

**SECTION 08 80 00**  
**GLAZING**

**PART 1 - GENERAL**

**1.1 DESCRIPTION:**

- A. This section specifies the following:
  - 1. Glass.
  - 2. Glazing materials and accessories for both factory and field glazed assemblies.

**1.2 RELATED WORK:**

- A. Sustainable Design Requirements: Section 01 81 13, SUSTAINABLE CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS.
- B. Factory glazed by manufacturer in following units:
  - 1. Section 08 51 03, STEEL WINDOWS.

**1.3 LABELS:**

- A. Temporary labels:
  - 1. Provide temporary label on each light of glass and plastic material identifying manufacturer or brand and glass type, quality and nominal thickness.
  - 2. Label in accordance with NFRC label requirements.
  - 3. Temporary labels are to remain intact until glass and plastic material is approved by Contracting Officer Representative (COR).
- B. Permanent labels:
  - 1. Locate in corner for each pane.
  - 2. Label in accordance with ANSI Z97.1 and SGCC label requirements.
    - a. Tempered glass.
    - b. Laminated glass or have certificate for panes without permanent label.
    - c. Organic coated glass.
  - 3. Bullet resistance glass or plastic assemblies:
    - a. Bullet resistance glass or plastic assemblies in accordance with UL 752 requirements for power rating specified.
    - b. Identify each security glazing permanently with glazing manufacturer's name, date of manufacture, product number, and DOS Code number inconspicuously located in lower corner on protective side and visible after glazing is framed.

c. The "attack (threat) side" is to be identified in bold lettering on each side of glazing with removable label.

4. Fire rated glazing assemblies: Mark in accordance with IBC.

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS:

- A. General: Design glazing system consistent with guidance and practices presented in the GANA Glazing Manual, GANA Laminated Glazing Manual, and GANA Sealant Manual, as applicable to project. Installed glazing is to withstand applied loads, thermal stresses, thermal movements, building movements, permitted tolerances, and combinations of these conditions without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to defective manufacture, fabrication, or installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; unsafe engagement of the framing system; deflections beyond specified limits; or other defects in construction.
- B. Glazing Unit Design: Design glass, including engineering analysis meeting requirements of authorities having jurisdiction. Thicknesses listed are minimum. Coordinate thicknesses with framing system manufacturers.
1. Design glass in accordance with ASTM E1300, and for conditions beyond the scope of ASTM E1300, by a properly substantiated structural analysis.
  2. Design Wind Pressures: In accordance with applicable code.
  3. Wind Design Data: In accordance with applicable code.
  4. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For glass supported on all four edges, limit center-of-glass deflection at design wind pressure to not more than the structural capacity of the glazing unit, the threshold at which frame engagement is no longer safely assured, 1/100 times the short-side length, or 19 mm (0.75 inch), whichever is less.

#### 1.5 SUBMITTALS:

- A. In accordance with Section 01 33 23, SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES.
- B. Sustainable Design Submittals, as described below:
1. Volatile organic compounds per volume as specified in PART 2 - PRODUCTS.
- C. Manufacturer Warranty.
- D. Manufacturer's Literature and Data:
1. Glass, each kind required.
  2. Transparent (one-way vision glass) mirrors.
  3. Elastic compound for metal sash glazing.

4. Putty, for wood sash glazing.
  5. Glazing cushion.
  6. Sealing compound.
  7. Plastic glazing material, each type required.
- E. Samples:
1. Size: 305 mm by 305 mm (12 inches by 12 inches).
- F. Preconstruction Adhesion and Compatibility Test Report: Submit glazing sealant manufacturer's test report indicating glazing sealants were tested for adhesion to glass and glazing channel substrates and for compatibility with glass and other glazing materials.

**1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING:**

- A. Delivery: Schedule delivery to coincide with glazing schedules so minimum handling of crates is required. Do not open crates except as required for inspection for shipping damage.
- B. Storage: Store cases according to printed instructions on case, in areas least subject to traffic or falling objects. Keep storage area clean and dry.
- C. Handling: Unpack cases following printed instructions on case. Stack individual windows on edge leaned slightly against upright supports with separators between each.
1. Temporary protections: The glass front and polycarbonate back of glazing are to be temporarily protected with compatible, peelable, heat-resistant film which will be peeled for inspections and re-applied and finally removed after doors and windows are installed at destination. Since many adhesives will attack polycarbonate, the film used on exposed polycarbonate surfaces is to be approved and applied by manufacturer.
  2. Edge protection: To cushion and protect glass clad, and polycarbonate edges from contamination or foreign matter, the four (4) edges are to be sealed the depth of glazing with continuous standard-thickness thermoplastic rubber tape. Alternatively, continuous channel shaped extrusion of thermoplastic rubber are to be used, with flanges extending into face sides of glazing.

