

## **SECTION 08 80 00 GLAZING**

### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### **1.1 DESCRIPTION**

This section specifies glass, plastic, related glazing materials and accessories. Glazing products specified apply to factory or field glazed items.

#### **1.2 RELATED WORK**

A. Factory glazed by manufacturer in following units:

1. Section 08 51 13

#### **1.3 LABELS**

A. Temporary labels:

1. Provide temporary label on each light of glass identifying manufacturer or brand and glass type, quality and nominal thickness.
2. Label in accordance with NFRC (National Fenestration Rating Council) label requirements.
3. Temporary labels shall remain intact until glass is approved by COTR.

B. Permanent labels:

1. Locate in corner for each pane.
2. Label in accordance with ANSI Z97.1 and SGCC (Safety Glass Certification Council) label requirements.
  - a. Tempered glass.
  - b. Laminated glass or have certificate for panes without permanent label.
  - c. Organic coated glass.

#### **1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS**

A. Glass Thickness:

1. Select thickness of exterior glass to withstand dead loads and wind loads acting normal to plane of glass at design pressures calculated in accordance with ASCE 7.
2. Test in accordance with ASTM E 1300.
3. Thicknesses listed are minimum. Coordinate thicknesses with framing system manufacturers.

#### **1.5 SUBMITTALS**

A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.

B. Manufacturer's Certificates:

1. Certificate on shading coefficient.
  2. Certificate on "R" value when value is specified.
- C. Warranty: Submit written guaranty, conforming to General Condition requirements, and to "Warranty of Construction" Article in this Section.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
1. Glass, each kind required.
  2. Insulating glass units.
  3. Elastic compound for metal sash glazing.
  4. Glazing cushion.
  5. Sealing compound.
  6. Plastic glazing material, each type required.
- E. Samples:
1. Size: 150 mm by 150 mm (6 inches by 6 inches).
  2. Tinted glass.
- F. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: Submit glazing sealant manufacturer's test report indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.

## **1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING**

- A. Delivery: Schedule delivery to coincide with glazing schedules so minimum handling of crates is required. Do not open crates except as required for inspection for shipping damage.
- B. Storage: Store cases according to printed instructions on case, in areas least subject to traffic or falling objects. Keep storage area clean and dry.
- C. Handling: Unpack cases following printed instructions on case. Stack individual windows on edge leaned slightly against upright supports with separators between each.
- D. Protect laminated security glazing units against face and edge damage during entire sequence of fabrication, handling, and delivery to installation location. Provide protective covering on exposed faces of glazing plastics, and mark inside as "INTERIOR FACE" or "PROTECTED FACE":
1. Protect sealed-air-space insulating glazing units from exposure to abnormal pressure changes, as could result from substantial changes in altitude during delivery by air freight. Provide temporary breather tubes which do not nullify applicable warranties on hermetic seals.

2. Temporary protections: The glass front and polycarbonate back of glazing shall be temporarily protected with compatible, peelable, heat-resistant film which will be peeled for inspections and re-applied and finally removed after doors and windows are installed at destination. Since many adhesives will attack polycarbonate, the film used on exposed polycarbonate surfaces shall be approved and applied by manufacturer.

## **1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS**

Field Measurements: Field measure openings before ordering tempered glass products.

Be responsible for proper fit of field measured products.

## **1.8 WARRANTY**

- A. Warranty: Conform to terms of "Warranty of Construction", FAR clause 52.246-21, except extend warranty period for the following:
  1. Insulating glass units to remain sealed for 10 years.
  2. Laminated glass units to remain laminated for 5 years.

## **1.9 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced.  
Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):  
Z97.1-04..... Safety Glazing Material Used in Building - Safety  
Performance Specifications and Methods of Test.
- C. American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):  
C1363-05 ..... Thermal Performance of Building Assemblies, by Means of  
A Hot Box Apparatus  
C542-05 ..... Lock-Strip Gaskets.  
C716-06 ..... Installing Lock-Strip Gaskets and Infill Glazing Materials.  
C794-06 ..... Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants.  
C864-05 ..... Dense Elastomeric Compression Seal Gaskets, Setting  
Blocks, and Spacers.  
C920-08 ..... Elastomeric Joint Sealants.  
C964-07 ..... Standard Guide for Lock-Strip Gasket Glazing.  
C1036-06 ..... Flat Glass.  
C1048-04 ..... Heat-Treated Flat Glass-Kind HS, Kind FT Coated and  
Uncoated Glass.  
C1172-09 ..... Laminated Architectural Flat Glass.

