercial Item Descriptions, FPMR Part 101-29 and copies of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in the solicitation may be obtained for a fee by submitting a request to - GSA Federal Supply Service, Specifications Section, Suite 8100, 470 East L'Enfant Plaza, SW, Washington, DC 20407, Telephone (202) 619-8925, Facsimile (202) 619-8978.
- B. If the General Services Administration, Department of Agriculture, or Department of Veterans Affairs issued this solicitation, a single copy of specifications, standards, and commercial item descriptions cited in this solicitation may be obtained free of charge by submitting a request to the addressee in paragraph (a) of this provision. Additional copies will be issued for a fee.
- 1.3 AVAILABILITY FOR EXAMINATION OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-4) (JUN 1988)

The specifications and standards cited in this solicitation can be examined at the following location: DEPARMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS Office of Construction & Facilities Management Facilities Quality Service (00CFM1A) 425 Eye Street N.W, (sixth floor) Washington, DC 20001 Telephone Numbers: (202) 632-5249 or (202) 632-5178 Between 9:00 AM - 3:00 PM

1.4 AVAILABILITY OF SPECIFICATIONS NOT LISTED IN THE GSA INDEX OF FEDERAL SPECIFICATIONS, STANDARDS AND COMMERCIAL ITEM DESCRIPTIONS (FAR 52.211-3) (JUN 1988)

The specifications cited in this solicitation may be obtained from the associations or organizations listed below.

August 14, 2015

| AA | Aluminum Association Inc. |
|--------|--|
| | http://www.aluminum.org |
| AABC | Associated Air Balance Council |
| | http://www.aabchq.com |
| AAMA | American Architectural Manufacturer's Association |
| | http://www.aamanet.org |
| AAN | American Nursery and Landscape Association |
| | http://www.anla.org |
| AASHTO | American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials |
| | http://www.aashto.org |
| AATCC | American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists |
| | http://www.aatcc.org |
| ACGIH | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists |
| | http://www.acgih.org |
| ACI | American Concrete Institute |
| | http://www.aci-int.net |
| ACPA | American Concrete Pipe Association |
| | http://www.concrete-pipe.org |
| ACPPA | American Concrete Pressure Pipe Association |
| | http://www.acppa.org |
| ADC | Air Diffusion Council |
| | http://flexibleduct.org |
| AGA | American Gas Association |
| | http://www.aga.org |
| AGC | Associated General Contractors of America |
| | http://www.agc.org |
| AGMA | American Gear Manufacturers Association, Inc. |
| | http://www.agma.org |
| AHAM | Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers |
| | http://www.aham.org |
| AIA | American Institute of Architects |
| | http://www.aia.org |
| AISC | American Institute of Steel Construction |
| | http://www.aisc.org |
| AISI | American Iron and Steel Institute |
| | http://www.steel.org |
| AITC | American Institute of Timber Construction |
| | http://www.aitc-glulam.org |
| AMCA | Air Movement and Control Association, Inc. |
| | http://www.amca.org |

August 14, 2015

VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210

| ANLA | American Nursery & Landscape Association |
|--------|--|
| | http://www.anla.org |
| ANSI | American National Standards Institute, Inc. |
| | http://www.ansi.org |
| APA | The Engineered Wood Association |
| | http://www.apawood.org |
| ARI | Air-Conditioning and Refrigeration Institute |
| | http://www.ari.org |
| ASAE | American Society of Agricultural Engineers |
| | http://www.asae.org |
| ASCE | American Society of Civil Engineers |
| | http://www.asce.org |
| ASHRAE | American Society of Heating, Refrigerating, and |
| | Air-Conditioning Engineers |
| | http://www.ashrae.org |
| ASME | American Society of Mechanical Engineers |
| | http://www.asme.org |
| ASSE | American Society of Sanitary Engineering |
| | http://www.asse-plumbing.org |
| ASTM | American Society for Testing and Materials |
| | http://www.astm.org |
| AWI | Architectural Woodwork Institute |
| | http://www.awinet.org |
| AWS | American Welding Society |
| | http://www.aws.org |
| AWWA | American Water Works Association |
| | http://www.awwa.org |
| BHMA | Builders Hardware Manufacturers Association |
| | http://www.buildershardware.com |
| BIA | Brick Institute of America |
| | http://www.bia.org |
| CAGI | Compressed Air and Gas Institute |
| | http://www.cagi.org |
| CGA | Compressed Gas Association, Inc. |
| | http://www.cganet.com |
| CI | The Chlorine Institute, Inc. |
| | http://www.chlorineinstitute.org |
| CISCA | Ceilings and Interior Systems Construction Association |
| | http://www.cisca.org |
| | |

August 14, 2015

| CISPI | Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute |
|-------|---|
| 01011 | http://www.cispi.org |
| CLFMI | Chain Link Fence Manufacturers Institute |
| | http://www.chainlinkinfo.org |
| CPMB | Concrete Plant Manufacturers Bureau |
| CEMD | |
| | http://www.cpmb.org California Redwood Association |
| CRA | |
| ODAT | http://www.calredwood.org |
| CRSI | Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute |
| 0.5.7 | http://www.crsi.org |
| CTI | Cooling Technology Institute |
| | http://www.cti.org |
| DHI | Door and Hardware Institute |
| | http://www.dhi.org |
| EGSA | Electrical Generating Systems Association |
| | http://www.egsa.org |
| EEI | Edison Electric Institute |
| | http://www.eei.org |
| EPA | Environmental Protection Agency |
| | http://www.epa.gov |
| ETL | ETL Testing Laboratories, Inc. |
| | http://www.etl.com |
| FAA | Federal Aviation Administration |
| | http://www.faa.gov |
| FCC | Federal Communications Commission |
| | http://www.fcc.gov |
| FPS | The Forest Products Society |
| | http://www.forestprod.org |
| GANA | Glass Association of North America |
| | http://www.cssinfo.com/info/gana.html/ |
| FM | Factory Mutual Insurance |
| | http://www.fmglobal.com |
| GA | Gypsum Association |
| | http://www.gypsum.org |
| GSA | General Services Administration |
| | http://www.gsa.gov |
| HI | Hydraulic Institute |
| | http://www.pumps.org |
| HPVA | Hardwood Plywood & Veneer Association |
| | http://www.hpva.org |
| | |