**1.7 PROJECT CONDITIONS:**

- A. Field Measurements: Field measure openings before ordering tempered glass products to assure for proper fit of field measured products.

**1.8 WARRANTY:**

- A. Construction Warranty: Comply with the FAR clause 52.246-21 "Warranty of Construction".

**1.9 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS:**

- A. Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in text by basic designation only.
- B. American Architectural Manufacturers Association (AAMA):
  - 800.....Test Methods for Sealants
  - 810.1-77.....Expanded Cellular Glazing Tape
- C. American National Standards Institute (ANSI):
  - Z97.1-14 .....Safety Glazing Material Used in Building - Safety Performance Specifications and Methods of Test
- D. American Society of Civil Engineers (ASCE):
  - 7-10.....Wind Load Provisions
- E. ASTM International (ASTM):
  - C542-05(R2011) .....Lock-Strip Gaskets
  - C716-06 .....Installing Lock-Strip Gaskets and Infill Glazing Materials
  - C794-10 .....Adhesion-in-Peel of Elastomeric Joint Sealants
  - C864-05(R2011) .....Dense Elastomeric Compression Seal Gaskets, Setting Blocks, and Spacers
  - C920-14a .....Elastomeric Joint Sealants
  - C964-07(R2012) .....Standard Guide for Lock-Strip Gasket Glazing
  - C1036-11(R2012) ...Flat Glass
  - C1048-12 .....Heat-Treated Flat Glass-Kind HS, Kind FT Coated and Uncoated Glass.
  - C1172-14 .....Laminated Architectural Flat Glass
  - C1349-10 .....Standard Specification for Architectural Flat Glass Clad Polycarbonate
  - C1376-10 .....Pyrolytic and Vacuum Deposition Coatings on Flat Glass
  - D635-10 .....Rate of Burning and/or Extent and Time of Burning of Self-Supporting Plastic in a Horizontal Position
  - D4802-10 .....Poly (Methyl Methacrylate) Acrylic Plastic Sheet
  - E84-14 .....Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials
  - E119-14 .....Standard Test Methods for Fire Test of Building Construction and Material
  - E1300-12a .....Load Resistance of Glass in Buildings

- E1886-13a .....Standard Test Method for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Missile(s) and Exposed to Cyclic Pressure Differentials
- E1996-14a .....Standard Specification for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Windborne Debris in Hurricanes
- E2141-12 .....Test Methods for Assessing the Durability of Absorptive Electrochromic Coatings on Sealed Insulating Glass Units
- E2190-10 .....Insulating Glass Unit
- E2240-06 .....Test Method for Assessing the Current-Voltage Cycling Stability at 90 Degree C (194 Degree F) of Absorptive Electrochromic Coatings on Sealed Insulating Glass Units
- E2241-06 .....Test Method for Assessing the Current-Voltage Cycling Stability at Room Temperature of Absorptive Electrochromic Coatings on Sealed Insulating Glass Units
- E2354-10 .....Assessing the Durability of Absorptive Electrochromic Coatings within Sealed Insulating Glass Units
- E2355-10 .....Test Method for Measuring the Visible Light Transmission Uniformity of an Absorptive Electrochromic Coating on a Glazing Surface
- F1233-08 .....Standard Test Method for Security Glazing Materials and Systems
- F1642-12 .....Test Method for Glazing and Glazing Systems Subject to Airblast Loadings
- F. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR):
  - 16 CFR 1201-10 .....Safety Standard for Architectural Glazing Materials
- G. Glass Association of North America (GANA):
  - 2010 Edition .....GANA Glazing Manual
  - 2008 Edition .....GANA Sealant Manual
  - 2009 Edition .....GANA Laminated Glazing Reference Manual
  - 2010 Edition .....GANA Protective Glazing Reference Manual
- H. International Code Council (ICC):
  - IBC .....International Building Code