C1376-10 ..... Pyrolytic and Vacuum Deposition Coatings on Flat Glass.

E84-09..... Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.

E1300-09..... Determining Load Resistance of Glass in Buildings.

E2190-08..... Insulating Glass Unit

D. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):

16 CFR 1201 - Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials; 1977, with 1984 Revision.

E. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):

80-08..... Fire Doors and Windows.

F. National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC)

G. Safety Glazing Certification Council (SGCC)2009:

Certified Products Directory (Issued Semi-Annually).

H. Glass Association of North America (GANA):

Glazing Manual (Latest Edition)

Sealant Manual (2008)

I. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE):

ASCE 7-10 ..... Wind Load Provisions

## **PART 2 - PRODUCT**

### **2.1 GLASS**

A. Use thickness stated unless specified otherwise in assemblies.

B. Clear Glass:

1. ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3; Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch).

C. Tinted Heat reflective and low emissivity coated glass:

1. ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 2, Quality q3; Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch) as indicated.

### **2.2 HEAT-TREATED GLASS**

A. Clear Tempered Glass:

1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3; Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch) as indicated.

B. Tinted Tempered Glass.

1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 2, Quality q3; Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch) as indicated.

## **2.3 COATED GLASS**

### **A. Low-E Tempered Glass:**

1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition C, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3 with low emissivity pyrolytic coating having an E of 0.15; Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch) as indicated.
2. Apply coating to second or third surface of insulating glass units.

## **2.4 LAMINATED GLASS**

### **A. Two or more lites of glass bonded with an interlayer material for use in building glazing**

### **B. Colored Interlayer:**

1. Use color interlayer ultraviolet light color stabilization.
2. Option: Use colored interlayer with clear glass in lieu of tinted glass and clear interlayer.
3. Option: Use white interlayer with clear glass in lieu of obscure glass and clear interlayer.
4. The interlayer assembly shall have uniform color presenting same appearance as tinted glass assembly.

### **C. Use 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) thick interlayer for:**

1. Horizontal or Sloped glazing.
2. Acoustical glazing.
3. Heat strengthened or fully tempered glass assemblies.

### **D. Use min. 0.75 mm (0.030 inch) thick interlayer for vertical glazing where 1.5 mm (0.060 inch) interlayer is not otherwise shown or required.**

## **2.5 LAMINATED GLAZING ASSEMBLIES**

### **A. Clear Tempered Glazing:**

1. Both panes ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3.
2. Thickness: Each pane 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick as indicated.

### **B. Tinted Tempered Glazing:**

1. Exterior pane ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 3, Quality q3, 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick.
2. Interior pane ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3, 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick.

## **2.6 INSULATING GLASS UNITS**

### **A. Provide factory fabricated, hermetically sealed glass unit consisting of two panes of glass separated by a dehydrated air space and comply with ASTM E2190.**

### **B. Assemble units using glass types specified:**

### **C. Sealed Edge Units (SEU):**

1. Insulating Glass Unit Makeup
  - a. Outboard Lite
    1. Glass type: Clear Tempered Glazing
    2. Nominal Thickness: 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick as indicated
  - b. Spacer
    1. Nominal Thickness: 13 mm (1/2") wide.
    2. Gas Fill: (90% Argon)
  - c. Inboard Lite
    1. Glass Type: Tinted Tempered Glazing
    2. Glass Tint: Mfg. Standard.
    3. Nominal Thickness: 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick.

D. Fused Edge Units, (FEU):

1. Glass to glass sealed edges electrically fused.
2. Air space not less than 4.8 mm (3/16 inch) wide up to 6 mm (1/4 inch) wide.
3. R value not less than 1.5.

E. FEU Clear Glass.

1. Interior and exterior panes, ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3, 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick.
2. Thickness, 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum.