August 14, 2015

VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210

| ICBO | International Conference of Building Officials |
|--------|---|
| | http://www.icbo.org |
| ICEA | Insulated Cable Engineers Association Inc. |
| | http://www.icea.net |
| \ICAC | Institute of Clean Air Companies |
| | http://www.icac.com |
| IEEE | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers |
| | http://www.ieee.org\ |
| IMSA | International Municipal Signal Association |
| | <pre>http://www.imsasafety.org</pre> |
| IPCEA | Insulated Power Cable Engineers Association |
| NBMA | Metal Buildings Manufacturers Association |
| | http://www.mbma.com |
| MSS | Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings |
| | Industry Inc. |
| | http://www.mss-hq.com |
| NAAMM | National Association of Architectural Metal Manufacturers |
| | http://www.naamm.org |
| NAPHCC | Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors Association |
| | http://www.phccweb.org.org |
| NBS | National Bureau of Standards |
| | See - NIST |
| NBBPVI | National Board of Boiler and Pressure Vessel Inspectors |
| | <pre>http://www.nationboard.org</pre> |
| NEC | National Electric Code |
| | See - NFPA National Fire Protection Association |
| NEMA | National Electrical Manufacturers Association |
| | http://www.nema.org |
| NFPA | National Fire Protection Association |
| | http://www.nfpa.org |
| NHLA | National Hardwood Lumber Association |
| | http://www.natlhardwood.org |
| NIH | National Institute of Health |
| | http://www.nih.gov |
| NIST | National Institute of Standards and Technology |
| | http://www.nist.gov |
| NLMA | Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association, Inc. |
| | http://www.nelma.org |
| NPA | National Particleboard Association |
| | 18928 Premiere Court |
| | |

VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile Project No. 541-17-210

FINAL CD SUBMISSION

August 14, 2015

| | Gaithersburg, MD 20879 |
|--------|---|
| | (301) 670-0604 |
| NSF | National Sanitation Foundation |
| | http://www.nsf.org |
| NWWDA | Window and Door Manufacturers Association |
| | http://www.nwwda.org |
| OSHA | Occupational Safety and Health Administration |
| | Department of Labor |
| | http://www.osha.gov |
| PCA | Portland Cement Association |
| | http://www.portcement.org |
| PCI | Precast Prestressed Concrete Institute |
| | http://www.pci.org |
| PPI | The Plastic Pipe Institute |
| | http://www.plasticpipe.org |
| PEI | Porcelain Enamel Institute, Inc. |
| | http://www.porcelainenamel.com |
| PTI | Post-Tensioning Institute |
| | http://www.post-tensioning.org |
| RFCI | The Resilient Floor Covering Institute |
| | http://www.rfci.com |
| RIS | Redwood Inspection Service |
| | See - CRA |
| RMA | Rubber Manufacturers Association, Inc. |
| | http://www.rma.org |
| SCMA | Southern Cypress Manufacturers Association |
| | http://www.cypressinfo.org |
| SDI | Steel Door Institute |
| | http://www.steeldoor.org |
| IGMA | Insulating Glass Manufacturers Alliance |
| | http://www.igmaonline.org |
| SJI | Steel Joist Institute |
| | http://www.steeljoist.org |
| SMACNA | Sheet Metal and Air-Conditioning Contractors |
| | National Association, Inc. |
| | http://www.smacna.org |
| SSPC | The Society for Protective Coatings |
| | http://www.sspc.org |
| STI | Steel Tank Institute |
| | http://www.steeltank.com |
| | |

August 14, 2015

| SWI | Steel Window Institute |
|-------|--|
| | http://www.steelwindows.com |
| TCA | Tile Council of America, Inc. |
| | http://www.tileusa.com |
| TEMA | Tubular Exchange Manufacturers Association |
| | http://www.tema.org |
| TPI | Truss Plate Institute, Inc. |
| | 583 D'Onofrio Drive; Suite 200 |
| | Madison, WI 53719 |
| | (608) 833-5900 |
| UBC | The Uniform Building Code |
| | See ICBO |
| UL | Underwriters' Laboratories Incorporated |
| | http://www.ul.com |
| ULC | Underwriters' Laboratories of Canada |
| | http://www.ulc.ca |
| WCLIB | West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau |
| | 6980 SW Varns Road, P.O. Box 23145 |
| | Portland, OR 97223 |
| | (503) 639-0651 |
| WRCLA | Western Red Cedar Lumber Association |
| | P.O. Box 120786 |
| | New Brighton, MN 55112 |
| | (612) 633-4334 |
| WWPA | Western Wood Products Association |
| | http://www.wwpa.org |
| | |

PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 EXECUTION (NOT USED)

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 01 74 19 CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. This section specifies the requirements for the management of nonhazardous building construction and demolition waste.
- B. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized to the greatest extent possible. Of the inevitable waste that is generated, as much of the waste material as economically feasible shall be salvaged, recycled or reused.
- C. Contractor shall use all reasonable means to divert construction and demolition waste from landfills and incinerators, and facilitate their salvage and recycle not limited to the following:
 - 1. Waste Management Plan development and implementation.
 - 2. Techniques to minimize waste generation.
 - 3. Sorting and separating of waste materials.
 - 4. Salvage of existing materials and items for reuse or resale.
 - 5. Recycling of materials that cannot be reused or sold.
- D. At a minimum the following waste categories shall be diverted from landfills:
 - 1. Soil.
 - 2. Inerts (eg, concrete, masonry and asphalt).
 - 3. Clean dimensional wood and palette wood.
 - 4. Green waste (biodegradable landscaping materials).
 - 5. Engineered wood products (plywood, particle board and I-joists, etc).
 - 6. Metal products (eg, steel, wire, beverage containers, copper, etc).
 - 7. Cardboard, paper and packaging.
 - 8. Bitumen roofing materials.
 - 9. Plastics (eg, ABS, PVC).
 - 10. Carpet and/or pad.
 - 11. Gypsum board.
 - 12. Insulation.
 - 13. Paint.
 - 14. Fluorescent lamps.