- I. Insulating Glass Certification Council (IGCC)
- J. Insulating Glass Manufacturer Alliance (IGMA):
  - TB-3001-13.....Guidelines for Sloped Glazing
  - TM-3000 .....North American Glazing Guidelines for Sealed Insulating Glass Units for Commercial and Residential Use
- K. Intertek Testing Services – Warnock Hersey (ITS-WHI)
- L. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA):
  - 80-16.....Fire Doors and Windows
  - 252-12.....Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
  - 257-12.....Standard on Fire Test for Window and Glass Block Assemblies
- M. National Fenestration Rating Council (NFRC)
- N. Safety Glazing Certification Council (SGCC) 2012: Certified Products Directory (Issued Semi-Annually).
- O. Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL):
  - 9-08(R2009).....Fire Tests of Window Assemblies
  - 263-14.....Fire Tests of Building Construction and Materials
  - 752-11.....Bullet-Resisting Equipment.
- P. Unified Facilities Criteria (UFC):
  - 4-010-01-03(R2007) .... DOD Minimum Antiterrorism Standards for Buildings
- Q. U.S. Veterans Administration:
  - Physical Security Design Manual for VA Facilities (VAPSDG); Life Safety Protected
  - Physical Security Design Manual for VA Facilities (VAPSDG); Mission Critical Facilities
  - Architectural Design Manual for VA Facilities (VASDM)
- R. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA):
  - 40 CFR 59(2014) ....National Volatile Organic Compound Emission Standards for Consumer and Commercial Products

## **PART 2 - PRODUCT**

### **2.1 GLASS:**

- A. Provide minimum thickness stated and as additionally required to meet performance requirements.

1. Provide minimum 6 mm (1/4 inch) thick glass units unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Obtain glass units from single source from single manufacturer for each glass type.
- C. Clear Glass:
  1. ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3.
- D. Ultra-clear-Low-Iron Float Glass:
  1. ASTM C1036, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3 and with visible light transmission of not less than 90 percent.

## 2.2 HEAT-TREATED GLASS:

- A. Roller Wave Limits for Heat-Treated Glass: Orient all roller wave distortion parallel to bottom surface of glazing, and provide units complying with the following limitations:
  1. Measurement Parallel to Line: Maximum peak to valley 0.203 mm (0.008 inch).
  2. Measurement Perpendicular to Line: Maximum 0.0254 mm (0.001 inch).
  3. Bow/Warp: Maximum 50 percent of bow and warp allowed by ASTM C1048.
- B. Clear Heat Strengthened Glass:
  1. ASTM C1048, Kind HS, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3.
- C. Tinted Heat Strengthened Glass:
  1. ASTM C1048, Kind HS, Condition A, Type I, Class 2, Quality q3.
- D. Clear Tempered Glass:
  1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 1, Quality q3.
- E. Tinted Tempered Glass:
  1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Condition A, Type I, Class 2, Quality q3.
- F. Tempered Patterned Glass:
  1. ASTM C1048, Kind FT, Type II, Class 1, Form 3, finish, pattern and quality as indicated in construction documents scheduled.

## 2.3 PLASTIC GLAZING:

- A. Clear Polycarbonate Sheet:
  1. ASTM C1349, Appendix X1, Type II, (coated mar-resistant, UV stabilized), with coating on both sides. Flame spread of 10 or less when tested per ASTM E84.
  2. Thickness, as indicated in construction documents.