## **2.7 GLAZING ACCESSORIES**

- A. As required to supplement the accessories provided with the items to be glazed and to provide a complete installation. Ferrous metal accessories exposed in the finished work shall have a finish that will not corrode or stain while in service.
- B. Setting Blocks: ASTM C864:
  1. Channel shape; having 6 mm (1/4 inch) internal depth.
  2. Shore a hardness of 80 to 90 Durometer.
  3. Block lengths: 50 mm (two inches) except 100 to 150 mm (four to six inches) for insulating glass.
  4. Block width: Approximately 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) less than the full width of the rabbet.
  5. Block thickness: Minimum 4.8 mm (3/16 inch). Thickness sized for rabbet depth as required.
- C. Spacers: ASTM C864:
  1. Channel shape having a 6 mm (1/4 inch) internal depth.
  2. Flanges not less 2.4 mm (3/32 inch) thick and web 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.

3. Lengths: One to 25 to 76 mm (one to three inches).
  4. Shore a hardness of 40 to 50 Durometer.
- D. Sealing Tapes:
1. Semi-solid polymeric based material exhibiting pressure-sensitive adhesion and withstanding exposure to sunlight, moisture, heat, cold, and aging.
  2. Shape, size and degree of softness and strength suitable for use in glazing application to prevent water infiltration.
- E. Spring Steel Spacer: Galvanized steel wire or strip designed to position glazing in channel or rabbeted sash with stops.
- F. Glazing Clips: Galvanized steel spring wire designed to hold glass in position in rabbeted sash without stops.
- G. Glazing Gaskets: ASTM C864:
1. Firm dense wedge shape for locking in sash.
  2. Soft, closed cell with locking key for sash key.
  3. Flanges may terminate above the glazing beads or terminate flush with top of beads.
- HI. Lock Strip Glazing Gaskets: ASTM C542, shape, size, and mounting as indicated.
- I. Glazing Sealants: ASTM C920, silicone neutral cure:
1. Type S.
  2. Class 25
  3. Grade NS.
  4. Shore A hardness of 25 to 30 Durometer.
- J. Structural Sealant: ASTM C920, silicone acetoxycure:
1. Type S.
  2. Class 25.
  3. Grade NS.
  4. Shore a hardness of 25 to 30 Durometer.
- K. Neoprene, EPDM, or Vinyl Glazing Gasket: ASTM C864.
1. Channel shape; flanges may terminate above the glazing channel or flush with the top of the channel.
  2. Designed for dry glazing.
- L. Color:
1. Color of glazing compounds, gaskets, and sealants used for aluminum color frames shall match color of the finished aluminum and be nonstaining.

2. Color of other glazing compounds, gaskets, and sealants which will be exposed in the finished work and unpainted shall be black, gray, or neutral color.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### **3.1 EXAMINATION**

- A. Verification of Conditions:
  1. Examine openings for glass and glazing units; determine they are proper size; plumb; square; and level before installation is started.
  2. Verify that glazing openings conform to details; dimensions and tolerances indicated on manufacturer's approved shop drawings.
- B. Advise Contractor of conditions which may adversely affect glass and glazing unit installation, prior to commencement of installation: Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### **3.2 PREPARATION**

- A. For sealant glazing, prepare glazing surfaces in accordance with GANA-02 Sealant Manual.
- B. Determine glazing unit size and edge clearances by measuring the actual unit to receive the glazing.
- C. Shop fabricate and cut glass with smooth, straight edges of full size required by openings to provide GANA recommended edge clearances.
- D. Verify that components used are compatible.
- E. Clean and dry glazing surfaces.
- F. Prime surfaces scheduled to receive sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.

### **3.3 INSTALLATION - GENERAL**

- A. Install in accordance with GANA-01 Glazing Manual and GANA-02 Sealant Manual unless specified otherwise.
- B. Glaze in accordance with recommendations of glazing and framing manufacturers, and as required to meet the Performance Test Requirements specified in other applicable sections of specifications.
- C. Set glazing without bending, twisting, or forcing of units.
- D. Do not allow glass to rest on or contact any framing member.
- E. Glaze operable sash, in a securely fixed or closed and locked position, until sealant, glazing compound, or putty has thoroughly set.