1.2 RELATED WORK

A. Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

B. Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Contractor shall practice efficient waste management when sizing, cutting and installing building products. Processes shall be employed to ensure the generation of as little waste as possible. Construction/Demolition waste includes products of the following:
 - 1. Excess or unusable construction materials.
 - 2. Packaging used for construction products.
 - 3. Poor planning and/or layout.
 - 4. Construction error.
 - 5. Over ordering.
 - 6. Weather damage.
 - 7. Contamination.
 - 8. Mishandling.
 - 9. Breakage.
- B. Establish and maintain the management of non-hazardous building construction and demolition waste set forth herein. Conduct a site assessment to estimate the types of materials that will be generated by demolition and construction.
- C. Contractor shall develop and implement procedures to recycle construction and demolition waste to a minimum of 50 percent.
- D. Contractor shall be responsible for implementation of any special programs involving rebates or similar incentives related to recycling. Any revenues or savings obtained from salvage or recycling shall accrue to the contractor.
- E. Contractor shall provide all demolition, removal and legal disposal of materials. Contractor shall ensure that facilities used for recycling, reuse and disposal shall be permitted for the intended use to the extent required by local, state, federal regulations. The Whole Building Design Guide website http://www.wbdg.org/tools/cwm.php provides a Construction Waste Management Database that contains information on companies that haul, collect, and process recyclable debris from construction projects.
- F. Contractor shall assign a specific area to facilitate separation of materials for reuse, salvage, recycling, and return. Such areas are to be kept neat and clean and clearly marked in order to avoid contamination or mixing of materials.

August 14, 2015

- G. Contractor shall provide on-site instructions and supervision of separation, handling, salvaging, recycling, reuse and return methods to be used by all parties during waste generating stages.
- H. Record on daily reports any problems in complying with laws, regulations and ordinances with corrective action taken.

1.4 TERMINOLOGY

- A. Class III Landfill: A landfill that accepts non-hazardous resources such as household, commercial and industrial waste resulting from construction, remodeling, repair and demolition operations.
- B. Clean: Untreated and unpainted; uncontaminated with adhesives, oils, solvents, mastics and like products.
- C. Construction and Demolition Waste: Includes all non-hazardous resources resulting from construction, remodeling, alterations, repair and demolition operations.
- D. Dismantle: The process of parting out a building in such a way as to preserve the usefulness of its materials and components.
- E. Disposal: Acceptance of solid wastes at a legally operating facility for the purpose of land filling (includes Class III landfills and inert fills).
- F. Inert Backfill Site: A location, other than inert fill or other disposal facility, to which inert materials are taken for the purpose of filling an excavation, shoring or other soil engineering operation.
- G. Inert Fill: A facility that can legally accept inert waste, such as asphalt and concrete exclusively for the purpose of disposal.
- H. Inert Solids/Inert Waste: Non-liquid solid resources including, but not limited to, soil and concrete that does not contain hazardous waste or soluble pollutants at concentrations in excess of water-quality objectives established by a regional water board, and does not contain significant quantities of decomposable solid resources.
- I. Mixed Debris: Loads that include commingled recyclable and nonrecyclable materials generated at the construction site.
- J. Mixed Debris Recycling Facility: A solid resource processing facility that accepts loads of mixed construction and demolition debris for the purpose of recovering re-usable and recyclable materials and disposing non-recyclable materials.

- K. Permitted Waste Hauler: A company that holds a valid permit to collect and transport solid wastes from individuals or businesses for the purpose of recycling or disposal.
- L. Recycling: The process of sorting, cleansing, treating, and reconstituting materials for the purpose of using the altered form in the manufacture of a new product. Recycling does not include burning, incinerating or thermally destroying solid waste.
 - On-site Recycling Materials that are sorted and processed on site for use in an altered state in the work, i.e. concrete crushed for use as a sub-base in paving.
 - Off-site Recycling Materials hauled to a location and used in an altered form in the manufacture of new products.
- M. Recycling Facility: An operation that can legally accept materials for the purpose of processing the materials into an altered form for the manufacture of new products. Depending on the types of materials accepted and operating procedures, a recycling facility may or may not be required to have a solid waste facilities permit or be regulated by the local enforcement agency.
- N. Reuse: Materials that are recovered for use in the same form, on-site or off-site.
- O. Return: To give back reusable items or unused products to vendors for credit.
- P. Salvage: To remove waste materials from the site for resale or re-use by a third party.
- Q. Source-Separated Materials: Materials that are sorted by type at the site for the purpose of reuse and recycling.
- R. Solid Waste: Materials that have been designated as non-recyclable and are discarded for the purposes of disposal.
- S. Transfer Station: A facility that can legally accept solid waste for the purpose of temporarily storing the materials for re-loading onto other trucks and transporting them to a landfill for disposal, or recovering some materials for re-use or recycling.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, and SAMPLES, furnish the following:

- B. Prepare and submit to the COR a written demolition debris management plan. The plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following information:
 - 1. Procedures to be used for debris management.
 - 2. Techniques to be used to minimize waste generation.
 - 3. Analysis of the estimated job site waste to be generated:
 - a. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, reused, recycled.
 - b. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
 - Detailed description of the Means/Methods to be used for material handling.
 - a. On site: Material separation, storage, protection where applicable.
 - b. Off site: Transportation means and destination. Include list of materials.
 - Description of materials to be site-separated and self-hauled to designated facilities.
 - Description of mixed materials to be collected by designated waste haulers and removed from the site.
 - c. The names and locations of mixed debris reuse and recycling facilities or sites.
 - d. The names and locations of trash disposal landfill facilities or sites.
 - e. Documentation that the facilities or sites are approved to receive the materials.
- C. Designated Manager responsible for instructing personnel, supervising, documenting and administer over meetings relevant to the Waste Management Plan.
- D. Monthly summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal, quantifying all materials generated at the work site and disposed of or diverted from disposal through recycling.

1.6 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Publications are referenced by the basic designation only. In the event that criteria requirements conflict, the most stringent requirements shall be met.

August 14, 2015

B. U.S. Green Building Council (USGBC):

LEED Green Building Rating System for New Construction

1.7 RECORDS

Maintain records to document the quantity of waste generated; the quantity of waste diverted through sale, reuse, or recycling; and the quantity of waste disposed by landfill or incineration. Records shall be kept in accordance with the LEED Reference Guide and LEED Template.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. List of each material and quantity to be salvaged, recycled, reused.
- B. List of each material and quantity proposed to be taken to a landfill.
- C. Material tracking data: Receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices, net total costs or savings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 COLLECTION

- A. Provide all necessary containers, bins and storage areas to facilitate effective waste management.
- B. Clearly identify containers, bins and storage areas so that recyclable materials are separated from trash and can be transported to respective recycling facility for processing.
- C. Hazardous wastes shall be separated, stored, disposed of according to local, state, federal regulations.

3.2 DISPOSAL

- A. Contractor shall be responsible for transporting and disposing of materials that cannot be delivered to a source-separated or mixed materials recycling facility to a transfer station or disposal facility that can accept the materials in accordance with state and federal regulations.
- B. Construction or demolition materials with no practical reuse or that cannot be salvaged or recycled shall be disposed of at a landfill or incinerator.