## 2.4 GLAZING ACCESSORIES:

- A. As required to supplement the accessories provided with the items to be glazed and to provide a complete installation. Ferrous metal accessories exposed in the finished work are to have a finish that will not corrode or stain while in service. Fire rated glazing to be installed with glazing accessories in accordance with the manufacturer's installation instructions.
- B. Setting Blocks: ASTM C864:
  - 1. Silicone type.
  - 2. Channel shape; having 6 mm (1/4 inch) internal depth.
  - 3. Shore A hardness of 80 to 90 Durometer.
  - 4. Block lengths: 50 mm (2 inches) except 100 to 150 mm (4 to 6 inches) for insulating glass.
  - 5. Block width: Approximately 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) less than the full width of the rabbet.
  - 6. Block thickness: Minimum 4.8 mm (3/16 inch). Thickness sized for rabbet depth as required.
- C. Spacers: ASTM C864:
  - 1. Channel shape having a 6 mm (1/4 inch) internal depth.
  - 2. Flanges not less 2.4 mm (3/32 inch) thick and web 3 mm (1/8 inch) thick.
  - 3. Lengths: 25 to 76 mm (1 to 3 inches).
  - 4. Shore A hardness of 40 to 50 Durometer.
- D. Glazing Tapes:
  - 1. Semi-solid polymeric based closed cell material exhibiting pressure-sensitive adhesion and withstanding exposure to sunlight, moisture, heat, cold, and aging.
  - 2. Shape, size and degree of softness and strength suitable for use in glazing application to prevent water infiltration.
  - 3. Complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
    - a. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
    - b. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.
- E. Spring Steel Spacer: Galvanized steel wire or strip designed to position glazing in channel or rabbeted sash with stops.

- F. Glazing Clips: Galvanized steel spring wire designed to hold glass in position in rabbeted sash without stops.
- G. Glazing Points (Sprigs): Pure zinc stock, thin, flat, triangular or diamond shaped pieces, 6 mm (1/4 inch) minimum size.
- H. Glazing Gaskets: ASTM C864:
  - 1. Firm dense wedge shape for locking in sash.
  - 2. Soft, closed cell with locking key for sash key.
  - 3. Flanges may terminate above the glazing-beads or terminate flush with top of beads.
- I. Lock-Strip Glazing Gaskets: ASTM C542, shape, size, and mounting as indicated.
- J. Glazing Sealants: ASTM C920, silicone neutral cure:
  - 1. Type S.
  - 2. Class 25 or 50 as recommended by manufacturer for application.
  - 3. Grade NS.
  - 4. Shore A hardness of 25 to 30 Durometer.
  - 5. VOC Content: For sealants used inside the weatherproofing system, not more than 250 g/L or less when calculating according to 40 CFR 59.
- K. Structural Sealant: ASTM C920, silicone acetoxo cure:
  - 1. Type S.
  - 2. Class 25.
  - 3. Grade NS.
  - 4. Shore a hardness of 25 to 30 Durometer.
- L. Neoprene, EPDM, or Vinyl Glazing Gasket: ASTM C864.
  - 1. Channel shape; flanges may terminate above the glazing channel or flush with the top of the channel.
  - 2. Designed for dry glazing.
- M. Color:
  - 1. Color of glazing compounds, gaskets, and sealants used for aluminum color frames to match color of the finished aluminum and be nonstaining.
  - 2. Color of other glazing compounds, gaskets, and sealants which will be exposed in the finished work and unpainted are to be black, gray, or neutral color.

- N. Smoke Removal Unit Targets: Adhesive targets affixed to glass to identify glass units intended for removal for smoke control. Comply with requirements of local Fire Department.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### **3.1 EXAMINATION:**

- A. Verification of Conditions:
  - 1. Examine openings for glass and glazing units; determine they are proper size; plumb; square; and level before installation is started.
  - 2. Verify that glazing openings conform with details, dimensions and tolerances indicated on manufacturer is approved shop drawings.
- B. Review for conditions which may adversely affect glass and glazing unit installation, prior to commencement of installation. Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- C. Verify that wash down of adjacent masonry is completed prior to erection of glass and glazing units.

#### **3.2 PREPARATION:**

- A. For sealant glazing, prepare glazing surfaces in accordance with GANA Sealant Manual.
- B. Determine glazing unit size and edge clearances by measuring the actual unit to receive the glazing.
- C. Shop fabricate and cut glass with smooth, straight edges of full size required by openings to provide GANA recommended edge clearances.
- D. Verify that components used are compatible.
- E. Clean and dry glazing surfaces.
- F. Prime surfaces scheduled to receive sealants, as determined by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing.

#### **3.3 INSTALLATION – GENERAL:**

- A. Install in accordance with GANA Glazing Manual, GANA Sealant Manual, IGMA TB-3001, and IGMA TM-3000 unless specified otherwise.
- B. Glaze in accordance with recommendations of glazing and framing manufacturers, and as required to meet the Performance Test Requirements specified in other applicable sections of specifications.
- C. Set glazing without bending, twisting, or forcing of units.
- D. Do not allow glass to rest on or contact any framing member.
- E. Plastic:
  - 1. Use dry glazing method.
  - 2. Use only neoprene or EPDM gaskets.