- F. Tempered Glass: Install with roller distortions in horizontal position unless otherwise directed.
- G. Laminated Glass:
  - 1. Tape edges to seal interlayer and protect from glazing sealants.
  - 2. Do not use putty or glazing compounds.
- H. Insulating Glass Units:
  - 1. Glaze in compliance with glass manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. When glazing gaskets are used, they shall be of sufficient size and depth to cover glass seal or metal channel frame completely.
  - 3. Do not use putty or glazing compounds.
  - 4. Do not grind, nip, cut, or otherwise alter edges and corners of fused glass units after shipping from factory.

### **3.4 INSTALLATION - WET/DRY METHOD (PREFORMED TAPE AND SEALANT)**

- A. Cut glazing tape to length and set against permanent stops, 5 mm (3/16 inch) below sight line. Seal corners by butting tape and dabbing with butyl sealant.
- B. Apply heel bead of butyl sealant along intersection of permanent stop with frame ensuring full perimeter seal between glass and frame to complete the continuity of the air and vapor seal.
- C. Place setting blocks at 1/8 points with edge block no more than 150 mm (6 inches) from corners.
- D. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against tape and heel bead of sealant with sufficient pressure to achieve full contact at perimeter of pane or glass unit.
- E. Install removable stops, with spacer strips inserted between glazing and applied stops, 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line. Place glazing tape on glazing pane or unit with tape flush with sight line.
- F. Fill gap between glazing and stop with sealant to depth equal to bite of frame on glazing, but not more than 9 mm (3/8 inch) below sight line.
- G. Apply cap bead of sealant along void between the stop and the glazing, to uniform line, flush with sight line. Tool or wipe sealant surface smooth.

### **3.5 INSTALLATION - WET METHOD (SEALANT AND SEALANT)**

- A. Place setting blocks at 1/8 points and install glazing pane or unit.
- B. Install removable stops with glazing centered in space by inserting spacer shims both sides at 600 mm (24 inch) intervals, 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line.

- C. Fill gaps between glazing and stops with sealant to depth of bite on glazing, but not more than 9 mm (3/8 inch) below sight line to ensure full contact with glazing and continue the air and vapor seal.
- D. Apply sealant to uniform line, flush with sight line. Tool or wipe sealant surface smooth.

### **3.6 INSTALLATION - EXTERIOR BUTT GLAZED METHOD (SEALANT ONLY)**

- A. Temporarily brace glass in position for duration of glazing process. Mask edges of glass at adjoining glass edges and between glass edges and framing members.
- B. Temporarily secure a small diameter non-adhering foamed rod on back side of joint.
- C. Apply sealant to open side of joint in continuous operation; thoroughly fill the joint without displacing the foam rod. Tool the sealant surface smooth to concave profile.
- D. Permit sealant to cure then remove foam backer rod. Apply sealant to opposite side, tool smooth to concave profile.
- E. Remove masking tape.

### **3.7 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR WET/DRY METHOD (TAPE AND SEALANT)**

- A. Cut glazing tape to length and install against permanent stops, projecting 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) above sight line.
- B. Place setting blocks at 1/8 points with edge block no more than 150 mm (6 inches) from corners.
- C. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against tape to ensure full contact at perimeter of pane or unit.
- D. Install removable stops, spacer shims inserted between glazing and applied stops at 600 mm (24 inch) intervals, 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line.
- E. Fill gaps between pane and applied stop with sealant to depth equal to bite on glazing, to uniform and level line.
- F. Trim protruding tape edge.

### **3.8 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR WET METHOD (COMPOUND AND COMPOUND)**

- A. Install glazing resting on setting blocks. Install applied stop and center pane by use of spacer shims at 600 mm (24 inch) centers, kept 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line.
- B. Locate and secure glazing pane using glazers' clips.
- C. Fill gaps between glazing and stops with glazing compound until flush with sight line. Tool surface to straight line.

### **3.9 REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING**

- A. Clean new glass surfaces removing temporary labels, paint spots, and defacement after approval by COTR.

- B. Replace cracked, broken, and imperfect glass, or glass which has been installed improperly.
- C. Leave glass, putty, and other setting material in clean, whole, and acceptable condition.

### **3.10 PROTECTION**

Protect finished surfaces from damage during erection, and after completion of work.

Strippable plastic coatings on colored anodized finish are not acceptable.

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