3.3 REPORT

A. With each application for progress payment, submit a summary of construction and demolition debris diversion and disposal including beginning and ending dates of period covered.

- B. Quantify all materials diverted from landfill disposal through salvage or recycling during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs or savings for each salvaged or recycled material.
- C. Quantify all materials disposed of during the period with the receiving parties, dates removed, transportation costs, weight tickets, tipping fees, manifests, invoices. Include the net total costs for each disposal.

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 02 41 00 DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION:

This section specifies demolition and removal of portions of buildings, utilities, other structures and debris.

1.2 RELATED WORK:

- A. Safety Requirements: Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Disconnecting utility services prior to demolition: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- C. Reserved items that are to remain the property of the Government: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.
- D. Infectious Control: Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS, and Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.
- F. Construction Waste Management: Section 01 74 19, CONSTRUCTION WASTE MANAGEMENT.

1.3 PROTECTION:

- A. Perform demolition in such manner as to eliminate hazards to persons and property; to minimize interference with use of adjacent areas, utilities and structures or interruption of use of such utilities; and to provide free passage to and from such adjacent areas of structures.
- B. Provide safeguards, including warning signs, barricades, temporary fences, warning lights, and other similar items that are required for protection of all personnel during demolition and removal operations.
- C. Prevent spread of flying particles and dust. Sprinkle rubbish and debris with water to keep dust to a minimum. Do not use water if it results in hazardous or objectionable condition such as, but not limited to; ice, flooding, or pollution. Vacuum and dust the work area daily.
- D. In addition to previously listed fire and safety rules to be observed in performance of work, include following:
 - No wall or part of wall shall be permitted to fall outwardly from structures.
 - Wherever a cutting torch or other equipment that might cause a fire is used, provide and maintain fire extinguishers nearby ready for immediate use. Instruct all possible users in use of fire extinguishers. Comply with all requirements of the "Hot Work Permit".
 - 3. Keep hydrants clear and accessible at all times. Prohibit debris from accumulating within a radius of 4500 mm (15 feet) of fire hydrants.
- E. Before beginning any demolition work, the Contractor shall survey the site and examine the drawings and specifications to determine the extent

August 14, 2015

of the work. The contractor shall take necessary precautions to avoid damages to existing items to remain in place, to be reused, or to remain the property of the Medical Center; any damaged items shall be repaired or replaced as approved by the COR. The Contractor shall coordinate the work of this section with all other work and shall construct and maintain shoring, bracing, and supports as required. The Contractor shall ensure that structural elements are not overloaded and shall be responsible for increasing structural supports or adding new supports as may be required as a result of any cutting, removal, or demolition work performed under this contract. Do not overload structural elements. Provide new supports and reinforcement for existing construction weakened by demolition or removal works. Repairs, reinforcement, or structural replacement must have COR's approval.

F. The work shall comply with the Infection control requirements of Section 01 35 26, SAFETY REQUIREMENTS.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (NOT USED)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DEMOLITION:

- A. Debris, including brick, concrete, stone, metals and similar materials shall become property of Contractor and shall be disposed of by him daily, off the Medical Center Property to avoid accumulation at the demolition site. Materials that cannot be removed daily shall be stored in areas specified by the COR. Contractor shall dispose debris in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations.
- B. Remove and legally dispose of all materials. Materials removed shall become property of contractor and shall be disposed of in compliance with applicable federal, state or local permits, rules and/or regulations.
- C. Remove existing utilities as indicated or uncovered by work and terminate in a manner conforming to the nationally recognized code covering the specific utility and approved by the COR. When Utility lines are encountered that are not indicated on the drawings, the COR shall be notified prior to further work in that area.
- D. Material that is to be removed and reinstalled shall be carefully detached from existing construction, cleaned for reuse, identified for location of reinstallation, stored in such a manner as to protect finished surfaces, and reinstalled in locations indicated.

3.2 CLEAN-UP:

A. On completion of work of this section and after removal of all debris, leave site in clean condition satisfactory to COR. Clean-up shall include disposal of all items and materials not required to remain property of the Government as well as all debris and rubbish resulting from demolition operations.

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 09 66 13 TERRAZZO FLOORING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies installation and finishing of thin-set epoxyresin terrazzo flooring.

1.2 RELATED WORK

Removal of existing floor tile: Section 02 41 00, DEMOLITION.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include terrazzo installation requirements. Include plans, elevations, sections, component details, and attachments to other work. Show layout of the following:
 - 1. Divider strips.
 - 2. Control-joint strips.
 - 3. Accessory strips.
 - 4. Abrasive strips.
 - 5. Terrazzo patterns.
- C. Samples for Verification:
 - For each type, material, color, and pattern of terrazzo and accessory required showing the full range of color, texture, and pattern variations expected. Label each terrazzo sample to identify manufacturer's matrix color and aggregate types, sizes, and proportions. Prepare samples of same thickness and from same material to be used for the Work in size indicated below:
 - a. Terrazzo: 6 inch square Samples.
 - b. Accessories: 6 inch long samples of each exposed strip item required.
 - 2. Submitted samples must match Owner's sample. Samples are to be resubmitted until approval by Owner and Architect is obtained.
- D. Installer Certificates: Signed by manufacturer(s) certifying that installers comply with manufacturer's requirements.
- E. Qualification Data: For qualified Installer.
- F. Material Certificates: For each type of terrazzo material or product, from manufacturer.
- G. Maintenance Data: For terrazzo to include in maintenance manuals.
- H. Terrazzo contractor is responsible to provide sequencing floor plan and time schedule for the terrazzo installation, to be coordinated with COR and Architect. Provide floor plan detailing each area and the time

associated with its completion. Installation and sequencing must keep all disruptions to a minimum.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who is acceptable to terrazzo manufacturer to install manufacturer's products.
 - Engage an installer who is certified in writing by terrazzo manufacturer as qualified to install manufacturer's products.
 - 2. Engage an installer who is a 5 year contractor member of NTMA.
 - a. Installer must provide examples of work for review by Owner and Architect.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain primary terrazzo materials from one source from a single manufacturer. Provide secondary materials including patching and fill material, joint sealant, and repair materials of type and from source recommended by manufacturer of primary materials.
- C. Source Limitations for Aggregates: Obtain each color, grade, type, and variety of granular materials from one source with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.
- D. NTMA Standards: Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and with written recommendations for terrazzo type indicated unless more stringent requirements are specified.
- E. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Build mockups for terrazzo including accessories.
 - a. Size: Minimum 100 sq. ft of typical poured-in-place flooring condition for each color and pattern locations directed by Architect.
 - 2. Approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.
- F. Flooring installer to provide template of terrazzo layout for Architect approval prior to installation.
- G. Pre-installation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - Review methods and procedures related to terrazzo including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Inspect and discuss condition of substrate and other preparatory work performed by other trades.
 - b. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - c. Review special terrazzo designs and patterns.