- F. Laminated Glass:
  - 1. Tape edges to seal interlayer and protect from glazing sealants.
  - 2. Do not use putty or glazing compounds.

### **3.4 INSTALLATION - DRY METHOD (TAPE AND GASKET SPLINE GLAZING):**

- A. Cut glazing tape to length; install on glazing pane. Seal corners by butting and sealing junctions with butyl sealant.
- B. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 150 mm (6 inches) from corners.
- C. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against fixed stop with sufficient pressure to attain full contact.
- D. Install removable stops without displacing glazing spline. Exert pressure for full continuous contact.
- E. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- F. Trim protruding tape edge.

### **3.5 INSTALLATION - WET/DRY METHOD (PREFORMED TAPE AND SEALANT)**

- A. Cut glazing tape to length and set against permanent stops, 5 mm (3/16 inch) below sight line. Seal corners by butting tape and dabbing with butyl sealant.
- B. Apply heel bead of butyl sealant along intersection of permanent stop with frame ensuring full perimeter seal between glass and frame to complete the continuity of the air and vapor seal.
- C. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 152 mm (6 inches) from corners.
- D. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against tape and heel bead of sealant with sufficient pressure to achieve full contact at perimeter of pane or glass unit.
- E. Install removable stops, with spacer strips inserted between glazing and applied stops, 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line. Place glazing tape on glazing pane or unit with tape flush with sight line.
- F. Fill gap between glazing and stop with sealant to depth equal to bite of frame on glazing, but not more than 9 mm (3/8 inch) below sight line. Sealant type is to be compatible with glazing tape.
- G. Apply cap bead of sealant along void between the stop and the glazing, to uniform line, flush with sight line. Tool or wipe sealant surface smooth.

### **3.6 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR WET/DRY METHOD (TAPE AND SEALANT):**

- A. Cut glazing tape to length and install against permanent stops, projecting 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) above sight line.

- B. Place setting blocks at 1/4 points with edge block no more than 150 mm (6 inches) from corners.
- C. Rest glazing on setting blocks and push against tape to ensure full contact at perimeter of pane or unit.
- D. Install removable stops, spacer shims inserted between glazing and applied stops at 600 mm (24 inch) intervals, 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line.
- E. Fill gaps between pane and applied stop with sealant to depth equal to bite on glazing, to uniform and level line. Sealant type is to be compatible with glazing tape.
- F. Trim protruding tape edge.

### **3.7 INSTALLATION - INTERIOR WET METHOD (COMPOUND AND COMPOUND):**

- A. Install glazing resting on setting blocks. Install applied stop and center pane by use of spacer shims at 600 mm (24 inch) centers, kept 6 mm (1/4 inch) below sight line.
- B. Locate and secure glazing pane using glazers' clips.
- C. Fill gaps between glazing and stops with glazing compound until flush with sight line. Tool surface to straight line.

### **3.8 REPLACEMENT AND CLEANING:**

- A. Clean new glass surfaces removing temporary labels, paint spots, and defacement after approval by COR.
- B. Replace cracked, broken, and imperfect glass, or glass which has been installed improperly.
- C. Leave glass, putty, and other setting material in clean, whole, and acceptable condition.

### **3.9 PROTECTION:**

- A. Protect finished surfaces from damage during erection, and after completion of work. Strippable plastic coatings on colored anodized finish are not acceptable.

### **3.10 MONOLITHIC GLASS SCHEDULE:**

- A. A. Glass Type MG#: Clear fully tempered float glass.
  - 1. Unit Thickness: 6 mm (0.23 inch).
  - 2. Safety glazing label required.

### **3.11 LAMINATED GLASS SCHEDULE:**

- A. Glass Type LG#: Clear laminated glass with two (2) lites of fully tempered float glass.
  - 1. Minimum Thickness of Each Glass Lite: 3 mm (0.12 inch).

2. Interlayer Thickness: 1.52 mm (0.060 inch).
3. Safety glazing label required.
4. Application: Interior glazing of units unless otherwise scheduled.

**END OF SECTION 08 80 00**