d. Review dust-control procedures.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for substrate temperature, ambient temperature, moisture, ventilation, and other conditions affecting terrazzo installation.
- B. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of construction contiguous with precast terrazzo by field measurements before fabrication.
- C. Provide permanent lighting or, if permanent lighting is not in place, simulate permanent lighting conditions during terrazzo installation.
- D. Close spaces to traffic during terrazzo application and for not less than 24 hours after application unless manufacturer recommends a longer period.
- E. Control and collect dust produced by grinding operations. Protect adjacent surfaces from detrimental effects of grinding operations.
 - Provide dustproof partitions and temporary enclosures to limit dust migration and to isolate areas from noise.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EXPOXY-RESIN TERRAZZO

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide comparable products by one of the following that match Owner's sample:
 - 1. Crossfield Products Corp., Dex-O-Tex Division; Terrazzo.
 - 2. General Polymers Corporation; Terrazzo 1100.
 - 3. Key Resin Company; Key Epoxy Terrazzo.
 - 4. Master Terrazzo Technologies LLC; Morricite.
 - 5. Polymerica Incorporated; MasterPiece ETS.
 - 6. Quadrant Chemical Corporation; Quadset Epoxy Terrazzo.
 - 7. TEC Specialty Construction Brands, Inc.; Tuff-Lite Epoxy Terrazzo.
 - 8. Terrazzo & Marble Supply Companies; Terroxy Resin Systems.
 - 9. Other, as approved.
- B. Materials:
 - Flexible Reinforcing Membrane: Manufacturer's resinous membrane for substrate crack preparation and reflective crack reduction.
 - a. Reinforcement: Fiberglass scrim.
 - b. Address substrate cracks with 20% fiberglass scrim.
 - Primer: Manufacturer's product recommended for substrate and use indicated
 - 3. Epoxy-Resin Matrix: Manufacturer's standard recommended for use indicated and in color required for mix indicated.
 - a. Physical Properties without Aggregates:
 - 1. Hardness: 60 to 85 per ASTM D 2240, Shore D.

- 2. Minimum Tensile Strength: 3000 psi per ASTM D 638 for a 2-inch specimen made using a "C" die per ASTM D 412.
- 3. Minimum Compressive Strength: 10,000 psi per ASTM D 695, Specimen B cylinder.
- Chemical Resistance: No deleterious effects by contaminants listed below after seven-day immersion at room temperature per ASTM D 1308.
 - a. Distilled water.
 - b. Mineral water.
 - c. Isopropanol.
 - d. Ethanol.
 - e. 0.025 percent detergent solution.
 - f. 1.0 percent soap solution.
 - g. 10 percent sodium hydroxide.
 - h. 10 percent hydrochloric acid.
 - i. 30 percent sulfuric acid.
 - j. 5 percent acetic acid.
- b. Physical Properties with Aggregates: For resin blended with Georgia white marble, ground, grouted, and cured per requirements in NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide," comply with the following:
 - Flammability: Self-extinguishing, maximum extent of burning
 0.25 inch per ASTM D 635.
 - Thermal Coefficient of Linear Expansion: 0.0025 inch/inch per deg F for temperature range of minus 12 to plus 140 deg F per ASTM D 696.
- 4. Aggregates: Complying with NTMA gradation standards for mix indicated and containing no deleterious or foreign matter.
 - a. Abrasion and Impact Resistance: Less than 40 percent loss per ASTM C 131.
 - b. 24-Hour Absorption Rate: Less than 0.75 percent.
 - c. Dust Content: Less than 1.0 percent by weight.
 - d. Recycled Content: Provide products with average recycled content such that postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of preconsumer recycled content is not less than 10 percent.
- 5. Finishing Grout: Resin based.
- C. Terrazzo: Comply with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" and manufacturer's written instructions for matrix, aggregate and marble-chip proportions and mixing.
 - 1. Formulated Mix Color and Pattern: As indicated on Drawings.

2.2 STRIP MATERIALS

- A. Thin-Set Divider Strips:
 - 1. Coordinate size and shape with drawings.
 - 2. Material: Aluminum
 - 3. Radiused version may occur, coordinate with drawings.
- B. Heavy-Top Divider Strips: L-type angle in depth required for topping thickness indicated.
 - 1. Bottom-Section Material: Galvanized steel
 - 2. Top-Section Material: Aluminum
 - 3. Top-Section Width: 1/8 inch
- C. Control-Joint Strips: Separate, double L-type angles, positioned back to back, that match material, thickness, and color of divider strips and in depth required for topping thickness indicated.
 - 1. All existing substrate saw cuts shall be honored with control-joint strips.
 - Any control-joint strips required based on existing conditions shall be submitted and approved by Architect prior to pouring.
 - 3. Any control-joint strips required based on existing conditions shall be masked and not visible.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS ACCESSORIES

- A. Strip Adhesive: Epoxy-resin adhesive recommended by adhesive manufacturer for this use and acceptable to terrazzo manufacturer.
 - 1. Use adhesives that have a VOC content of 70 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- B. Anchoring Devices:
 - 1. Strips: Provide mechanical anchoring devices for strip materials as required for secure attachment to substrate.
- C. Patching and Fill Material: Terrazzo manufacturer's resinous product approved and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
- D. Joint Compound: Terrazzo manufacturer's resinous product approved and recommended by manufacturer for application indicated.
- E. Cleaner: Chemically neutral cleaner with pH factor between 7 and 10 that is biodegradable, phosphate free, and recommended by sealer manufacturer for use on terrazzo type indicated.
- F. Sealer: Slip- and stain-resistant penetrating-type sealer that is chemically neutral with pH factor between 7 and 10; does not affect color or physical properties of terrazzo; is recommended by sealer manufacturer; and complies with NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide" for terrazzo type indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions, including levelness tolerances, have been corrected.

3.2 PREPERATION

- A. Clean substrates of substances, including oil, grease, and curing compounds, that might impair terrazzo bond. Provide clean, dry, and neutral substrate for terrazzo application.
- B. Concrete Slabs:
 - Provide sound concrete surfaces free of laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, form-release agents, dust, dirt, grease, oil, and other contaminants incompatible with terrazzo.
 - a. Shot-blast surfaces with an apparatus that abrades the concrete surface, contains the dispensed shot within the apparatus, and recirculates the shot by vacuum pickup.
 - b. Repair damaged and deteriorated concrete according to terrazzo manufacturer's written recommendations.
 - c. Use patching and fill material to fill holes and depressions in substrates according to terrazzo manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Verify that concrete substrates are visibly dry and free of moisture.
 - 3. Moisture Testing:
 - a. Test for moisture content by method recommended in writing by terrazzo manufacturer. Proceed with installation only after substrates pass testing.
- C. Protect other work from dust generated by grinding operations. Control dust to prevent air pollution and comply with environmental protection regulations.
 - Erect and maintain temporary enclosures and other suitable methods to limit dust migration and to ensure adequate ambient temperatures and ventilation conditions during installation.
- D. Installation of terrazzo indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.
- E. Flooring installer to provide template of terrazzo layout for Architect approval prior to installation.
- F. Field layout of epoxy-resin terrazzo and divider materials must be approved by Owner and Architect prior to start of pouring.

August 14, 2015

G. Coordinate final grinding, polishing and clean up terrazzo flooring with installation of wall bases.

3.3 EPOXY-RESIN TERRAZZO INSTALLATION

- A. General:
 - 1. Comply with NTMA's written recommendations for terrazzo and accessory installation.
 - All finish work to be completed in full as indicated in Section 01 00 00, GENERAL REQUIREMENTS. Note: reinstallation of wall base to be completed after terrazzo installation. Additional temporary partitions may be required due to the sequencing schedule.
 - 3. Place, rough grind, grout, cure grout, fine grind, and finish terrazzo according to manufacturer's written instructions and NTMA's "Terrazzo Specifications and Design Guide."
 - Installation Tolerance: Limit variation in terrazzo surface from level to 1/4 inch in 10 feet; noncumulative.
 - 5. Ensure that matrix components and fluids from grinding operations do not stain terrazzo by reacting with divider and control-joint strips.
 - 6. Delay fine grinding until heavy trade work is complete and construction traffic through area is restricted.
- B. Thickness: 3/8 inch nominal.
- C. Flexible Reinforcing Membrane:
 - 1. Prepare and pre-fill substrate cracks with membrane material.
 - 2. Install membrane to produce full substrate coverage in areas to receive terrazzo.
 - 3. Reinforce membrane with fiberglass scrim.
 - 4. Prepare membrane according to manufacturer's written instructions before applying substrate primer.
- D. Primer: Apply to terrazzo substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Strip Materials:
 - 1. Divider and Control-Joint Strips:
 - a. Locate divider strips in locations indicated.
 - b. Install control-joint strips back to back directly above concreteslab control joints.
 - c. Install control-joint strips with 1/8-inch gap between strips, and install sealant in gap.
 - d. Install strips in adhesive setting bed without voids below strips, or mechanically anchor strips as required to attach strips to substrate, as recommended by strip manufacturer.

August 14, 2015

- 2. Accessory Strips: Install accessory strips as required to provide a complete installation.
- 3. Abrasive Strips: Install with surface of abrasive strip positioned 1/16 inch higher than terrazzo surface.
- F. Fine Grinding: Grind with stones 120 grit or finer until all grout is removed from surface. Repeat rough grinding, grout coat, and fine grinding if large voids exist after initial fine grinding. Produce surface with a minimum of 70 percent aggregate exposure.
- G. Repair: Remove and replace terrazzo areas that evidence lack of bond with substrate. Cut out terrazzo areas in panels defined by strips and replace to match adjacent terrazzo, or repair panels according to NTMA's written recommendations, as approved by Architect.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

A. Cleaning:

- 1. Remove grinding dust from installation and adjacent areas.
- Wash surfaces with cleaner according to NTMA's written recommendations and manufacturer's written instructions; rinse surfaces with water and allow to dry thoroughly.
- B. Sealing:
 - 1. Seal surfaces according to NTMA's written recommendations.
 - 2. Apply sealer according to sealer manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Protection: Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a manner acceptable to Installer, that ensure that terrazzo is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 09 68 00 CARPETING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

Section specifies carpet, edge strips, adhesives, and other items required for complete installation.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- Carpet installed by mechanics certified by the Floor Covering Installation Board.
- 2. Certify and label the carpet that it has been tested and meets criteria of CRI IAQ Carpet Testing Program for indoor air quality.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit in accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Product Data:
 - Manufacturer's catalog data and printed documentation stating physical characteristics, durability, resistance to fading and flame resistance characteristics for each type of carpet material and installation accessory.
 - Manufacturer's printed installation instructions for the carpet, including preparation of installation substrate, seaming techniques and recommended adhesives and tapes.
 - 3. Manufacturer's certificate verifying carpet containing recycled materials include percentage of recycled materials as specified.
- C. Samples:
 - Carpet: "Production Quality" samples 300 x 300 mm (12 x 12 inches) of carpets, showing quality, pattern and color specified on finish plan and material legend.
 - Floor Edge Strip (Molding): 150 mm (6 inches) long of each color and type specified.
 - 3. Base Edge Strip (Molding): 150 mm (6 inches) long of each color specified.
- D. Shop Drawings: Installers layout plan showing seams and cuts for carpet module.
- E. Maintenance Data: Carpet manufacturer's maintenance instructions describing recommended type of cleaning equipment and material, spotting and cleaning methods and cleaning cycles.

1.4 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

- A. Deliver carpet in manufacturer's original wrappings and packages clearly labeled with manufacturer's name, brand, name, size, dye lot number and related information.
- B. Deliver adhesives in containers clearly labeled with manufacturer's name, brand name, number, installation instructions, safety instructions and flash points.
- C. Store in a clean, dry, well ventilated area, protected from damage and soiling. Maintain storage space at a temperature above 16 degrees C (60 degrees F) for 2 days prior to installation.

1.5 ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Areas in which carpeting is to be installed shall be maintained at a temperature above 18 degrees C (65 degrees F) to 35 degrees C (95 degrees F) for 24 hours before installation, during installation and after installation. Traffic or movement of furniture or equipment in carpeted area shall not be permitted for 24 hours after installation. Other work which would damage the carpet shall be completed prior to installation of carpet.

1.6 WARRANTY

Carpet and installation subject to terms of "Warranty of Construction" article in Bid Solicitation GENERAL CONDITIONS except that warranty period is extended to two years. Carpet to have Lifetime Limited Wear and Backing Warranty.

1.7 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- A. Publication listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Association of Textile Chemists and Colorists (AATCC): AATCC 16-98.....Colorfastness to Light AATCC 129-01....Colorfastness to Ozone in the Atmosphere under High Humidities AATCC 134-01....Electric Static Propensity of Carpets AATCC 165-99...Colorfastness to Crocking: Carpets-AATCC Crockmeter Method
 C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM): ASTM D1335-98.....Tuft Bind of Pile Yarn Floor Coverings ASTM D3278-97.....Flash Point of Liquids by Small Scale Closed-Cup Apparatus
 ASTM D5252-98.....Operation of the Hexapod Tumble Drum Tester ASTM D5417-99.....Operation of the Vettermann Drum Tester

August 14, 2015

ASTM E648-00.....Critical Radiant Flux of Floor-Covering Systems Using a Radiant Heat Energy Source

D. The Carpet and Rug Institute (CRI): CRI 104-96.....Installation of Commercial Carpet

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CARPET

A. Physical Characteristics:

- Carpet free of visual blemishes, streaks, poorly dyed areas, fuzzing of pile yarn, spots or stains and other physical and manufacturing defects.
- Manufacturers standard construction commercial carpet:
 a. Modular Tile: 61 cm (24 inches)square tile.
- 3. Provide static control to permanently control static build up to less than 3.5 KV when tested at 20 percent relative humidity and 21 degrees C (70 degrees F) in accordance with AATCC 134.
- 4. Finished Pile Thickness: 0.150 (3.81 mm)
- 5. Pile Fiber: 100% nylon, 53% solution dyed, 47% yarn dyed eco solution nylon.
- 6. Pile Type: multilevel pattern cut/loop.
- 7. Backing materials: Manufacturer's Standard synthetic for glue-down installation.
- 8. Flammability and Critical Radiant Flux Requirements:
 - a. Test Carpet in accordance with ASTM E 648.
 - b. Class I: Not less than 0.45 watts per square centimeter.
 - c. Carpet in corridors, exits and Medical Facilities: Class I.
- 9. Density: Average Pile Yarn Density (APYD):
 - a. Corridors, lobbies, entrances, common areas or multipurpose rooms, open offices, waiting areas and dining areas: Minimum APYD 7680.
 - b. Other areas: Minimum APYD 4000.

2.2 ADHESIVE AND CONCRETE PRIMER

A. Full spread adhesives for modular tile carpet in accordance with written instructions by carpet manufacturer. Adhesive to be manufacturer's recommended adhesive. Install per manufacturer's installation recommendations.

2.3 SEAMING TAPE

- A. Permanently resistant to carpet cleaning solutions, steam, and water.
- B. Recommended by carpet manufacturer.

2.5 LEVELING COMPOUND (FOR CONCRETE FLOORS)

- A. Provide Portland cement bases polymer modifier with latex or polyvinyl acetate resin manufactured specifically for resurfacing and leveling concrete floors. Products containing gypsum are not acceptable.
- B. Determine the type of underlayment selected for use by condition to be corrected.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SURFACE PREPARATION

- A. Examine surfaces on which carpeting is to be installed.
- B. Clean floor of oil, waxy films, paint, dust and deleterious substances that prevent adhesion, leave floor dry and cured, free of residue from curing or cleaning agents and existing carpet materials.
- C. Correct conditions which will impair proper installation, including trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joints.
- D. Fill cracks, joints depressions, and other irregularities in concrete with leveling compound.
 - 1. Do not use adhesive for filling or leveling purposes.
 - Do not use leveling compound to correct imperfections which can be corrected by spot grinding.
 - 3. Trowel to smooth surface free of trowel marks, pits, dents, protrusions, cracks or joint lines.
- E. Test new concrete subfloor prior to adhesive application for moisture and surface alkalinity per CRI 104 Section 6.3.1 or per ASTM E1907.

3.2 CARPET INSTALLTION

- A. Do not install carpet until work of other trades including painting is complete and dry.
- B. Install in accordance with CRI 104 direct glue down installation.
 - 1. Relax carpet in accordance with Section 6.4.
 - 2. Comply with indoor air quality recommendations noted in Section 6.5.
 - 3. Maintain temperature in accordance with Section 15.3.
- C. Secure carpet to subfloor of spaces with adhesive applied as recommended by carpet manufacturer.
- D. Follow carpet manufacturer's recommendations for matching pattern and texture directions.
- E. Cut openings in carpet where required for installing equipment, pipes, outlets, and penetrations.
 - 1. Bind or seal cut edge of sheet carpet and replace flanges or plates.
 - 2. Use additional adhesive to secure carpets around pipes and other vertical projections.
- F. Carpet Modules:

- 1. Install per CRI 104, Section 13, Adhesive Application.
- 2. Lay carpet modules as indicated on finish drawings.
- 3. Install carpet modules so that cleaning methods and solutions do not cause dislocation of modules.
- Lay carpet modules uniformly to provide tight flush joints free from movement when subject to traffic.

3.3 PROTECTION AND CLEANING

- A. Remove waste, fasteners and other cuttings from carpet floors.
- B. Vacuum carpet and provide suitable protection. Do not use polyethylene film.
- C. Do not permit traffic on carpeted surfaces for at least 48 hours after installation. Protect the carpet in accordance with CRI 104.
- D. Do not move furniture or equipment on unprotected carpeted surfaces.
- E. Just before final acceptance of work, remove protection and vacuum carpet clean.

- - - E N D - - -

SECTION 09 75 20 QUARTZ SURFACES

PART 1-GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

This section specifies vertical and trim quartz surface products used as wall base.

1.2 SUBMITTALS

A. Product data:

1. For each type of product indicated.

- B. Shop drawings:
 - Show location of each item, dimensioned plans and elevations, large-scale details, attachment devices and other components.
 a. Show full-size details, edge details, attachments, etc.
- C. Samples:
 - 1. For each type of product indicated:
 - a. Submit minimum 6-inch by 6-inch sample in specified color.
 - b. Cut sample and seam together for representation of exposed seam.
 - c. Indicate full range of color and pattern variation.
 - 2. Approved samples will be retained as a standard for work.
- D. Product data:
 - Indicate product description, fabrication information and compliance with specified performance requirements.
- E. Product certificates:
 - 1. For each type of product, signed by product manufacturer.
- F. Fabricator/installer qualifications:

1. Provide copy of registration number.

- G. Manufacturer certificates:
 - Signed by manufacturers certifying that they comply with requirements.
- H. Maintenance data:
 - 1. Submit manufacturer's care and maintenance data.
 - a. Maintenance kit for finishes shall be submitted.
 - 2. Include in project closeout documents.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Qualifications:

- Shop that employs skilled workers who custom fabricate products similar to those required for this project and whose products have a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Fabricator/installer qualifications:
 - 1. Work of this section shall be by a certified
 - fabricator/installer, certified in writing by the manufacturer.
- C. Applicable standards:
 - 1. Standards of the following, as referenced herein:
 - a. American National Standards Institute (ANSI)
 - b. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM)
 - c. National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)
 - 2. Fire test response characteristics:
 - a. Provide with the following Class A (Class I) surface burning characteristics as determined by testing identical products per UL 723 (ASTM E 84) or another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction:
 - 1) Flame Spread Index: 25 or less.
 - 2) Smoke Developed Index: 450 or less.
- F. Field verification:
 - Contractor to field verify all dimensions in field prior to ordering material.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver no components to project site until areas are ready for installation.
- B. Store components indoors prior to installation.
- C. Handle materials to prevent damage to finished surfaces.
 - 1. Provide protective coverings to prevent physical damage or staining following installation for duration of project.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Provide manufacturer's 10-year warranty against defects in materials.
 - Warranty shall provide material to repair or replace defective materials.
 - Damage caused by physical or chemical abuse or damage from excessive heat will not be warranted.

1.6 MAINTENANCE

A. Provide maintenance requirements as specified by the manufacturer.

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Material:
 - 1. Homogeneous quartz surfaces material. Provide product indicated on Drawings, which is a match of existing 6" quartz wall base.
 - 2. Material shall have minimum physical and performance properties specified.
- B. Thickness:
 - 1. 2 cm (3/4") for wall base. (Match existing)
- C. Edge treatment:
 - 1. Match existing quartz wall base.
- D. Seam width:
 - 1. 1/8" unless otherwise specified.
- E. Performance characteristics: physical properties data sheet:

| Property | Typical Result | Test |
|---|------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Procedure | | |
| Flexural Strength | >5,300 psi | ASTM D 790 |
| Flexural Modulus | 5.3-5.7E ⁶ psi | ASTM D 790 |
| Flexural Elongation | >0.1% | ASTM D 790 |
| Compression Strength (Dry) | ~27,000 psi | ASTM C 170 |
| Compression Strength (Wet) | ~24,000 psi | ASTM C 170 |
| Hardness | 7 | Mohs' Hardness Scale |
| Thermal Expansion | 1.45 x 10 ⁻⁵ in./in./°C | ASTM D 696 |
| Gloss (60° Gardner) | 45-50 | ANSI Z 124 |
| Colorfastness | Passes | ANSI Z 124.6.5.1 |
| Wear and Cleanability | Passes | ANSI Z 124.6.5.3 |
| Stain Resistance | Passes | ANSI Z 124.6 |
| | | (stain 5.2, |
| | | chemical 5.5, |
| | | cigarette 5.4 |
| | | resistances) |
| Fungal and Bacterial Resistance No growth | | ASTM G 21 & G 22 |
| High Temperature | None to slight effect | NEMA LD 3.3.6* |
| Resistance (356°F) | | |
| Boiling Water Resistance | None to slight effect | NEMA LD 3.3.5* |
| Freeze-Thaw Cycling | Unaffected | ASTM C 1026 |
| Point Impact | Passes | ANSI Z 124.6.4.2 |

FINAL CD SUBMISSION VAMC WADE PARK Replace Main Street Floor Tile August 14, 2015 Project No. 541-17-210 Ball Impact 164 inches NEMA LD 3.3.8* Slip Resistance Above 0.80 for textured models ASTM C 1028 Static Coefficient of Friction 0.89/0.61 (wet/dry) ASTM C 1028 (as received) Static Coefficient of Friction 0.87/0.65 (wet/dry) ASTM C 1028 (with renovator) Abrasion Resistance 139 ASTM C 501 Specific Gravity 2.44 ASTM D 792 Density ~2400 kg/m3 Water Absorption 0.12% ASTM C 373 Long- and Short-Term <0.04% ASTM D 570 Moisture Expansion <0.01% on average ASTM C 370 Toxicity Passes, LC50=68-128 Pittsburgh Protocol Flammability For all colors tested ASTM E 84, UL 723 (Class I and Class A) and NFPA 255 FSI <10 for 3 cm and <15 for 2 cm Flame Spread Index Smoke Developed Index SDI <50 for 3 cm and <100 for 2 cm Nominal Thickness 2 cm and 3 cm Nominal Weight 10 lb./ft.2 (2 cm) 15 lb./ft.2 (3 cm)

 \star NEMA results based on the NEMA LD 3-2000

2.3 ACCESSORIES

A. Joint adhesive:

1. Manufacturer's approved adhesive to create color-matched seam.

2.4 FACTORY FABRICATION

A. Shop assembly:

- Fabricate components to greatest extent practical to sizes and shapes indicated, in accordance with approved shop drawings and manufacturer's printed instructions and technical bulletins.
- 2. Form joints, if required, between components using manufacturer's standard joint adhesives.
- Provide factory cutouts for plumbing fittings and bath accessories as indicated on the drawings.
- 4. Rout and finish component edges with clean, sharp returns.a. Rout cutouts, radii and contours to template.b. Smooth edges.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with fabricator present for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - Fill cracks, holes and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound, and remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- C. Existing wall base sections that were removed and which are to be reinstalled in the project area shall be installed in compliance with installation requirements for new materials.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install components plumb, level and rigid, scribed to adjacent finishes, in accordance with approved shop drawings and product data.
 - 1. Provide product in the largest pieces available.
 - Form field joints using manufacturer's recommended adhesive, with joints inconspicuous in finished work.
 - a. Exposed joints/seams shall not be allowed.
 - Reinforce field joints as required using manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 4. Cut and finish component edges with clean, sharp returns.
 - 5. Route radii and contours to template.
 - Carefully dress joints smooth, remove surface scratches and clean entire surface.

3.3 REPAIR

A. Repair or replace damaged work that cannot be repaired to architect's satisfaction.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Keep components clean during installation.
- B. Remove excess adhesives, sealants and other stains.

- - - E N D - - -

Quartz Surfaces 09 75 20-5